The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,201 New Series. DAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1888.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.—Once a fortnight.
BOMBAY TO BRINDISI & LONDON.—Once a week.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

NEW ACCELERATED THROUGH MAIL SERVICE *VIA* THE CANAL.
NO EGYPTIAN RAILWAY JOURNEY.

COMMENCING with the 27th January, from Bombay, and weekly thereafter, the Company's Mail Steamers will proceed to London through the Canal, calling alternately at Brindisi and Marseilles *en route*. On the Marseilles Week the mails will be transferred at Port Said to another Steamer leaving for Brindisi, and Passengers preferring that route can transfer to that Steamer also.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
L. RAVENNA	5372	700	A. B. Daniell	13th Jan.
*ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	20th "
B. L. MIRZAPORE	3857	600	R. Harvey	27th "
†B. L. CATHAY	2933	500	M. de Horne	3rd Feb.
B. L. SUTLEJ	4191	800	W. Worcester	10th "
*SIAM	3040	500	H. Weighell	17th "
B. L. PESHAWUR	3900	650	W. A. Wheler	24th "
M. L. COROMANDEL	4156	800	L. Reeves	2nd Mar.
B. L. BALLARAT	4752	900	E. Ashdown	9th "
M. L. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	16th "
B. L. BENGAL	4509	800	W. B. Andrews	23rd "
M. L. PEKIN	3901	650	A. Symons	30th "
B. L. CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	6th April.
M. L. ROSETTA	3524	700	G. W. Brady	13th "
B. L. GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	20th "
M. L. SUTLEJ	4124	800	W. D. Worcester	27th "
B. L. PESHAWUR	3900	600	W. A. Wheler	4th May

The steamers marked L proceed to London via Malta, Gibraltar, and Plymouth. Those marked B L to Brindisi and thence to London, and those marked M L to Marseilles and London.

*These vessels proceed to Suez only, passengers transhipping at that port for Marseilles, Brindisi, and London.

†By this vessel passengers for Marseilles tranship a Suez.

The direct Brindisi steamers will call at Malta, Plymouth, and London, and the direct Marseilles steamers at Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	On or about
BALLAARAT	4752	900	E. Ashdown	23rd Dec.
BENGAL	4509	800	W. B. Andrews	6th Jan.
CLYDE	4124	800	E. M. Edmond	20th "
GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	3rd Feb.

The steamer Siam and Assam have just been refitted their Second Saloon accommodation much improved by the addition of two berth cabins and other conveniences for the greater comfort of passengers. The Electric light has been fitted throughout.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.
Bombay, Jan. 1, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles leaveship at Genoa.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates to Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	4st Feb. 20th March.
D. RALDINO	5,001	800	20th Feb. 10th April.
MANILLA	5,000	800	10th March 1st May.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, A SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
HORMIDA ...	On the 28th Jan. 1888.
BISAGNO	" 18th Feb. 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jan. 10, 1888

[AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
ELEKTRA	P. Mersa	4,200	600 7th Feb.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lewesich	4,600	650 7th March.
ITANIA	M Garofolich	4,200	600 7th April.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE.

TIMAVO	T. Rassevich	26th Jan.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	25th Feb.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class. Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300 Rs. 170

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey om Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H. P.	To sail 1888
MPHITRITE	L. Lemesich	4,600 650	14th Jan.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 60, Church Gate Street,
Bombay, Jan. 2, 1888.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	To Sail about
CLAN GRAHAM	3,000	J. Alexanderson	12 Jan. 1888.

Passages can be booked through to London (Overland from Marseilles) by this steamer.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	To Sail about
* "CLAN MONROE"	2,200	Jones	20 Jan. 1888.

These Steamers are fitted with every requisite for comfort. For particulars as to rates of passage money, &c, Apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 4th Jan, 1888.

* This steamer carries neither Surgeon or Stewardess assages granted at reduced rates.

NOTICE.

S. S. "FLAMBRO."

THE s.s. "FLAMBRO" has arrived from MIDDLESBRO' and is discharging in the stream. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS OF LADING, accompanied by DELIVERY ORDER, for countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.

All damaged Goods must be surveyed before removal from the Ship's deck, and no claim will be entertained after the departure of the Steamer

CURSETJEE & EDULJEE,
Agents s. s. "Flambro."
Bombay, 10th January, 1888.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, RUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 13th January, 1888, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvi, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on MONDAY, 16th January (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Bascrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "GOALPARA," 2,114 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 11th January, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,496 tons, on THURSDAY, the 26th January, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on FRIDAY, 20th January, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 10th Jan., 1888. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRESSING CASES.

MOST USEFUL.

XMAS PRESENTS for Gentlemen, suitable for DISTRICT, CAMP, SHIPBOARD, OR HOME USE.

The Stock comprises the following Specialities:—

No. 1.—Containing Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Comb, Soap Box, Razor, Razor Strop, Shaving Brush and Scissors, secured with Strap and Buckle, size about 8½ by 3½ by 2. Rs. 13.

No. 2.—Containing Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Comb, Soap Box, Razor, Razor Strop, Shaving Brush and Scissors, secured with Lock and Key, size 8½ by 3½ by 2. Rs. 14.

No. 3.—Containing Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Comb, Soap Box, 2 Razors and Razor Strop, Shaving Brush, Scissors, Tweezers, Penknife, Nail Trimmer, Shaving Mirror, secured by Lock and Key, size about 9 by 6 by 2. Rs. 21.

No. 4.—Containing 2 Electro-plated Mounted Brushes, Hair, Tooth, and Nail Brushes, Shaving Brush, Scissors, Stiletto, Button Hook, Nail Trimmer, Comb, Mirror, 2 Razors, Razor Strop, Tweezers, &c., secured with Lock and Key, size about 10 by 6½ by 2½. Rs. 30.

GENTS' DRESSING CASES, made in best quality Morocco Leather, fitted with Hair, Clothes, and Tooth Brushes, Bottles, with best Electro-plated Mounts, Comb, Razor Strop, Razors, Mirror, Nail, Tooth and Shaving Brushes, Soap and Toothbrush, cases secured with Lock and Key, size about 8 by 5 by 3. Rs. 60.

GENTS' DRESSING CASES, made in best quality Leather, in Imitation Crocodile Hide, containing Bottles for Soap, Perfume, and Shaving. Tooth and Nail Brushes, Hat or Clothes Brush, Hair Brush, Comb, Mirror, Razor, Scissors, Nail File, Button Hook, &c., secured with Lock and Key, size about 11 by 8 by 2½. Rs. 54.

GENTS' DRESSING CASES, in Dark Brown Russia grained Morocco, containing Bottles for Soap, Perfume, and Shaving, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Hair Brush, Clothes Brush, Hair Brush and Comb, Razor, Razor Strop, Scissors, Nail File, Tweezers, Button Hook, Blotting Book with Pen and Pencil, &c., secured with Lock and Key, size about 10 by 8 by 3. Rs. 54.

GENTS' DRESSING CASES in a variety of designs, in Morocco and other Superior Leathers. From Rs. 31-8 to Rs. 65 each.

GENTS' DRESSING BAGS, in many new designs, fitted with Electro-plated or Solid Silver Mounted Bottles, &c. From Rs. 90 to Rs. 500 each.

COURIER BAGS,
HAND OR BRIEF BAGS,
GLADSTONE BAGS, "Fitted,"
GLADSTONE BAGS, Empty.
TRAVELLING BAGS, &c.
EVERY REQUISITE FOR TRAVELLERS.

TREACHER & Co., Limited
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HELMETS, HATS, &c.

NEW STOCK.
LATEST LONDON FASHION.
NEW COLOURS.
BEST VALUE.

Regulation Helmets, covered White Doe, Silk lined, light and pliable, very best quality, each
Ellwood's Patent Air Chamber Helmets, Double Felt, inside soft and yielding, light and comfortable, great protection from sun.....each
Do. do. do. do. do. smaller size for Ladies' wear.....each
The "Tuson" Double Brim Air Chamber Helmets, Drab Felt, light and cool, excellent protection .....each
Ellwood's Universal Sun Hats, covered finest White Drill, green lined .....each
Ellwood's Shikar Hats, covered strong brown Drill, the best Hat for district use.....each
Treacher's Drab Felt Double Air Chamber "Pukkajab" Sun Hats, with bulge, the latest shape, made expressly by Ellwood & Sons, price each
Treacher's Drab Felt Shikar or Riding Hats, Double Air Chamber, very light and durable, price .....each
Andre's Double Terai Hats, new shapes, in Drab Felt .....each
Gent's Double Drab Terai Hats, good quality, each .....each
Felt Hats for Evening wear, all the newest shapes
extra light for India.
Black Felt, Hard Round Crown, medium, brim each
Do. do. Square do. do.
Dark brown do. Round Crown
Light brown do. do. do.
Do. Grey Felt, Hats Hard Round Crown
Soft Tweed Hats, all new patterns & shapes
"Deerstalker" Travelling Caps in large variety each.....from Rs. 2-8 to

Gilt Spikes and Chains for Military Helmets, Uniform Cases, Helmet Cases, Trunks, Bags and Portmanteaux.

COLD WEATHER UNDER CLOTHING
Cholera Belts,
ALL WOOL RUGS AND MAUDS.
&c. &c.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

TREACHER & Co., Limited
HATTERS, HOSIERS, AND GLOVERS.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KEMP & COMPANY, Limited.

CHEMISTS, ANALYSTS,
IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF
ANALYTICAL BALANCES
HYDROMETERS, BAROMETERS
CHEMICAL THERMOMETERS,
ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOM

CARBOLIZED PEAT,

THE NEW
DISINFECTING POWDER

For the Bath-room, Stables, Sewers, Drains

THIS Powder consists of dried and finely peat incorporated with pure carbolic is introduced with a view of superseding infecting powders made with lime and other bases, over which it has immense advantage in itself has considerable antiseptic power, and of the greatest absorbers of ammonia and known.

Per Tin, 8 as. Per Cwt., Rs. 12.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMB

ENGLISH SADDLERY.

FROM THE WELL-KNOWN FIRM OF
ASHFORD AND WINDER.

	Rs. a.
Single 1" rein, covered or plated steel buckles	6 8
With Snaffle Bit complete	12 8
Double, ½" and ½" reins	9 8
Complete with Pelham Bit	17 0
Weymouth, ½" and ½" reins, covered steel buckles	10 0
Complete with Curb and Bradoon Bit	18 0
Pony, ½" rein, covered steel buckles with nose bands	6 8
Complete with Bit	10 8
Bush or Australian	8 0
Watering	4 8
Carrago Nose Bands	5 0
REINS—Single plated steel or brass buckle	10 0
Do. Double, from Rs. 12 to	35 0
Gig, various patterns from	6 8
Carriage, do. "	8 0
Ring Snaffle, twisted bar "	4 0
Shanks from	5 8
Pelham "	7 8
Hanoverian Pelham "	12 0
Liverpool "	10 0
Curb and Weymouth "	6 8
Hunting Bradoon "	2 4
For Polo "	8 0
HALTERS, round, leather covered buckles, nickelled rings from	4 12
Flat do. "	3 0
Head wool, tinned buckles per pair	4 8
do. Fancy "	4 0
Head Cord each	4 0
Raw Hide "	5 0
Regulation Blue per pair	5 4
Combined, Fitz William or Melton Blue, Fawn from Rs. 6-8 to	9 0
Body Box from	6 0
Do. Jack "	6 4
Bridling "	5 0
Do. "	4 12
Do. "	3 0
Skeleton with boxes "	4 0
Do. "	3 0

IRONS, CURB CHAINS.
LEATHERS, CRUPPERS,

	Rs. a.
WHIPS—Four-in-hand, or Tandem, Plain Mounts from	9 8
Do. do. Chased Mounts "	12 8
Do. do. plain Silver Mounts "	20 0
Do. Pair or single, Ladies' and Gentlemen's, in great variety, best old thorn leather handles, plain or Chase Mounts "	3 8
Do. do. Silver Mounts "	14 0
Do. Chorswaith's "	2 8
Do. Tonga, braided gut, German Silver bands "	6 12
WHIPS, HUNTING—Malacca Cane, Stag Crooks "	7 0
Do. do. plated hammer "	11 0
Do. Braided Gut, Stag Crooks, Ladies' and Gentlemen's "	6 8
Do. do. Silver Mounted "	22 8
Do. do. Metal Crooks "	15 8
RACING WHIPS—Raw Hide, Whalebone and Cane, German Silver Mounts "	3 0
Do. do. do. plated Mounts "	6 8
Do. do. Braided Gut, Chased Mounts "	7 0
Do. do. leather handles, plain Silver Mounts "	11 0
Do. do. Engine Turned Mounts "	14 0
Do. Jockey Whip, braided Gut, plated Mounts "	4 8
Do. do. do. Silver "	27 0
LADIES' WHIPS—Braided Gut, Black and White, wicker handles, plain Mounts "	3 8
Do. do. Mounted with Animal Heads in great variety "	5 4
Do. do. Russia Leather handles, Silver Mounts "	7 8
Do. do. Presentation, Silver or Gold Mounted "	20 0
SADDLE CLOTHS, best felt, Grey, Fawn or Blue from Rs. 3-8 to	4 12
Do. Lady's "	6 0
DOG WHIPS from Rs. 2 to	5 0
DOG COLLARS, various kinds " 1 to	2 8
DOG COUPLES—Steel Chain, brass centres and swivels "	3 0
Do. Greyhound Starters "	10 8
Do. Dog Slips "	3 0

HEAD COLLARS,
KNEE CAPS, &c., &c.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NAPIER JOHNSTONE.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, Ld.,
BYCULLA BRIDGE AND ORIENTAL BANK BUILDINGS, FORT.
DIETETIC PREPARATIONS, INVALIDS' REQUISITES, &c.

THE BEST CHAMPAGNE.
POMMERY AND GRENO.

THE BEST LIQUEUR.
BENEDICTINE.

THE BEST WHISKY.
NAPIER JOHNSTONES "SQUARE BOTTLE."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
Retail of
DECORATIVE STORES, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

CALCUTTA.	KURRACHEE. RANGOON.
COLOMBO.	LAHORE. RIO DE JANEIRO.
HIOGO.	LONDON. SHANGHAI.
HONGKONG.	MADRAS. SIMLA.
THURSDAY ISLE.	YOKOHAMA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW LANDING NEW GOODS!!!

EVERY DEPARTMENT

OFFERS A SPLENDID CHOICE OF
HIGH CLASS GOODS
MODERATELY PRICED.
INSPECTION INVITED.
12½ PER CENT. CASH DISCOUNT

HOARE & CO., OUTFITTERS, BOMBAY.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, &c.

This invaluable medicine never fails to give immediate relief, and rarely ever fails to cure any of the above disorders, if properly persevered with. Prepared only by

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

"SQUARE BOTTLE" WHISKY.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

BANKRUPT STOCK.
THROUGH THE FAILURE OF A LARGE
WEST-END HOUSE.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THEIR HOME AGENT
A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
GEM JEWELLERY.
CONSISTING OF

DIAMOND BROOCHES	LOCKETS SET DIAMONDS
DIAMOND AND PEARL BROOCHES	DO. DO. RUBIES
PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS	DO. DO. PEARLS
DO. AND SAPPHIRE PENDANTS	EARRINGS SET EMERALDS, PEARLS

A few Handsome 18-carat Guard Chains, Albert and Victoria. Also Neck Chains in great variety Scarf Pins, convertible to Solitaire, Studs of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Corals, Turquoises, Lapislazuli, &c., &c., &c., in a hundred fanciful designs.

Diamond Cluster Earrings and other articles of jewellery too numerous to particularize in detail.

TO BE SOLD AT

UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.
MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

BOMBAY. POONA.
43, Esplanade Road, Opposite Clock Tower. 1 East Street, Opposite Napier Hotel.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

BEG to announce their first annual CLEARANCE SALE commencing from WEDNESDAY next, the 11th instant.

We shall offer goods from all Departments at an enormous REDUCTION in PRICE and endeavour to give such advantages to the Public during the sale as shall ensure the clearance of the goods now offered from our well-known first-class Stock to make room for our New Seasons' Goods arriving every Mail. Below are enumerated some of the items, and a Visit to our Sale Room will be well repaid.

No goods exchanged during the sale.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

Ribbons and Feathers.	Flowers and Sunshades.
Silks and Velvets.	Flouncings and Sateens.
Gloves and Laces.	Dress Materials and Dresses.
Hats and Bonnets.	Hosiery and Fancy Goods.

BOOTS AND SHOES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Ties, Gloves, and Braces.	Shirtings, Cardigan Jackets, and Underclothing.
Hosiery, Shirts, and Collars.	Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.
Caps, Hats, & Helmets.	

EVERY ARTICLE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., Ld.
BOMBAY.

JOONAS TYEB & CO.

CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILORS; SHIRT, HABIT, AND PROFESSIONAL TROWSER MAKERS TO VOLUNTEERS AND POLICE CONTRACTORS.

WE are now showing the largest new Stock in Bombay of Tweeds, Angolas, Coatings, Flannels, Bedford Cords, Corduroys, Oxford Shirtings Over-coatings, and Cotton Suitings, suitable for all climes. An early inspection is invited.

Suits made in six hours' notice. A good fit combined with first-class Material and excellent Workmanship can always be obtained.

We also have received a large new Stock of Hats, Neckties, Scarves, Braces of different Makers, Air-tight Uniform Cases, Hat Boxes Trunks, Portmanteaus, Gladstone Bags, Rizzais, Blankets, Pillows, Rugs, Chairs, and all Travelling Requisites.

A large Stock of Army Cloth in Blue and Grey.

Laces, Badges, and Trimmings for all branches of the Military Service in stock. Military Uniforms made to order to the latest Regulations.

For the cold weather, Cardigan Jackets, Woollen Banians, Lambs Wool Socks, and Knickerbocker Hose, Undershirts, and Drawers.

JOONAS TYEB & CO.,
11, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

LIPP'S PIANOS
SYMPATHETIC AND SEMI-GRAND.
J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP'S EXTRACTS OF MEAT.

WE have prepared these Extracts for many years, and always with increasing public approval, by the process described by the late Baron Liebig. Compared with the Extract which reaches this country bearing the name of the Liebig Company, as well as that manufactured in Australia, our preparation shows an unquestionable superiority; and we believe this to be owing (apart from the excellent quality of the meat used), to the following special features in our manufacture:—

1st.—By a process of our own, we subject the solution of meat to *perfect filtration*, rendering it thoroughly pellucid before its evaporation to an extract. This excludes all matter that can possibly impair its keeping qualities or purity of flavour.

2nd.—The process of manufacture is completed within thirty-six hours.

Whether or not it is attributable to these circumstances, the superiority of our extract to all others in the market cannot be questioned if a comparison is made.

LIEBIG'S NUTRITIVE EXTRACT.—A liquid Extract of Meat, made specially for medical purposes. It is not *superior* to our solid Extract, but it is more convenient for administration. It is *the* Extract habitually ordered by medical men for the sick-room. It is relished by Invalids and Children who cannot touch ordinary Beef Tea.—Per Phial, Re. 1, Rs. 2, and Rs. 3-8.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MUTTON.—A very superior preparation, much resembling the Extract of Beef, recommended by some physicians in preference.—Per ½-lb. Jar, Rs. 3.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.—Of exquisite flavour and free from that musty taste which taints all imported Extracts of Meat.—Per 2-oz. Jar, Re. 1-4; 4-oz. Jar, Rs. 2-4.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.—Prepared from the flesh and bones of chicken by Liebig's process. Very superior in flavour, and more grateful to Invalids and Children than the "Extract of Meat." We have often observed a remarkable change produced, by the Extract of Chicken given daily, on infants who had commenced to lose flesh in hot weather.—Per Pot, Re. 1-12.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

ESSENCE OF CAMOMILE AND GINGER.

—Contains in a small bulk the admirable medicinal properties of the two medicines it represents. It is an excellent Tonic and Stomachic, and is given with great benefit in cases of Flatulence, Spasm, and Colic.—Per Phial, As. 6, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MR. HAY'S CORROBORATIVE DROPS.

—Taken with soda water, form an agreeable and refreshing draught in oppressively hot weather, or as morning dose after arduous night-work, or late dining. With a little iced water they are very beneficial in Faintness, Headache, &c.—Per Bottle, Re. 1-4.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

PICK-ME-UP.—An agreeable stimulating and tonic morning dose, after exertion or excitement the preceding evening, or when suffering from want of rest or from lassitude.—Per Phial, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

WINTERGREEN OINTMENT.—Prepared from the products of *Gaultheria procumbens* or Wintergreen. It is an excellent application for all Eczematous eruptions and sores, especially in the Ears and other delicate parts. Much prescribed in Bombay practice.—Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

SIXES THERMOMETERS.

REGISTERING MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM.

	Rs. as.
Boxwood Scale Black Japanned Metal case	6 8
Hand-painted Opal Scale Japanned case	10 0
BREWER'S THERMOMETERS.	
Silver Metalled Scale, Enamelled Tube, Japanned Metal case 8 in	2 0
Do. do. do. 10 in	2 8
Do. do. do. 12 in	3 0
BOXWOOD THERMOMETERS.	
8 in. Enamelled Tubes	1 4
10 in. do do.	2 0
Spare Thermometers for Syke's Hydrometers	0 8
CLINICAL THERMOMETERS.	
Constricted Stem Magnifying front Registering	7 0
Constricted Stem Registering	4 0

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

PARSEEISM AND ITS PLACE IN HISTORY

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in pamphlet form)
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

NORVILLE'S GAIETY COMPANY.

Sole Proprietress & Directress ....Mrs Geo. NORVILLE.

AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE.

WEDNESDAY, 11TH JANUARY, AT 3-30.

CINDERELLA

Full of Fun. Please Young and Old.

REDUCED PRICES.

	Rs. as.
1st Seats	2 0
2nd "	1 0
3rd "	0 8

Children half price.

Schools and Families at Reduced Rates.

Seats secured at Soundy & Co., Ld.

CHIARINI'S GRAND CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE OF TRAINED ANIMALS, OPEN EVERY NIGHT AT 8, COMMENCING AT 9.

Afternoon Performance ON WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY.

DOORS OPEN AT 2-30, COMMENCING AT 3-30.

ANOTHER GRAND AND BRILLIANT PROGRAMME.

Inexhaustible Fountain of different HIPIC, ACROBATIC, and EQUESTRIAN SPORTS, with all kinds of recreation and amusements.

NEW EQUESTRIAN SCENES.
NEW EDUCATED HORSES.
NEW JAPANESE WONDERS.
NEW COMIC ACTS.
NEW FARCES & PANTOMIMES.

LES CLOCHES DE CORNEVILLE'S QUADRILLES
LA PASTURELLE

Danced on horse-back by Four Ladies and Four Gentlemen.

The TERRIBLE INFANCE or the pranks in an English School.

COME ONE—COME ALL.

SAME REDUCTION OF PRICES.

One Ticket admits you to both Circus & Menagerie. Make a visit to this first-class Exhibition worth four times the Price of Admission.

☞ THE CIRCUS WILL ONLY PLAY FOR A SHORT SEASON.

A TREAT FOR THE CHILDREN.
SCHOOL TICKET.

On presentation of School Tickets issued by us or coming in a body, all school children are admitted for

4 ANNAS EACH

And a free ride on the Elephants.

Doors open at 2-30 p.m., commences at 3-30 p.m

L. MAYA, Secretary.

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

A CONCERT

On behalf of the above Institution will be given at the TOWN HALL ON WEDNESDAY, 11TH JANUARY, AT 9-15 P.M.

PROGRAMME.

March Heroique ..Heroique.....Golterman.
Piano—Mr. and Miss Johnston.
Harmonium—Mr. Mant.
Violin—Mr. Freyvogel.

Song .....O Nanny, wilt thou gang with me.....
Mr. Chisholm.

Song .....Castles in the Air .....R. Adams.
Mrs. Macmillan.

Piano Solo .....Fantasia Impromptu ...F. Chopin.
Miss Flower.

Song .....The Worker.....C. Gounod.
Mrs. Walker.

Song .....A man's a man for a' that.
Mr. Wyer.

Duett.....Hunting Tower .....
Mrs. Macmillan and Mr. Wyer.

INTERVAL.

Bagpipe .....March.....Lochiel's March.
Strathspey .Mon-y Drusk.
Reel.....Reel of Tulloch.
Mr. F. H. Tod.

Song .....Love the Pilgrim.....Blumenthal.
Mr. Dixon.

Song .....A dear Wife .....A. C. Mackenzie.
Mrs. Walker.

Piano Solo.....Homeward Home (for left hand only) .....Wehli.
Miss Flower.

Song .....Jessie's Dream .....Blockley,
.....Mist on the Tower of Dunblame.
Mr. Chisholm.

Song .....Maggie Lauder.
Mr. Wyer.

Auld Lang Syne ..Solos by Mrs Walker, Mrs. Macmillan, Mr. Dixon, Mr. Wyer.

Tickets, Rs. 3 and Rs. 1, can be obtained from Messrs. Soundy & Co.

TOWN HALL.

FRIDAY, 20TH JANUARY, 1888.

VOLUNTEER FANCY (CALICO) BALL.

COMMITTEE.

Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. BAYLEY, B.V.R.C., President.
Major G. W. ROUGHTON, B.V.A.
Captain F. A. TUTTLE, B.V.R.C.
Captain HODGKINSON, Adjutant, B.V.R.C.
Captain E. FREEBORN, B.V.R.C.
Captain P. PLACE, B.V.R.C.
Captain T. S. SOUNDY, B.V.R.C.
Lieutenant G. LUND, B.V.R.C.
Lieutenant G. PRIER DE SAUNE, B.V.R.C.
Colour-Sergt. W. GEORGE, B.V.R.C.
Colour-Sergt. L. A. WATKINS, B.V.R.C.
Sergeant W. TATE, B.V.A.
Sergeant F. A. ROWLAND, B.V.R.C.

Tickets to be had at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

To admit a Volunteer and 1 Lady .....Rs. 10
" " 2 Ladies ..... " 12
" Non-Volunteer and 1 Lady ..... " 12
" " 2 Ladies 15
Extra tickets for Ladies ..... each Rs. 5

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
A GRAND EVENING CONCERT
in aid of the
NEW LECTURE HALL BUILDING FUND,
Under the Patronage of
THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT,
Will be held in the
TOWN HALL,
ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH OF JANUARY, 1888.
Commencing at 9 P. M.

Seats may be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s.
Price, Rs. 3.

THE s.s. "PERIM" has ARRIVED from LONDON, and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. Consignees are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor, Captain MACAULAY, before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

JAMES MACKINTOSH & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 10th January, 1888.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—At the FOURTH QUARTERLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for THURSDAY, the 12th inst., motions will be proposed—(1) by Dosabhai Framjee, Esq., C.S.I., proposing the resigning to Government on certain conditions of a piece of land at Breach Candy vested in the Corporation as Trustees of the Breach Candy Swimming Bath and now required for the extension of Mahalaxmi Railway, and (2) by Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., nominating Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., as a Member of the Town Council in place of Col Portman, resigned. Col. Morewether seconds the nomination.

H. WYNFORD BARROW, Clerk, Munpl Corporation; and Secy., Town Council. Bombay, Municipal Offices, 10th January, 1888.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAPOO DHUNDAPA, BAI DHAKIBAI, widow of DHUNDAPA BANAPA, and BAI RAMABAI, widow of COONDAPA BANAPA, have contracted to sell to BAI JAINUBAI, wife of RAGIAHMEDMIA bin KAJI DADAMIA PORBUNDRI and RAJI MAHOMEDMIA bin KAJI DADAMIA PORBUNDRI. All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-houses standing thereon, with the vacant piece of land near the gate of buffalo shed, situate, lying and being at Trimuk Street, in the sub-district of Bombay, which contains by measurement 125 65-100 square yards, which forms the portion of the land assessed under Ward No. 2,331 and street No. 4, and is assessed by the Collector under Nos. 4,99.1 11,195, 2-4,469, 5 534, 4,581, 13 970, and 5,534, and is bounded as follows:—On the east by the property of said Bai Jainubai and of the said Cazee Mahomedmia bin Cazee Dadamia Porbundri, on the west and on the north by the property of Bapoo Dhundapa, Bai Dhakibai, widow of Dhundapa Banapa, and bai Ramabai, widow of Coondapa Banapa, and on the south by the property of Jainubai and that of the said Kaji Mahomed Mia bin Kaji Dadamia

Any person or persons having claim or claims by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease or otherwise howsoever, are requested to make known to Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishunker, and Dinsha or to the undersigned at their residence, near Duncan Road in Kazeepoora, Bombay. Dated 10th January, 1888.

કાજી મહમદ મીઆ બીન કાજી દાદામીઆ પોરબંદરી.

(i.e. CAZEE MAHOMEDMIA bin CAZEE DADAMIA PORBUNDRI

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST.—REWARD OF Rs. 25.

I THE UNDERSIGNED, give notice to the Public that I have LOST an IMPERIAL LOAN of Rs. 1,000 of 4 per cent. No. 22869, transferred to the name of RAYACHUND SUNGJI, bearing interest from 1st November, 1886, on 10th January, 1888. Whosoever finds and brings it to SHA UMERSEY DAMODER, near Khara Kuva, Baharkote, will be awarded a reward of Rs. 25.

N.B.—He who purchases or keeps it as a mortgage will be responsible for it.

RAYACHUND SUNGJI.

Bombay, 10th January, 1888.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 8 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

VICTORIA HOTEL, 58, James Street, Secundrabad. The only Hotel in the Station. Rooms available—Terms Moderate.

STOUT WHITE SHIRTINGS, free from starch, Rs. 10; Shirt Flannels, annas 12; Broadcloth, Rs. 2.—PIECE-GOODS DEPOT Co., 9, Hornby Row.

TAN SWEDE GLOVES—Rs. 7-8 per dozen. Black and Colored Kid, Rs. 15 per dozen.—The CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Church Gate Street.

BRACKETS and BRACKET ORNAMENTS, such lovely patterns. Seldom imported before by any other Firm. Prices only from annas 15. Apply sharp.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!!—Four kinds daily. Every day different kinds; also Wines and Spirits of the best qualities to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ANTIPYRIN FOR SALE. Apply to WILLIAM BELL & Co.

AIR GUNS.—Large size, Rs. 55, with ammunition complete.—GEYER & Co., Ld.

MRS. TYTLER'S STUDIO on VIEW from 8 a. m. till 5 p.m., at 34 Apollo Hotel.

ARISTONS REPAIRED and TUNED at moderate charges by Mr. L. STEFFENAUER, Church Gate Street, Fort.

PIANO STOOLS.—Morocco-covered, with patent metal boss and screw. Rs. 25 each. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

JACKSON'S FAMILY HOTEL, Jabalpur. Established eleven years. Carriages can be supplied to and from Marble Rocks.

SINGER'S FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS SEWING MACHINES, 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

'XMAS PRESENTS, Beautiful Diamond Ear-Studs and Lockets, Rs. 150 to Rs. 800. S. and KHAN, 6 Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

MARINE HOTEL, BANDRA, ten mile, from Bombay and ten degrees cooler. For further particulars apply to TAYLOR'S HOTEL, Fort, Bombay.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co. 15, Meadow Street.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart-Row.

N. PETERSON and Co., Manufacturers of Gem-de-Javas and other Specialities of Indian Cigars. Samples and lists on application.—TRICHINOPOLY.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is the most Comfortable, Central, and Accommodative Hotel in Matheran. Rooms Bright and Airy. Terms moderate.

C. JOST & Co., GUNSMITHS.—Repair and Bronze Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, &c., under Guarantee. First Class Testimonials from Princes and the Army.

£6,500,000 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year. £549,974-19-10 Stg.

PARCELS DESPATCHED to any address in the United Kingdom 7 annas per lb. through the Foreign Parcel Agency, 18, Forbes Street. Insurance one anna per lb. extra.

SUPERIOR GRUYERE Fresh Chestnuts, Sweet Lime, Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Milan Sausage, Cacio Cavallo Malaga Raisins.—P. CASSANELLO & Co., 40 Medows Street.

[illegible] in want of good servants apply at once to MOONSHY & Co., General Merchants, Commission Agent's Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

LEATHER GOODS.—Purses, Hand Bags, Albums, Scrap Albums, Writing Desks, Shaving Cases, Dressing Bags, &c., &c. MORENAS and Co., Wines and Spirits, Wholesale and Retail Merchants.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOON.—FRANCIA AND FUCILE, Court and Historical Hair-Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig-makers, Rampart Row, below Bombay Club, Fort.

REGIMENTAL and CLUB COLOR FLANNELS, Silks Sashes, Mufflers, Jerseys, Ties, Belts, &c., made to any design to order and a large selection always in stock.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,

THE ANNUAL CONCERT, in aid of the Scottish Orphanage, will be given in the TOWN HALL, on WEDNESDAY the 11th instant at 9 p.m. Tickets may be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld. Price, Rs. 3.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Fanciful Articles, in Silver, Electro and Gilt-ware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection Solicited. Latest Novelties in Artistic Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

BALDWIN HIGH SCHOOLS, BANGALORE.—For Boarders and Day-Scholars of European descent of both sexes. Separate compounds. Thoroughly Christian care. Climate unsurpassed in India. Board Rs. 25 per mensem. Tuition Rs. 25-2-6 according to Standard. For Prospectus and particulars address Rev. H. C. STUNTZ, Principal.

WANTED, a Lady willing to take entire CHARGE of two children to London per P. and O. steamer leaving Bombay on 17th or 24th of the next month (February, in return for a single second-class passage from Bombay to London, sleeping with the children in first-class. Only ladies willing to make themselves thoroughly useful on the voyage need apply. Reply stating age and qualifications to "R. R.," care of this paper.

NEW ARRIVAL.

STILTON CHEESE.

IN EXCELLENT CONDITION.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,

ESPLANADE-ROAD.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director.

Albert Building, Bombay.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

GENUINE JOB CIGARETTE PAPER of JEAN BARDOU. To check the increasing sale of fraudulent imitations of JOB'S Cigarette Paper so highly appreciated by smokers, and to enable retail dealers to purchase the genuine article at wholesale prices, I have instituted a Depot of my Cigarette Papers at Messrs. S. NARAEN & Co., at Bombay.

JEAN BARDOU, Original Manufacturer of JOB. Sole Agent for India—L. H. RICHY, 66, Rue Lafayette, PARIS.

MAHABLESHWAR PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

WILL be SOLD BY AUCTION before hot season of 1888, if not previously disposed of privately

"Craig Hall"—Finest situation on the Hill.
"Monastery"—Favorite and picturesque bungalow.
"Birds Nest"—A snug retreat with extensive grounds.
"Rose Cottage"—Commands a lovely view.
"Mulberry Cottage"—In same compound as Rose Cottage.
Also a Small House in the Bazaar, a Strawberry Garden on the Lake, and a House at Sattara.

For particulars apply to

MORGAN & BALKRISHNA, Poona.

THE WATERBURY

JUBILEE WORD COMPETITION.

1st Prize	... ...	Rs. 500
2nd "	... ...	" 200
3rd "	... ...	" 100
20 Prizes	... ...	" 10 each

Coupon entitling holder to compete for the above prizes, given with each watch sold before December 31st, 1887.

Prizes awarded and list published February 1st, 1888.

Full particulars will be supplied by

THE AGENT to the Company,

BOMBAY.

THE BATTLE OF THE WATCHES.

Watch buyers find it hard to discover which is the best of the many cheap watches offered for sale; each retailer declaring the watch he offers to be better than every other.

THE WATERBURY WATCH CO.,

Confident in the superiority of the Waterbury, and knowing it to be

THE CHEAPEST TIME-KEEPING WATCH IN THE WORLD,

Hereby issue to all dealers in cheap watches in India a

CHALLENGE

To run 1,000 to 10,000 WATERBURY against a like number of any other make of Watches sold in India for Rs. 10 or less.

The loser or losers in the competition to forfeit the sum of Rs. 1,000 to an Indian harity, to be mutually agreed upon.

SUGGESTED CONDITIONS OF THE COMPETITION.

1. The watches tested to be identically the same as advertised and to be sold for the sum stated.
2. An umpire to be appointed whose decision shall be final. Umpire to be a Solicitor, Notary Public, or Public Accountant.
3. The watches to be exhibited publicly in one of the three presidential towns and to be kept running six days or longer.
4. The watches to be set to time at beginning of competition, and wound once every day in the presence of the umpire, who shall daily remove from competition all watches which have stopped or varied more than five minutes from gun-fire time.
5. The make of watch having the greatest number of survivors at the end of the contest to be declared the winner.

Any other fair condition which may be suggested will be accepted by the Company.

THE WATERBURY

Rs. 8-8. Rs 8-8.

Is accurate,

Will regulate to a minute a month,

Is durable, Is reliable,

Is made entirely by machinery,

Is therefore uniform in quality,

And is easily and cheaply repaired.

Guaranteed for one year.

Repaired at any time for one rupee or less.

THE WATERBURY

Will last a lifetime, as all damaged parts are replaced when watches are repaired.

CHAINS FOR THE WATERBURY,

IN ALL PATTERNS.

Equal to Silver, Rs. 1-4 and Rs. 2.

Equal to Gold, will stand acid, Rs. 3.

THE WATERBURY

Rs. 8-8 Rs. 8-8

May be obtained of dealers throughout the country, of

Messrs. SOUNDY & CO., Limited,

BOMBAY.

Or from the Sole Agent for India,

WATERBURY WATCH CO.

BOMBAY.

TOBACCOS!! TOBACCOS!!

NEUBERG'S SPECIALITIES, MANUFACTURED DAILY fresh and fresh, and acknowledged the best in India as being far superior to the best of *imported* preparations; combining every *desiderata* required in Tobacco by Smokers of all degrees.

NEUBERG'S CELEBRATED "GOLDEN BLOCK" MIXTURE. The Prince of Smoking Mixtures.

NEUBERG'S VIRGINIA HONEY-DEW, "An old Smoker's choice."

NEUBERG'S GOLDEN FLEECE Deliciously Fragrant.

NEUBERG'S GOLDEN LEAF BIRD'S-EYE, The Bird's-eye for India *par excellence*.

Note.—Manufactured of the *purest natural leaf* imported *direct* from the States. A fresh consignment just opened out. Trial and Comparison confidently invited.

SAMPLES AND PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

BLANDY'S PURE MADEIRAS.

MADEIRAS are fast regaining their old time popularity!!
MADEIRAS being rich in fruit salts are known to be most digestible Wines!!
MADEIRAS are recommended by the Faculty for therapeutic purposes!!

BLANDY'S MADEIRAS:

"VERY SUPERIOR."	Rs. 24 0	"LONDON PARTICULARS."	Rs. 30 8
"PALE DRY."	" 21 0	"RICH OLD BOAL."	" 38 8
"SPECIALLY SELECTED."	" 24 0	"VERY DRY OLD SERCIAL."	" 43 0
"EAST INDIA."	" 30 0	"GRAND OLD CAMA DE LOBOS."	" 50 0

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

Full particulars, Prices, and Terms from

R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

CHATEAU-CHENONCEAU.

THE above Estate is spreading out along the Banks of the river Cher in hillocks all covered with Vine Plantations. The abundant Crops which are reaped every year are specially used for making the CHATEAU-CHENONCEAU Sparkling Wines.

Not to talk of Similar Wines of inferior quality the Chateau-Chenonceau is possessed of all the qualities of the finest growths of Champagne, to which it can be advantageously compared.

In the several Exhibitions, the Chateau-Chenonceau has successively obtained the highest rewards.

The prices are kept specially moderate to get the same appreciated according to its merits.

Extra Dry	... ...	Rs. 36-8	per doz.
Dry	... ...	" 30-8	"
Extra Dry	... ...	" 42-12	Per Case of 2 doz. pints.
Dry	... ...	" 36-8	" " "

TO BE HAD FROM MEIFFRE NEVEU & CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

OR KEMP AND CO., Ld.,

SUB-AGENTS.

1887!! CHRISTMAS 1887!!

HAMILTON & CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

BIRTHDAY AND COMPLIMENTARY PRESENTS.

HAMILTON & CO. have the honour to announce that their importations for the Present Season's Christmas Trade are now open and displayed in their Show-room. The great depression in every branch of manufacture, which has of late obtained in London, Paris, and Vienna, has checked purchases in Europe, and, in consequence their London Partners have been able to buy for cash, at unprecedented low prices, a varied and extensive collection of elegant and useful articles, suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS and NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

HAMILTON & CO.,

IN ORDINARY TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!

THORPE AND CO.

IN soliciting ORDERS, beg to inform their CONSTITUENTS that the SHIRT Department is superintended by a First-class London Cutter. GENTLEMEN may rely on a Well-fitting Shirt, strongly made, guaranteed to stand the rough usages of INDIAN Washing.

OXFORD-CLOTH SHIRTS.

The best Oxford-cloth or Jute, with Collars attached. Per ½ doz., Rs. 30.

ZEPHYR OR TAFFETA SHIRTS.

Soft and light, for Hot weather wear. Per ½ doz., Rs. 30.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.

Pretty designs, Paris manufacture, all Fast Colours, and durable materials. Shirts, Collars attached, Rs. 27 per ½ dozen.

LONG-CLOTH SHIRTS.

A capital Shirt for wearing under Uniform, or Troopship wear. Shirts, per ½ doz., Rs. 20.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.

Long-cloth, with Linen Fronts and Cuffs, ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 25.
Ex-fine Long-cloth do. do. ½ dozen for Rs. 27.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts, Cuffs and Collar attached. ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 27.
Ex-fine Long-cloth, do. do. ½ dozen Rs. 30.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

A large assortment of best wove Flannels, Silk and Wool, have just arrived, thoroughly shrunk and especially adapted for wear in India.

Flannel Shirt, each Rs. 8-8; Silk and Wool Shirt, each Rs. 8-8.

CRICKETING SHIRTS.

Best white Saxony Flannel, thoroughly shrunk Shirt, Rs. 8-8 each.

SPUN SILK SHIRTS.

Delightfully cool, and pleasant to the skin, Rs. 12-8 each.

MADE TO MEASURE OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NOTICES

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

THE FIRST CONCERT of the Society will be given at the TOWN HALL, on TUESDAY, 17th January, 1888, at 9 p.m., when will be performed Andreas Romberg's Cantata "THE LAY OF THE BELL."

Tickets, price Rs. 3 and Rs. 2, can be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., on and after WEDNESDAY next.

FOR SALE AT THE DOCK EXTENSION WORKS, CARNAC BUNDER.

THE following contractors' plant, tools, &c., in good order and condition:—

4 Locomotive Engines Metre Gauge, 125 Contractors' Wagons, Rails 35 and 10 lb. section, Light Railway and Rolling Stock, Mortar Mills, Portable Engines, Pumps, Cranes, Drab Winches, Priestmans Dredger, Double Flour Mills, Circular Saw Bench and Saws, and a large assortment of miscellaneous tools.

Full particulars can be obtained at our office on the works.

KIRBY & Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, up till noon, on FRIDAY, 20th inst., for the purchase of four Engines singly or for the lot. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent of the amount offered as earnest money, which will be returned if the tender is not accepted. The successful tenderer on receiving notice that his offer is accepted must pay the amount of his offer to the Secretary, Port Trust, within 7 days.

The Engines can be seen at the Trustees' Workshop, Clerk Bunder, and at the Dock Extension Works, and will be sold in their present condition.

The Engineer does not bind himself to recommend the highest or any tender for the Trustees' acceptance.

E. A. CORKE, Engineer's Storekeeper.

Bombay, 5th Janv., 1888.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS from Bombay to places on the West and South Deccan Lines of the Southern Mahratta Railway should book to Poona and re-book at the Southern Mahratta Railway Company's Ghorpuri Station to destination.

From and after 1st February, 1888, the special rates for grain and seeds, piece-goods and cotton between Bombay and stations on the South Deccan Line, and the Southern Extension of the Southern Mahratta Railway will be abolished.

The West of India Portuguese Railway will be OPEN on or about 1st February, and goods may then be booked by that route through to Bombay.

For rates apply to the undersigned, or to Deputy Agent, W. I. P. Railway, Marmagao.

JAMES CRAIK, Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, 3rd January, 1888.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(a) the protection of Rukhmabai against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisoned in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her by her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which those "rights" as a matter of fact have never yet been exercised.

And (b) The removal of the anomaly involved in punishing disobedience to a decree based on Hindoo Matrimonial law by the penalty of imprisonment,—it being a penalty which is entirely unknown to that law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN FLEMING, M. M. BHOWNAGGREE, Hon. Secretaries

3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 139 of 1881.

NANABHAI GANPATRAO DHAIRYAVAN and BALAJEE GANPATRAO DHAIRYAVAN, both of Bombay, Hindu inhabitants, residing in Kandawady, outside the Fort.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

ACHRATBAI, widow of SHA PRANJIWAN RUNCHOREDAS and NARAN AS NATHOOBHAI, both of Bombay, Hindu inhabitants, residing on Kalbadevi Road, and GANPATRAO PANDURANG, of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, residing in Withalwady, and GUJANAN GOVIND and MORESHWAR GOVIND, infant sons of the deceased GOVIND PANDURANG by their guardian, *ad litem*, R. L. A. WATKINS, of Bombay, European inhabitant, residing at Marine Lines, outside the Fort, and PURSHOTAM NARROTUM, also of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant, residing at Moombadevi, outside the Fort.....Defendants

PURSUANT to an order made in the above suit and bearing date the seventh day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-seven, the following immoveable properties WILL BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in two lots, before CHARLES EDWARD FOX, Esquire, the Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his Office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-fifth day of January, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-eight, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the above-named plaintiffs Nanabhai Ganpatrao Dhairyavan and Balaji Ganpatrao Dhairyavan, and of the defendants, Achratbai, widow of Sha Pranjiwan Runchoredas Narandas Nathoobhai, Ganpatrao Pandurang, and Purshotum Narrotum or any of them in the following properties, namely:—

LOT No. I.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Oswalady, otherwise known as Fulwady, near Withalwady, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement three hundred and forty-four square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of quit and ground rent under old No. 732, New No. 3,243, old Survey No. 86, and new Survey No. 1,491, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house and well standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 8, and now under ward Nos. 1764 and 1,765 and Street Nos. 28, 30 and 1, and bounded as follows on or towards the north by the property of Kala Bhanjee, on or towards the south by the property of Ludha Cullianjee, on or towards the east by the property formerly belonging to Sittaram Govind, and now to the said Ludha Cullianjee, and on or towards the west by the public passage called Fofulwady or Owalwady Lane, which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said third defendant, Ganpatrao Pandurang.

LOT No. II.—All that piece or parcel of cultivated land now turned into a garden in the rear of the Government house, at Parel, in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement eight thousand and one hundred square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of quit and ground rent under old Nos. 79, 91, 98, and 99, new Nos. 14,215, 14,221, 14,240 and 14,241, new Survey Nos. 1, 2, and 3-2585 with the messuage, tenement, building, sheds, trees, tank, and well standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 36, and now under Ward No. 634 (1), and Street No. 42, and bounded as follows, on or towards the north partly by the Elphinstone Road, and partly by the Government Garden, on or towards the south partly by the property of Gaspatro Sudasewjee, and partly by the property of Ganpatrao Pandurang, on or towards the east by the Government Garden, and on or towards the west by a public passage, which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said third defendant, Ganpatrao Pandurang.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the Office of the said Commissioner, or at the office of Messrs. MANSUKHLAL and DAMODAR, attorneys for the first and second defendants above named, No. 91, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay—Dated the 1st day of December, 1887.

CHARLES E. FOX, Commissioner.

GERMAN LLOYD MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Ld.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co., Agents.

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OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

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INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE (FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephone, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations. As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

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WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware, Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

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HUMMUM STREET.

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GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FAMILY REMITTANCES.—Arrangements made for monthly payments in England.

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DEPOSIT Accounts opened available only for remittance (at any time) in our own Bills on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly, on the departure of English mail, 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Scottish Orphanage Annual Concert, Town Hall, 9 p.m.
Chiarini's Circus, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Assam (s), from London ; Kerbella (s), London via Karachi ; Avlona (s), Batoum ; Bhownagar (s), Bhownagar ; Commilla (s), Karachi ; Nevasa (s), Calcutta ; Brakelow (s), Liverpool and Venetia (s), Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Sattara (s), for Gulf and Karachi ; Calder (s), Persian Gulf ; Kt. of St. John, Antwerp ; Orion (s), Mussowah ; Akaba (s), Genoa and Marseilles ; and Rubattino (s), Genoa and Naples.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Etolia entered, and the s.s. Orion and Kt. of St. John left, the dock on Sunday ; the s.s. Kerbela and Assam entered it yesterday.

LOST PROPERTY.—Hajee Salay Mahomed, living in Serang Street, reported to the police the loss of a purse containing four pearls, an emerald, a silver ring, and Rs. 2 in cash, of the collective value of Rs. 406, on Monday, somewhere between Nagdevi and Kolsa Street.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—A Hindoo child, aged about four years, was admitted yesterday forenoon at the Gocouldas Tejpal Hospital, suffering from a wound in the arm, inflicted by a shot from a rifle which went off while in the hands of a servant to the Medical Officer in charge of the Tansa Water Works.

SUNKERSETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the last month was 2,100. Of these 659 were new admissions, consisting of 293 Hindoos, 293 Mussulmans, 58 Parsees, 13 Christians, and 2 of other caste ; the average daily attendance being 67·74. The total number of children vaccinated at the dispensary was 60.

ELPHINSTONIANS IN LONDON.—A social gathering of Bombay Elphinstonians was held in London at the Duval Restaurant on Dec. 17th, the date of the meeting of the same kind at Bombay. The following were those who met in London :—Mr. D. M. Karaka, Mr. D. B. Shukla, Mr. P. J. Mehta, Mr. Budrudin A. K. Lookmani, and Mr. Gulam Mohamed B. Munshee.

ASSAULTING THE MATE.—Mr. Crawley-Boevey yesterday convicted James Stewart, a seaman of the ship Scottish Isles, on a charge of assaulting Mr. Jones, the Chief Officer of the ship. It appeared that on the 30th October Stewart did not turn to work, and the Chief Officer finding him in the forecastle, called him out, but he refused to obey, and abused Mr. Jones, subsequently assaulting him. In defence Stewart denied having struck Mr. Jones first, but that he retaliated on being struck by the mate. He was sentenced to a month's hard labour in the House of Correction.

A LECTURE ON THE STUDY OF PERSIAN.—A paper on the "Study of Persian in Bombay" was read on Sunday afternoon last, in the Hall of the Buddhi Vardhak School, on Kalbadevi Road, by Mr. Ghulam Ahmed Munshi, Persian Teacher at the Elphinstone High School, and the younger son of Khan Bahadur H. G. M. Munshi, in connection with the Oriental Progress Union. The paper described the study of Persian as read by the University students here, their drawbacks and suggestions for improvement. The subject was discussed at some length before the meeting terminated by those present, and among those who spoke were Messrs. G. M. Gulam Ali, B. A., Munshi Shaikh Ahmed, Moroba, Munshi Riazuddin Ahmed, and Budruddin Coor, who presided.

THE BENEFIT OF A DOUBT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Constable Good placed two coolies, Ebraim Mahomed and Gulam Russool, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, on a charge of having in their possession 30 lbs. of cloves, the property of H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar, which formed part of a cargo brought to Bombay in the s.s. Murka, one of the Sultan's boats. The accused were engaged with others to discharge the cargo. At the close of the day's work the men, being searched prior to leaving the ship, were found to have the cloves in their possession. The third mate testified to the above, but the men denied the charge, his [illegible] unsupported, and the [illegible]rabio discharged them, but made the property over to the ship.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of Dec. 1887 :—

		Rs. 100 Prizes.	Ans.	Nos.
Special Line,	Down		"	A 573051
Yellow Line,	Down		"	A 283477
		Rs. 10 Prizes.		
Special Line,	Down		2	088058
"	Down		"	099035
Yellow Line,	Down		"	179774
"	Down		"	181360
"	Up		1½	181923
"	Up		"	186593
Special Line,	Down		"	204462
Brown Line,	Up		1	519927
"	Up		"	523328
Special Line,	Up		"	A 237714
Green Line,	Down		"	A 259699
"	Down		"	A 264511
Lavender Line,	Down		½	122346
Special Line,	Down		"	264678
"	Down		"	269938

THEFT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Inspector Dillon charged a Pathan, named Tore Abdool Rahman, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, with theft of a box, containing money and property of the value of Rs. 122-11, belonging to a Mogul, named Kutboodin Elliaskhan. The accused was arrested by a sepoy near the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital with the box under his arm. The Pathan on being questioned by the policeman returned evasive answers and then eventually said that the box belonged to his brother, and that he was taking it to the station. The sepoy, however, disbelieved his story, and on inquiry learnt from another Pathan that the box belonged to a Mogul and had been taken away from his house by the accused. The complainant identified the box as his, and the accused as having been his servant. Prisoner, pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to six months' hard labour, and the sepoy was awarded fifty marks for good conduct.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, touching the death of Clario Maximo, aged 30 years, a quartermaster of the ship John Davis, now lying in this harbour. Deceased, it was alleged, while at sea, inflicted a cut accidentally on one of the fingers of his left hand, which was amputated on his arrival at Mauritius. He returned from the hospital after having been there twenty days, but remained on the sick list ever since. He behaved like a mad-man, but was not violent. At about half-past-five o'clock yesterday morning he was found lying in his bunk, with his neck and shoulders covered with blood, and an open clasp-knife in his right hand. The matter was reported to the Captain and officers of the vessel, who, on finding him in a dying state, sent for the police and had him brought on shore. While he was being conveyed to the Gocouldas Tejpal Hospital he died. Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the coroner, said he examined the body of the deceased. There was an old wound on the middle finger of the left hand, and another about half an inch long in the front of the neck, nearly three inches deep ; blood was issuing from the wound, the nose, and the mouth. From the evidence he had heard and the *post mortem* appearances he was of opinion that the cause of death was hæmorrhage from the wound of the throat, and that it was self-inflicted. The verdict was that deceased committed suicide while in a fit of temporary insanity.

MR. J. GARDINER.—The *Deccan Herald* says that Mr. J. Gardiner, Postmaster, of Poona, is so seriously ill that it has been found necessary to remove him to the European General Hospital in Bombay for treatment.

ASSAULT ON A SOWCAR.—We hear that in the village of Hawarie, in the Dharwar Collectorate, a Sowcar went to one of his debtors to recover a sum of money. The very hot reception, however, that the Sowcar received, necessitated his speedy removal into hospital—*Poona Observer*.

INSANITARY STATE OF THE CITY OF POONA.—In forwarding to the Secretary of State the Sanitary Commissioner's Report, the Government of Bombay have made the following remarks with regard to the insanitary condition of the City of Poona :—"The unhealthy condition of the City of Poona has for some time engaged the serious attention of Government, who have already appointed a special committee to consider and report upon the best scheme for removing the various causes which now affect the health of the city of Poona. That steps have recently been taken to diminish as far as possible the injurious effects of excessive irrigated cultivations in the city and its Cantonment, and that the attention of the Municipality has been called to the foul state of the latrines and sewers, and it has been urged to take measures to purify and improve them.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 10.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

PRINCIPLES OF THE LAW OF PARTNERSHI…

COWASJEE RUTTONJEE LIMBOOWALA *vs.* BURJORJ… RUSTOMJEE LIMBOOWALA AND OTHERS.

HIS LORDSHIP delivered judgment in the case, which the plaintiff claimed, as assignee of the exec… trix and executor of Ruttonjee Nowrojee, deceased, … be entitled to a one-anna share in the business carr… on by the defendants under the name of Nowro… Cursetjee and Company, of which firm the decea… Ruttonjee was a partner. Mr. Farran and … Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishank… and Dinshaw, appeared for the plaintiff ; and … Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Lang, instructed … Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, appeared … the defendants.

The facts on which the plaintiff relied were t… the accounts of the partnership had remained … adjusted for many years prior to the death … Ruttonjee. The defendants were anxious to obt… the signature of Ruttonjee to some release or … justment, and after his death, they were anx… to obtain such release from his executor … executrix. It was eventually agreed that the la… should accept a lump sum offered by the … fendants as the amount due to the estate of Rutto… without further examination of the past accounts … the firm and should pass a release in respect there… and that the interest of the executor and execut… as representing the estate of Ruttonjee, should be … tinued as a one-anna share. The latter agreement … not in writing. It appeared to his Lordship upon … evidence that the adjustment of the accounts with… further examination was the real consideration for … alleged new partnership. The first question … arose was, whether this evidence was admissible un… section 92 of the Evidence Act. The operative w… of the release were—In consideration of the paym… of Rs. 8,000, Perozbai and Bapujee, as such … cutrix and executor, do hereby release the parties f… the share and interest of Ruttonjee in the said f… Together with these words must be read the re… that the sum of Rs. 8,000 was arrived at after … mination of the books. Was the alleged oral ag… ment inconsistent with the written agreement … excluded by the rule of law that parol evidence … not be tendered for the purpose of altering the t… of a written contract ? The plaintiff's witne… said that the one-anna share was agreed to … given in consideration of the accounts … being examined ; and this agreement seemed to … Lordship to be inconsistent with the writing, whe… the representatives of Ruttonjee released the part… from all claims in respect of Ruttonjee's share … interest. The lump sun was paid ; and under … writing all claims, arising out of the old partner… ceased and determined. Under section 92, his L… ship felt bound to exclude the oral agreement. It … not a purely collateral or additional agreement … constituted an addition to the terms of a contract … had been reduced into writing, and was inconsis… with those terms. It is one of the fundamental … ciples of partnership law that no person can be i… duced as a partner without the consent of all … who, for the time being, are members of the firm. … consent to the new one-anna share was give… Burjorjee only a few days before the release ; b… was not proved to his Lordship's satisfaction that … other partners consented to the new partnership … that Burjorjee had authority to act for all. … Lordship thought the plaintiff's assignees put t… selves, legally, if not morally, out of Court by … signatures to the release, and by theri neglec… obtain the consent of all the partners. The … gave judgment for the defendants with costs, in… ing the costs of the *de bene esse* examination.

COSTS OF AN APPEAL TO THE PRIVY COUN…

CHARLES AGNEW TURNER *vs.* HIS HIGHNESS AGA AKBAR SHAH.

HIS LORDSHIP, in disposing of the case, sai… suit was brought by the plaintiff to recover Rs. … from the defendant in terms of his letter of guar… dated 10th January, 1885. The plaintiff, as O… Assignee, being unwilling to proceed with an a… in a case against Hajee Beebee and others, unl… was adequately indemnified against any costs … respondent which he might thereafter be direc… pay, the defendant, by a written guarantee, date… January, 1885, undertook to hold the plaintiff ha… against the respondent's costs in the appeal … extent of Rs. 5,000, in addition to a security for … which the plaintiff then held from Mr. Mahom… Rogay. The appeal was decided in the pla… favour, but subsequently, the respondents h… appealed to the Judicial Committee of the … Appeal Court. The suit was dismissed ; and … plaintiff was ordered to pay the costs of the res… ents throughout. His Lordship was of opinion … the defendant's contentions were not well-fo… and there was no evidence to support them… regarded Mr. Mahomed Ali Rogay, his Lord… thought that the security he had given bound … to pay any costs which Mr. Turner might ha… pay. The condition of the guarantee given b… defendant had been fulfilled by Mr. Turner, a… defendant was bound to pay under his guaran… decree was given for the plaintiff for Rs. 4,5… interest and costs.

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSO…

SERVICE will be held on board the s.s… the Prince's Dock, this evening, at ha… o'clock. Captains, Officers, Enginee… Seamen, and others are cordially invited … flag will be hoisted.

MADRAS.

WATER SUPPLY AT BANGALORE. A p… Nilgiris has seriously contemplated subm… proper authority, a project to supply B… drinking water from the Pykara River. … is intended to convey the water in pi… must be taken that these are put togeth… very different from that in which the A… pipes have been cemented. He contend… water will be diverted at a point in th… which there is no cultivation. The … absolutely pure.—*South of India Observe*

MADRAS RAILWAY.—Owing to the p… modation at the Perambore Workshop… insufficient to shelter the large addition… stock of the Madras Railway that i… constructed, a sum of Rs. 20,000 has … for the immediate erection of those … stabling of the rolling stock while … pletion.—*Times*.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY.—The boar… of the South Indian Railway have in… Agent in India to have at once prepared … land plans, estimates, &c., for the pr… railway from Villupuram to Paikal i… construction of the same being proce… rapidly as possible after receipt of … sanction thereto.—*Ibid*.

WATER-RATE FOR INAM LANDS.—The … of Mysore has issued the following N… general information and guidance … Inamdar is permitted to use Govern… the produce of a Government irri… to irrigate his Inam land, and wher… thus permitted to be used is either ir… granted or is irrigation in excess of … to which he is entitled in virtue … he shall be liable to pay a water-rate t… ment calculated at the following rat… Rupees 4 per acre when the irrigati… wholly at Government expense from … river irrigation channel. (2.) Rupees … irrigation from a private branch chan… be drawn from a Government river irri… (3.) Rupees 2-8 per acre for irrig… good Government tank or other irrig… tributing water till about March. (… per acre for irrigation from other inf… Government water-supply. The abov… plicable to unsurveyed taluks, and are … on the introduction of the Survey Settle… taluks, the Deputy Commissioner sh… rate for each case in accordance wi… of the above classification, but with d… survey valuation of similar neigh… minus the ordinary dry rate, after r… of doubt, to the Survey Superintende… fixed under the Notification should … ported to the Survey and Settlement …

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH … A few drops of the liquid "Floriliu… a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasa… thoroughly cleanses the teeth fr… or impurities, hardens the gums, … stops decay, gives to the teeth a … whiteness, and a delightful fragran… It removes all unpleasant odour aris… teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fr… being composed in part of honey … is delicious to the taste, and the gr… covery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of … Perfumers throughout the world. S… the Anglo-American Drug Company … Farringdon-road, London.

OF THE OVERLAND … THE 23RD DECEMBER.

… Co.'s s.s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. … in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. … g, with the Overland mails of the … The following is the list of …

FROM LONDON.

Lady Souter and child
Mr Gudgeon
Mr Bell
Mr Hodgson
… and 2 Mr Johnson
Mr Mahomed Ali
Mr Stinton
Mrs Hawkes

FROM NAPLES.

Mr F Bailey

FROM VENICE.

Mr McHardy

FROM BRINDISI.

Mr Begbie

FROM SUEZ.

Mr O W Jones

… OF INTELLIGENCE.

… 23RD DECEMBER INCLUSIVE.)

… companied by Prince and Princess … rg, left Windsor on Wednesday for …

… n on Friday unveiled a statue of … oyal Holloway College, Egham, and … speech inculcating in the female … itution the necessity for education … as well as book learning. … il was held on Saturday, at which … re present. … Irish Chief Secretary, and Lord … hancellor, returned to Dublin on …

… Parliament is now fixed for Thurs …

… Salisbury on Monday opened the … t Derby, and afterwards addressed … . In his principal speech he said … ot could give no encouragement to … iving protection, and he vindicated … Government in Ireland as the only … g peace and happiness to that …

… f Conference on the Sugar Bounties … ir labours by a protocol substan… the export bounty system, and their … be considered by the respective …

… d a long interview with Mr. Balfour, … etary for Ireland, on Monday, to … t encouragement for the development … echnical schools, and manufacturing … Balfour expressed his warm sympathy … of the deputation, but pointed out … hat would have to be encountered. … hill, M.P., has left London for St. … is expected to remain in Russia until … ry. … ey, M.P., who has been suffering from … f illness, is now recovering. … four Stewart, holding the chair of … phy at Owens College, died on Monday, …

… H. Mackonochie, formerly incumbent … hurch, Holborn, who was on a visit to … rgyll, perished in the snow on the hills … n, having lost his way in a fog which … hile making an excursion on foot and …

… C. Selwyn, Head Master of Liverpool … n elected Head Master of Uppingham …

… Cavan died on Friday, aged 72. He … h the Irish peerage by his eldest son, … ursie, M.P. … Nattrass, a Wesleyan minister, died … hile conducting a service in a chapel at …

… layfair, M. P., addressing his consti… ds on Friday, addressed himself almost … the recent movement for reviving … which he offered strong opposing …

… ey on Friday formally unveiled a … late General Earle, erected in front of … Liverpool. … Court on Saturday of stabbing … e during the Trafalgar-square riots, and … ced to five years' penal servitude. … of Linnell, who died from injuries … g the riots at Trafalgar-square on Nov. … he occasion of a Socialist demonstration … although there were some wild speeches … nd much crowding, no serious disturb… …

… Stanley, as Commissioner appointed to … e failure of the Cardiff Savings Bank, … report, attributing concealment and … ctuary and neglect to the trustees. … llan and Harkins, who are charged with … of dynamite for felonious purposes, … mitted for trial. … mas Doherty, an American stockbroker, … d on Tuesday of shooting Michael … an American, with whom he had had a … rning a gambling debt. The Judge … to 20 years' penal servitude. … or arrears of tithes have been carried out … s, notwithstanding violent opposition by … wds. … n, of the 5th Dragoon Guards, has com… at Leamington. … , M.P., proprietor of the *Cork Daily* … onvicted on Monday of publishing in … ports of suppressed League meetings, and … d to two months' imprisonment. … y, M.P., was convicted on Friday of incit… e in a public speech, and was sentenced … ths' imprisonment. On giving notice of … s released upon bail. Mr. Sheehy has … entenced to a month's imprisonment, with… our, for another offence.

… —Dep.-Surg.-Gen. A.M. Garden, Ben. Ret… R. Maunsell, Royal (Bom.) Eng. Ret. ; … W. A. Smail ; Maj.-Gen. T. J. Valiant ; … Bayley ; Major Green ; the Earl of Cavan; … Stewart ; Rev. Canon Lowe ; Rev. A. H … ie; Dr. A. Farre ; Baroness Grey-de-Ruthyn.

… H the extreme apprehensions caused by … ovements in Poland and the semi-official … tifying them have somewhat subsided, a … y feeling prevails in Vienna. Further Military … erial Councils have been held, and it has … ed to take some precautions in Galicia, but … tic representations have been made to St. …

… in papers impeach the accuracy of the … in the Russian *Invalide* justifying Russian … military force in Poland by the threatening … Germany and Austria, and they criticize … e military strength of the three Powers, … to prove the inability of Russia to meet … ed forces of the other two Empires. … little apparent notice is taken of the threat… …ions between the three Empires, but, never… …here is a general disposition to espouse the … n by Russia.

Berlin Reichstag on Friday the Bill for pro… …ilitary service in the Landwehr and the … was accepted almost unanimously. The Bill … bout 300,000 men to the defensive force of …

… lt of Sir M. Mackenzie's visit to San Remo … be satisfactory, as it is officially reported … w development is only a small swelling, and … Prince's general health is excellent. … nch Chambers adjourned on Saturday, after … had agreed to a three months' financial … to the prolongation for six months of the … l Treaty with Italy. … nish Government has invited the Powers … rence on the subject of foreign protectorate … , which it is expected will be accepted, but … be some delay on account of preliminary … eports being required. … derable body of rebel Arabs have collected … in, and have made several attacks on the … ch have been repulsed. Reinforcements … t from Cairo to Suakin. … n Aubertin, who attempted the life of … has become decidedly insane. … e of Norfolk's mission from Queen Victoria … was formally received with much dis… His Holiness on Saturday. … i-official organ of the Vatican denies a … n a French paper that the Duke of Nor… …on to Rome contemplated the establish… …omatic relations between the Papacy and … Government. … ar Noor Mahomed has broken up the … force he had raised in opposition to the … fghanistan, and he intends to surrender to … authorities. … pt to send timber from Canada to New … form of an immense raft has been unsucc… …aft having broken up in a gale, and the … ers are dangerous to navigation. … Australian Parliament has been pro… … passing the new Taxation Bill.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S VISIT TO RUSSIA.

LORD AND LADY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL, accompanied by Mr. Trafford, arrived in Berlin on Tuesday night, December 20, on their way to Russia. The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says :—

This time his lordship has not wrapped himself in the impenetrable cloak of mystery which baffled public curiosity when he visited Berlin last as "Mr. Spencer ;" but nevertheless the quidnuncs in the press are sorely exercised as to the true object of his visit to Russia. It is to entreat an audience of the Czar, they ask, in order to address a warning to his Russian Majesty ; or has his lordship a secret mission to the heads of the Panslavists ; or is bear-hunting his object or skating his secret purpose ? for anything and all things are possible with this young and eccentric English lord. It is needless to say that all these guesses are wide of the mark, and that his lordship is merely going to Russia with the ordinary motives of an inquisitive and intelligent traveller. On Wednesday Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill dined at the Foreign Office, and afterwards continued their journey to St. Petersburg. The German press is discussing everything connected with the unexpected appearance of the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The St. Petersburg *Grashdanin* attributes Lord Randolph's approaching visit to the Russian capital to a serious divergence of views between the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer and Lord Salisbury as to the advisableness of pledging England to co-operation with Prince Bismarck's league of peace. Prince Mestchersky learns "from a very good source" that Lord Randolph desires to enter into relations with Russian statesmen, and to obtain an audience of the Czar, the results of which may, in the Prince's opinion, very seriously influence the future foreign policy of Great Britain.

THE FUNERAL OF LINNELL.

THE attempt of the Law and Liberty Defence League to make a political demonstration on Sunday, December 18, in Trafalgar-square under the guise of a public funeral of the body of the man Linnell was completely defeated. Sir Charles Warren compelled the procession, which started from Lexington-street, to adopt a line of route which brought it into the Strand at Wellington-street, about half a mile distant from the square. The hearse, which was an open one, bore a shield in front, with the words, "Killed in Trafalgar-square ;" and it was also surmounted with three little flags—one in red, representing the colour of the Socialists ; the second in green, representative of the Irish democracy ; and the third, which was of red, yellow, and green, being the colours of the Law and Liberty Defence League. When the coffin was brought out it was covered with the usual black pall, but when it was deposited in the hearse a red cloth was spread over the black one. On the coffin-lid there was a brass plate inscribed, "Alfred Linnell, forty-one, died December 3, 1887, from injuries inflicted by the police in Trafalgar-square November 20. Buried at the public expense December 18, 1887." The followers or attendants included Mr. Cunninghame Graham, M.P., Mr. John Burns, the Socialist, Mr. William Morris, the Reverend Stewart Headlam, and Mrs. Besant. A couple of undertakers, broughams, a cab, and a brake, labelled "Choir," followed. At the bottom of Wellington-street an immense number of people joined, including a very large number of Bermondsey and Southwark roughs. These strove to block up the whole of the Strand traffic, and the police at once set to work to force them to maintain a passage for advancing traffic. Then, with shouting and howling, the procession marched eastward. In Fleet-street a mischievous mob had gathered. The roughest of the rough were amongst those near to Chancery-lane, and they showed their mood for mischief by trying to overturn cabs which had been overtaken by the van of the procession. At Ludgate-circus other south Londoners joined, and on the westward steps of St. Paul's throngs of people had gathered. Thus the funeral, which, as a procession, was without form, made its way down Cheapside, across Cornhill, up Leadenhall-street through Aldgate, into the broadway of Whitechapel.

Darkness had set in by the time the procession reached the gates of Bow Cemetery, and with the darkness rain. The organizers had arranged that only a certain number of followers should be admitted ; but those who had accompanied the procession did not assent, and an unseemly strife was carried on outside, so that the processional march of the funeral party was to the accompaniment of shrill whistlings, hootings, and other discordant cries. An attempt was made to show some reverent feeling. A cry was raised of "hats off," and many of those nearest to the hearse showed this sign of respect to the dead ; but the crowd, which sprawled over tombs, and graves, and monuments, made no sign of being animated by any feeling of respect. In the darkness the Burial Service of the Church of England was [illegible] light being derived from a constant succession [illegible]tinction by the friendly shelter of an opponent's [illegible] but the service was heard by few outside the immediate crowd around the grave, for the others were talking more or less loudly. Then the rain, which had been slight before, began to fall more heavily. Speeches were delivered by two persons, one of them being Mr. William Morris, and the sentiment of the two was that the police must be ruled by the people, their masters, and Mr. Morris added that the police made London one huge prison. The speeches were rendered almost inaudible by the retreating feet of many who were not inclined to stop in the drenching rain, and in a few minutes the cemetery was deserted by all except a few, who chanted the "death song" composed by Mr. William Morris. When those who had stayed thus long left the cemetery they found that the large host outside had disappeared before the downpouring rain.

LORD SALISBURY ON FAIR TRADE.

THE Marquis of Salisbury visited Derby on December 19 and opened the Beaconsfield Club in that town. In the evening he addressed a large meeting in the theatre. On the subject of fair trade, he said :—

There is another matter, so separate from all others which has arisen lately, that perhaps I may be excused for dealing with it separately. It is a matter of very different moment. I cannot use with respect to it terms of deep seriousness, but am anxious to observe the most respectful language. I refer to the question of Fair Trade—(cheers)—and I introduce it only for the purpose—which perhaps you will think irrelevant—of saying that I am not going to express any opinion about it. I abstain from expressing any opinion about it for a reason which may seem to you inadequate and inapplicable—for the reason that I do not know exactly what it means. I have the greatest respect for many of those by whom the word is used. I have a deep sympathy for the undoubted and real and most cruel sufferings out of which the desire for some such remedy has sprung ; but I wait with respectful attention until the demands of those who ask for Fair Trade are embodied in the only form in which my unimaginative intelligence is capable of comprehending them—namely, as clauses of a Bill presented to Parliament. I have listened to and read carefully all that has been said about Fair Trade. I have observed this—that there are many points on which they are agreed, and on many points they are precise ; but upon those points on which they are precise they are not agreed, and upon those points on which they are agreed they are not precise. (Laughter and cheers.) I therefore wait till I see in the clauses of a Bill what are the precise propositions that they desire to make, and whether these propositions shall be criticised hostilely or favourably. I prefer to defer my opinion until I have real materials to form it on. But I must protest most energetically—because my hon. friend on this platform has passed a motion in favour of Fair Trade—I must protest most energetically against the impression that it is to follow that her Majesty's Government are pledged to the doctrines of Protection. We have always and on all occasions frankly expressed our opinion that protection of corn, that the advocacy of such a doctrine is very unwise, and that the prospect of such a measure being carried into effect—even if it were expedient, which I do not think it is—is absolutely out of the bounds of political possibility. (Cheers.) We are, and we always have been, opposed to the proposal of any Protectionist doctrine. (Cheers.) But allow me, in saying that, to take note that the extreme advocates of Free Trade are apt to use the undoubted position which the doctrine of Free Trade has obtained in order to gather under its broad mantle many things which really have nothing to do with Free Trade. (Hear, hear.) I decline—though repudiating both in respect of corn and all other matters the doctrines of Protection—I decline to make any other fiscal pledge. I decline to say how far and to what extent our fiscal system may be modified, for such questions must be dealt with simply on the merits of each individual case, and cannot be included in any general formula. (Cheers.) I can quite imagine that many modifications of our fiscal system may be very desirable. I am by no means an enthusiast for that extreme simplicity of fiscal arrangement which is due to Mr. Gladstone's introduction, but I energetically protest against being considered a Protectionist, because I will not accept all the illegitimate consequences which he has adduced from Protection and Free Trade. (Cheers.)

DEFENCE AND DEFIANCE.—Phenyle defends from Disease and defies its inroads. It is an unrivalled and agreeable Disinfectant. As. 8 and Re. 1. *Avoid imitations.* Sole Agents, PHILLIPS & Co. Ld. Bombay and Poona.

MARRIAGE OF LORD CAIRNS.

LORD CAIRNS' matrimonial tribulations are over at last, for he was happily married on Monday afternoon Dec. 19, to Miss Olive Berens, in the presence of the heir-apparent (who to his evident displeasure, was cheered by a portion of the crowd inside the church) and one of the largest and smartest congregations which ever assembled in St. Mary's, Bryanston Square. The bride looked very beautiful in a robe of white satin with a full Court train, a bodice trimmed with pearl passementerie, a tulle veil, and diamond ornaments. Her bridesmaids and pages (one of the latter being a little son of the late Sir Herbert Stewart, Mrs Berens's brother, who is already a Royal page *in petto*) were dressed in four graduated shades of pink, beginning with the pale satin and point lace of the pages, and ending in the deep coralcolour worn by the bride's sisters, the younger of whom made her first appearance at the wedding. Lord Cairns presented the bridesmaids with Earl's coronets in diamonds over the initials O. C. in enamel as brooches ; Mrs. Berens wore dark heliotrope velvet and gold ; the dowager Lady Cairns put aside her widow's weeds and came in a thick soft black silk ; and Lady Lilias Sherbrooke was in grey and black. Mrs Lawson, in dark grey poult de soie, brought her daughter in Niagara-blue cloth ; and Mrs Harry Lawson was dressed in emerald-green velvet trimmed with golden beads. The presents included a bracelet of beaten gold, set with sapphires and diamonds, from the Prince of Wales, and a diamond and ruby aigrette brooch from Mrs Mackay. The effect of the "study in pink" was both novel and picturesque ; and, after the reception in Great Cumberland Place was over, Lord and Lady Cairns very wisely avoided the possibility of mobbing and missing trains by posting in old style to Gatton Cottage, Reigate, which Mrs Crawford has lent her nephew for the honeymoon."

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

THE half-yearly meeting of this company was held at the Cannon-street Hotel, Major General Trevor presiding.—The directors recommended the distribution of 107.59th in payment of a dividend in January next of 1l. 8s. 6d. per 100l. Consolidated Stock, making with the guaranteed interest, a total distribution for the half-year on the capital stock of the company of 3l. 18s. 6d. per cent., as against 4l. 3s. 6d. per cent. in January last, and 3l. 17s. 6d. per cent. in January, 1886. In moving the adoption of the report and accounts, the Chairman said they could have paid a little more dividend, but the traffic of the current half-year had turned out so bad that it was thought better to keep little back than divide at once up to the hilt. The causes of the disappointing returns of the current half-year resulted from failure of crops in the Punjab, and from low prices in Europe for wheat and seeds. These causes had affected not them alone, but the other two railways serving the districts affected viz. the East Indian Railway, and the North Western State Railway that runs from Delhi to Kurrachee. However, they had one consolation—the depression was only transient ; better harvests would, he hoped, soon be garnered and, be prices high or low, export would recommence and traffic revive. Two or three good seasons found all bins overflowing. Under these circumstances all they had to do was to bide their time. The traffic would come to them, and though this might not happen quite as soon as they could wish, still they knew it was there, and that in due time it would be enjoyed. The line was admirably managed by the staff in India. No point where advantage could be gained was neglected, and no saving, however small, lost sight of. As would be seen from the accounts their own line had been worked at 36½ per cent. of the gross receipts and the Rajputana Railway at 46 per cent., which were both very satisfactory figures. He regretted to have to state that they could not clear the guaranteed interest this half year, but they would get about 1s. 6d. per cent. over and above the guaranteed 2l. 10s.—The Chairman's motion was unanimously agreed to.

The fifth ordinary general meeting of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways Company (Limited) was held at Winchester-house, Old Broad-street. Lieutenant-General Sir Richard J. Meade presided, and in moving the adoption of the report stated that the completion of the Warangal-Dornakul section and mineral branch had been retarded by difficulties, which, however, he was glad to state had been overcome, and the line would be opened on the 1st prox. That must largely increase their traffic. Progress on the Dornakul frontier section had been interrupted by the want of labour and by sickness among the gangs employed. The British section (from the frontier to Bezwada) was making satisfactory progress. The revenue of the half-year to June of the lines opened for traffic had been 802,107 rupees, and the working expenses had been 59 per cent. The net revenue to the Nizam was 328,516 rupees, compared with 249,199 rupees for the corresponding period of last year. With regard to the current half-[illegible] not been as large as those for the same period of [illegible] but that had also been the experience of other Indian railways. Referring to certain statements made in Parliament last August, he said that there was not a particle of reason for asserting that there had been any underhand dealings in connexion with the undertaking. Mr. O. C. Waterfield seconded the motion which was agreed to, as was also the payment of interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for the half-year ending the 31st instant.

REVIVAL OF SHIPBUILDING.

ACCOUNTS are already published showing the amount of business done during the year in the chief centres of shipbuilding and marine engineering throughout the United Kingdom. It is interesting to note that in this department of national industry, as well as in others, business shows a very satisfactory tendency to improvement. Looking first to the Clyde as the greatest of all shipbuilding centres, statistics show that the tonnage constructed during 1887 reached a total of 185,362 tons,—not a very brilliant result perhaps when it is contrasted with the enormous volume of shipping produced in years like 1882 and 1883, but still comparing favourably with the returns made during the later periods of depression. The increase over last year amounts to 12,922 tons, but as compared with 1885 there is a decrease of about 8,000 tons. Of the vessels 194, aggregating 148,569 tons, were constructed of steel ; 46, representing 36,286 tons, of iron ; and 86, with a tonnage of 507, of wood. The vessels built of steel are about 80 per cent. of the total, whereas last year steel was only represented to the extent of 68½ per cent., and the year previous 48 per cent. Marine engines were constructed during the year to the number of 159, both by shipbuilders and marine engineers, representing an indicated horse-power of 198,992. Of these 63, and a tonnage of 134,120, were on the triple-expansion principle, several were quadruple-expansion engines, and a large number, especially for paddle-boats, on the compound principle. There is at the present time shipbuilding work on hand aggregating 206,041 tons. This is 75,765 tons more than in July 1887, and 88,366 more than in December 1886. So much for the Clyde. In other parts of Scotland the upward movement is equally marked, more especially in the case of Dundee, where the output has jumped from 3547 tons in 1886 to 14,245 tons in 1887. Turning to the principle shipbuilding ports of England, it will be seen that those on the Tyne have launched 103,646 tons during the present year—an increase of rather over 20,000 tons. The Wear has produced 84,483 tons as compared with 56,700, and the Tees 35,346 tons as compared with 20,476. From the Hartlepools a still more remarkable advance is reported, for while only 15,193 tons of shipping were put into the water in 1886 as many as 53,451 tons are on the list for the year just drawing to a close—an increase of more than three-fold. The returns for the Humber indicate little change, while those fort he Mersey stand almost alone in indicating a considerable decrease. Altogether the advance in the production at the principal Scotch and English shipbuilding yards cannot fall very much short of 150,000 tons, so that the total tonnage for the whole kingdom, which in 1886 amounted to close on 400,000 tons, may this year be reckoned at something like 550,000 tons.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

ARRIVALS REPORTED.

Mr C M Jerdon, B.	Col H P Hawkes, CB, MSC
Mr C F Tuffnell, B.	Lt-Col A W Foord, MSC.
Mr W B Campbell, B.	Lt-Col C Beadon, M Cav.
Mr C Hughes-Hallett, B.	Capt A Hatton, MSC.
Lt A E Whistler, BSC.	Hon Capt W Jackson, M.
Lt G B Unwin, BSC.	Lt D G L Shaw, MSC.
Lt W F M I Fraser, BSC.	Surg J Scott, M.
Sub-Cond T R Mundy, B.	Lt-Col P D Mander, Bo Inf.
Mr F D'A Vincent, M.	Lt C H C Heyman, Bo SC.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr J F Bradbury, BCS, 3 mo.	Mr W H Segrave, B, 2 mo.
Capt W F C C Plowden, BSC, 2 mo.	Mr F A Dashwood, Bo, 6 mo.
Lt W H Lowery, MSC, 6 mo.	Mr C H Brereton, Bo, mo.
	Lt-Col C F Hughes, Bo, SC, 183 days.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Mr F Baker, BCS.	Col D M Strong, B Inf.
Lt-Col L H E Tucker, B Inf.	Capt E C M Lushington, BSC.
Major J R Brereton-Benner, BSC.	Capt C B Brownlow, BSC.
	Lt W P Anderson, BSC.
Capt A de V Alexander, BSC.	Lt A C Baldwin, MSC.
	Sub-Cond E Newby, B.

THE DUKE OF NORFOLK'S RECEPTION BY THE POPE.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 3 p.m.
Scottish Orphanage Annual Concert, Town Hall, 9 p.m.
Chiarini's Circus, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Assam (s), from London ; Kerbella (s), London via Karachi ; Avlona (s), Batoum ; Bhownagar (s), Bhownagar ; Commilla (s), Karachi ; Novasa (s), Calcutta ; Brakelow (s), Liverpool and Venetia (s), Hongkong.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Sattara (s), for Gulf and Karachi ; Calder (s), Persian Gulf ; Kt. of St. John, Antwerp ; Orion (s), Mussowah ; Akaba (s), Genoa and Marseilles ; and Rubattino (s), Genoa and Naples.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Etolia entered, and the s.s. Orion and Kt. of St. John left, the dock on Sunday ; the s.s. Kerbela and Assam entered it yesterday.

LOST PROPERTY.—Hajee Salay Mahomed, living in Serang Street, reported to the police the loss of a purse containing four pearls, an emerald, a silver ring, and Rs. 2 in cash, of the collective value of Rs. 406, on Monday, somewhere between Nagdevi and Kolsa Street.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.—A Hindoo child, aged about four years, was admitted yesterday forenoon at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, suffering from a wound in the arm, inflicted by a shot from a rifle which went off while in the hands of a servant to the Medical Officer in charge of the Tansa Water Works.

SUNKERSETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the last month was 2,100. Of these 659 were new admissions, consisting of 293 Hindoos, 293 Mussulmans, 58 Parsees, 13 Christians, and 2 of other caste ; the average daily attendance being 67·74. The total number of children vaccinated at the dispensary was 60.

ELPHINSTONIANS IN LONDON.—A social gathering of Bombay Elphinstonians was held in London at the Duval Restaurant on Dec. 17th, the date of the meeting of the same kind at Bombay. The following were those who met in London :—Mr. D. M. Karaka, Mr. D. B. Shukla, Mr. P. J. Mehta, Mr. Budrudin A. K. Lookmani, and Mr. Gulam Mohamed B. Munshee.

ASSAULTING THE MATE.—Mr. Crawley-Boevey yesterday convicted James Stewart, a seaman of the ship Scottish Isles, on a charge of assaulting Mr. Jones, the Chief Officer of the ship. It appeared that on the 30th October Stewart did not turn to work, and the Chief Officer finding him in the forecastle, called him out, but he refused to obey, and abused Mr. Jones, subsequently assaulting him. In defence Stewart denied having struck Mr. Jones first, but that he retaliated on being struck by the mate. He was sentenced to a month's hard labour in the House of Correction.

A LECTURE ON THE STUDY OF PERSIAN.—A paper on the "Study of Persian in Bombay" was read on Sunday afternoon last, in the Hall of the Buddhi Vardhak School, on Kalbadevi Road, by Mr. Ghulam Ahmed Munshi, Persian Teacher at the Elphinstone High School, and the younger son of Khan Bahadur H. G. M. Munshi, in connection with the Oriental Progress Union. The paper described the study of Persian as read by the University students here, their drawbacks and suggestions for improvement. The subject was discussed at some length before the meeting terminated by those present, and among those who spoke were Messrs. G. M. Gulam Ali, B.A., Munshi Shaikh Ahmed, Moroba, Munshi Riazuddin Ahmed, and Budruddin Coor, who presided.

THE BENEFIT OF A DOUBT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Constable Good placed two coolies, Ebraim Mahomed and Gulam Russool, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, on a charge of having in their possession 30 lbs. of cloves, the property of H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar, which formed part of a cargo brought to Bombay in the s.s. Murka, one of the Sultan's boats. The accused were engaged with others to discharge the cargo. At the close of the day's work the men, being searched prior to leaving the ship, were found to have the cloves in their possession. The third mate testified to the above men denied the charge, his evidence unsupported, and the but made the property over to the ship discharged them,

BOMBAY TRAMWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.—The following are the winning numbers for the month of Dec. 1887 :—

		Rs. 100 Prizes.	Ans.	Nos.
Special Line,	Down		1	A 573051
Yellow Line,	Down		,,	A 283477
		Rs. 10 Prizes.		
Special Line,	Down		2	088058
,,	Down		,,	099935
Yellow Line,	Down		,,	179774
,,	Down		,,	181360
,,	Up		1½	181923
,,	Up		,,	186393
Special Line,	Down		,,	204462
Brown Line,	Up		1	519927
,,	Up		,,	523528
Special Line,	Up		,,	A 237714
Green Line,	Down		,,	A 259699
,,	Down		,,	A 264511
Lavender Line,	Down		½	123246
Special Line,	Down		,,	264678
,,	Down		,,	269938

THEFT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Inspector Dillon charged a Pathan, named Tore Abdool Rahman, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, with theft of a box, containing money and property of the value of Rs. 122-11, belonging to a Mogul, named Kutboodin Elliaskhan. The accused was arrested by a sepoy near the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital with the box under his arm. The Pathan on being questioned by the policeman returned evasive answers and then eventually said that the box belonged to his brother, and that he was taking it to the station. The sepoy, however, disbelieved his story, and on inquiry learnt from another Pathan that the box belonged to a Mogul and had been taken away from his house by the accused. The complainant identified the box as his, and the accused as having been his servant. Prisoner, pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to six months' hard labour, and the sepoy was awarded fifty marks for good conduct.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at the Morgue, Cammateepoora, touching the death of Clario Maximo, aged 30 years, a quartermaster of the ship John Davis, now lying in this harbour. Deceased, it was alleged, while at sea, inflicted a cut accidentally on one of the fingers of his left hand, which was amputated on his arrival at Mauritius. He returned from the hospital after having been there twenty days, but remained on the sick list ever since. He behaved like a mad-man, but was not violent. At about half-past-five o'clock yesterday morning he was found lying in his bunk, with his neck and shoulders covered with blood, and an open clasp-knife in his right hand. The matter was reported to the Captain and officers of the vessel, who, on finding him in a dying state, sent for the police and had him brought on shore. While he was being conveyed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital he died. Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the coroner, said he examined the body of the deceased. There was an old wound on the middle finger of the left hand, and another about half an inch long in the front of the neck, nearly three inches deep ; blood was issuing from the wound, the nose, and the mouth. From the evidence he had heard and the *post mortem* appearances he was of opinion that the cause of death was hæmorrhage from the wound of the throat, and that it was self-inflicted. The verdict was that deceased committed suicide while in a fit of temporary insanity.

MR. J. GARDINER.—The *Deccan Herald* says that Mr. J. Gardiner, Postmaster, of Poona, is so seriously ill that it has been found necessary to remove him to the European General Hospital in Bombay for treatment.

ASSAULT ON A SOWCAR.—We hear that in the village of Hawarie, in the Dharwar Collectorate, a Sowcar went to one of his debtors to recover a sum of money. The very hot reception, however, that the Sowcar received, necessitated his speedy removal into hospital—*Poona Observer*.

INSANITARY STATE OF THE CITY OF POONA.—In forwarding to the Secretary of State the Sanitary Commissioner's Report, the Government of Bombay have made the following remarks with regard to the insanitary condition of the City of Poona :—"The unhealthy condition of the City of Poona has for some time engaged the serious attention of Government, who have already appointed a special committee to consider and report upon the best scheme for removing the various causes which now affect the health of the city of Poona. That steps have recently been taken to diminish as far as possible the injurious effects of excessive irrigated cultivations in the city and its Cantonment, and that the attention of the Municipality has been called to the foul state of the latrines and sewers, and it has been urged to take measures to purify and improve them.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 10.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

PRINCIPLES OF THE LAW OF PARTNERSHI…

COWASJEE RUTTONJEE LIMBOOWALA *vs.* BURJOR… RUSTOMJEE LIMBOOWALA AND OTHERS.

HIS LORDSHIP delivered judgment in the case, which the plaintiff claimed, as assignee of the exec… trix and executor of Ruttonjee Nowrojee, deceased, … be entitled to a one-anna share in the business carr… on by the defendants under the name of Nowro… Cursetjee and Company, of which firm the decea… Ruttonjee was a partner. Mr. Farran and … Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishank… and Dinshaw, appeared for the plaintiff ; and … Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Lang, instructed … Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, appeared … the defendants.

The facts on which the plaintiff relied were t… the accounts of the partnership had remained … adjusted for many years prior to the death … Ruttonjee. The defendants were anxious to obt… the signature of Ruttonjee to some release or … justment, and after his death, they were anx… to obtain such release from his executor … executrix. It was eventually agreed that the la… should accept a lump sum offered by the … fendants as the amount due to the estate of Rutto… without further examination of the past account… the firm and should pass a release in respect there… and that the interest of the executor and execut… as representing the estate of Ruttonjee, should be … tinued as a one-anna share. The latter agreement … not in writing. It appeared to his Lordship upon … evidence that the adjustment of the accounts with… further examination was the real consideration for … alleged new partnership. The first question … arose was, whether this evidence was admissible un… section 92 of the Evidence Act. The operative wo… of the release were—In consideration of the paym… of Rs. 8,000, Perozbai and Bapujee, as such … cutrix and executor, do hereby release the parties f… the share and interest of Ruttonjee in the said B… Together with these words must be read the re… that the sum of Rs. 8,000 was arrived at after … mination of the books. Was the alleged oral ag… ment inconsistent with the written agreement … excluded by the rule of law that parol evidence … not be tendered for the purpose of altering the te… of a written contract ? The plaintiff's witne… said that the one-anna share was agreed to … given in consideration of the accounts … being examined ; and this agreement seemed to … Lordship to be inconsistent with the writing, whe… the representatives of Ruttonjee released the part… from all claims in respect of Ruttonjee's share … interest. The lump sum was paid ; and under … writing all claims, arising out of the old partner… ceased and determined. Under section 92, his L… ship felt bound to exclude the oral agreement. It … not a purely collateral or additional agreement … constituted an addition to the terms of a contract … had been reduced into writing, and was inconsis… with those terms. It is one of the fundamental … ciples of partnership law that no person can be i… duced as a partner without the consent of all … who, for the time being, are members of the firm. … consent to the new one-anna share was given … Burjorjee only a few days before the release ; b… was not proved to his Lordship's satisfaction that … other partners consented to the new partnership … that Burjorjee had authority to act for all. … Lordship thought the plaintiff's assignees put t… selves, legally, if not morally, out of Court by … signatures to the release, and by theri neglec… obtain the consent of all the partners. The … gave judgment for the defendants with costs, in… ing the costs of the *de bene esse* examination.

COSTS OF AN APPEAL TO THE PRIVY COU…

CHARLES AGNEW TURNER *vs.* HIS HIGHNESS AGA AKBAR SHAH.

HIS LORDSHIP, in disposing of the case, said … suit was brought by the plaintiff to recover Rs. … from the defendant in terms of his letter of guar… dated 10th January, 1885. The plaintiff, as O… Assignee, being unwilling to proceed with an … in a case against Hajee Beebee and others, unl… was adequately indemnified against any costs o… respondent which he might thereafter be direc… pay, the defendant, by a written guarantee, date… January, 1885, undertook to hold the plaintiff har… against the respondent's costs in the appeal … extent of Rs. 5,000, in addition to a security for … which the plaintiff then held from Mr. Mahom… Rogay. The appeal was decided in the pla… favour, but subsequently, the respondents h… appealed to the Judicial Committee of the … Appeal Court. The suit was dismissed ; and … plaintiff was ordered to pay the costs of the res… ions throughout. His Lordship was of opinion … the defendant's contentions were not well-fo… and there was no evidence to support them. … regarded Mr. Mahomed Ali Rogay, his Lords… thought that the security he had given bound … to pay any costs which Mr. Turner might ha… pay. The condition of the guarantee given b… defendant had been fulfilled by Mr. Turner, a… defendant was bound to pay under his guaran… decree was given for the plaintiff for Rs. 4,5… interest and costs.

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSO…

SERVICE will be held on board the s.s… the Prince's Dock, this evening, at ha… o'clock. Captains, Officers, Enginee… Seamen, and others are cordially invited … flag will be hoisted.

MADRAS.

WATER SUPPLY AT BANGALORE. A p… Niliris has seriously contemplated subm… proper authority, a project to supply B… drinking water from the Pykara River. … is intended to convey the water in pi… must be taken that these are put togeth… very different from that in which the A… pipes have been cemented. He contend… water will be diverted at a point in th… which there is no cultivation. The … absolutely pure.—*South of India Observe…*

MADRAS RAILWAY.—Owing to the p… modation at the Perambore Workshop… insufficient to shelter the large addition… stock of the Madras Railway that is … constructed, a sum of Rs. 20,000 has … for the immediate erection of those … stabling of the rolling stock while … pletion.—*Times*.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY.—The boar… of the South Indian Railway have in… Agent in India to have at once prepared … land plans, estimates, &c., for the pr… railway from Villupuram to Paikal i… construction of the same being proce… rapidly as possible after receipt of … sanction thereto.—*Ibid*.

WATER-RATE FOR INAM LANDS.—The … of Mysore has issued the following N… general information and guidance … Inamdar is permitted to use Govern… the produce of a Government irri… to irrigate his Inam land, and wher… thus permitted to be used is either irr… granted or is irrigation in excess of … to which he is entitled in virtue o… he shall be liable to pay a water-rate to… ment calculated at the following rat… Rupees 4 per acre when the irrigat… wholly at Government expense from … river irrigation channel. (2.) Rupees … irrigation from a private branch chan… be drawn from a Government river irri… (3.) Rupees 2-8 per acre for irrig… good Government tank or other irrig… tributing water till about March. (… per acre for irrigation from other inf… Government water-supply. The abov… plicable to unsurveyed taluks, and are l… on the introduction of the Survey Settle… taluks, the Deputy Commissioner sha… rate for each case in accordance wi… of the above classification, but with d… survey valuation of similar neigh… minus the ordinary dry rate, after r… of doubt, to the Survey Superintende… fixed under the Notification should … ported to the Survey and Settlement …

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH … A few drops of the liquid "Florilin… a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasa… thoroughly cleanses the teeth fr… or imparities, hardens the gums, … stops decay, gives to the teeth a … whiteness, and a delightful fragran… It removes all unpleasant odour aris… teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fr… being composed in part of honey a… is delicious to the taste, and the gr… covery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of … Perfumers throughout the world. S… the Anglo-American Drug Company … Farringdon-road, London.

…OF THE OVERLAND … THE 23RD DECEMBER.

…Co.'s s.s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. … in Bombay harbour at 5 a.m. …g, with the Overland mails of the … The following is the list of

FROM LONDON.

Lady Souter and child
Mr Gudgeon
Mr Bell
Mr Hodgson
…w and 2 Mr Johnson
Mr Mahomed Ali
Mr Stinton
Mrs Hawkes

FROM NAPLES.
Mr F Bailey

FROM VENICE.
Mr McHardy

FROM BRINDISI.
Mr Begbie

FROM SUEZ.
Mr O W Jones

…OF INTELLIGENCE.

…23RD DECEMBER INCLUSIVE.)

…mpanied by Prince and Princess …rg, left Windsor on Wednesday for …

…n on Friday unveiled a statue of …oyal Holloway College, Egham, and …speech inculcating in the female …ition the necessity for education … as well as book learning. …il was held on Saturday, at which …re present.

…Irish Chief Secretary, and Lord …hancellor, returned to Dublin on …

…Parliament is now fixed for Thurs…

… Salisbury on Monday opened the …t Derby, and afterwards addressed …. In his principal speech he said …nt could give no encouragement to …viving protection, and he vindicated …Government in Ireland as the only …g peace and happiness to that …

…l Conference on the Sugar Bounties …ir labours by a protocol substan… the export bounty system, and their … be considered by the respective …

…d a long interview with Mr. Balfour, …etary for Ireland, on Monday, to …e encouragement for the development …echnical schools, and manufacturing …alfour expressed his warm sympathy …of the deputation, but pointed out …hat would have to be encountered. …hill, M.P., has left London for St. …is expected to remain in Russia until …ry.

…ey, M.P., who has been suffering from …f illness, is now recovering.

…four Stewart, holding the chair of …phy at Owens College, died on Monday, …

…H. Mackonochie, formerly incumbent …hurch, Holborn, who was on a visit to …rgyll, perished in the snow on the hills …n, having lost his way in a fog which …hile making an excursion on foot and …

…C. Selwyn, Head Master of Liverpool …n elected Head Master of Uppingham …

…f Cavan died on Friday, aged 72. He …h the Irish peerage by his eldest son, …ursie, M.P. …Nattrass, a Wesleyan minister, died …hile conducting a service in a chapel at …

…layfair, M.P., addressing his consti… …ds on Friday, addressed himself almost … the recent movement for reviving … which he offered strong opposing …

…ey on Friday formally unveiled a …late General Earle, erected in front of …Liverpool.

…Court on Saturday of stabbing … during the Trafalgar-square riots, and …ed to five years' penal servitude.

…l of Linnell, who died from injuries …g the riots at Trafalgar-square on Nov. … the occasion of a Socialist demonstration …although there were some wild speeches …and much crowding, no serious disturb…

…Stanley, as Commissioner appointed to …e failure of the Cardiff Savings Bank, …report, attributing concealment and …otuary and neglect to the trustees. …llian and Harkins, who are charged with … of dynamite for felonious purposes, …mitted for trial.

…as Doherty, an American stockbroker, …d on Tuesday of shooting Michael … an American, with whom he had had a …rning a gambling debt. The Judge … to 20 years' penal servitude.

…or arrears of tithes have been carried out …s, notwithstanding violent opposition by …wds.

…n, of the 5th Dragoon Guards, has com… …at Leamington.

…, M.P., proprietor of the *Cork Daily* …onvicted on Monday of publishing in …ports of suppressed League meetings, and …d to two months' imprisonment.

…y, M.P., was convicted on Friday of incit… …e in a public speech, and was sentenced …ths' imprisonment. On giving notice of …s released upon bail. Mr. Sheehy has …ntenced to a month's imprisonment, with… …our, for another offence.

…—Dep.-Surg.-Gen. A.M. Garden, Ben. Ret… R. Maunsell, Royal (Bom.) Eng. Ret. ; … W. A. Smail ; Maj.-Gen. T. J. Valiant ; …Bayley ; Major Green ; the Earl of Cavan; …Stewart ; Rev. Canon Lowe ; Rev. A. H …e; Dr. A. Farre ; Baroness Grey-de-Rathyn.

…h the extreme apprehensions caused by …ovements in Poland and the semi-official …tifying them have somewhat subsided, a …y feeling prevails in Vienna. Further Military …erial Councils have been held, and it has …ed to take some precautions in Galicia, but …tic representations have been made to St. …

…lin papers impeach the accuracy of the … in the Russian *Invalide* justifying Russian … military force in Poland by the threatening … Germany and Austria, and they criticize …e military strength of the three Powers, …w to prove the inability of Russia to meet …ed forces of the other two Empires.

… little apparent notice is taken of the threat… …ions between the three Empires, but, never… …here is a general disposition to espouse the …n by Russia.

…Berlin Reichstag on Friday the Bill for pro… …ilitary service in the Landwehr and the … was accepted almost unanimously. The Bill …bout 500,000 men to the defensive force of …

…lt of Sir M. Mackenzie's visit to San Remo … be satisfactory, as it is officially reported …w development is only a small swelling, and … Prince's general health is excellent.

…nch Chambers adjourned on Saturday, after … had agreed to a three months' financial … to the prolongation for six months of the …l Treaty with Italy.

…nish Government has invited the Powers …rence on the subject of foreign protectorate …, which it is expected will be accepted, but … be some delay on account of preliminary …eports being required.

…derable body of rebel Arabs have collected …in, and have made several attacks on the …ch have been repulsed. Reinforcements …t from Cairo to Suakin.

…n Aubertin, who attempted the life of …has become decidedly insane.

…e of Norfolk's mission from Queen Victoria …e was formally received with much dis… … His Holiness on Saturday.

…i-official organ of the Vatican denies a …n a French paper that the Duke of Nor… …on to Rome contemplated the establish… …lomatic relations between the Papacy and … Government.

…ar Noor Mahomed has broken up the …force he had raised in opposition to the …ghanistan, and he intends to surrender to …authorities.

…pt to send timber from Canada to New … form of an immense raft has been unsucc… …aft having broken up in a gale, and the …ers are dangerous to navigation.

…n Australian Parliament has been pro… …passing the new Taxation Bill.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S VISIT TO RUSSIA.

LORD AND LADY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL, accompanied by Mr. Trafford, arrived in Berlin on Tuesday night, December 20, on their way to Russia. The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says :—

This time his lordship has not wrapped himself in the impenetrable cloak of mystery which baffled public curiosity when he visited Berlin last as "Mr. Spencer ;" but nevertheless the quidnuncs in the press are sorely exercised as to the true object of his visit to Russia. It is to entreat an audience of the Czar, they ask, in order to address a warning to his Russian Majesty ; or has his lordship a secret mission to the heads of the Panslavists ; or is bear-hunting his object or skating his secret purpose ? for anything and all things are possible with this young and eccentric English lord. It is needless to say that all these guesses are wide of the mark, and that his lordship is merely going to Russia with the ordinary motives of an inquisitive and intelligent traveller. On Wednesday Lord and Lady Randolph Churchill dined at the Foreign Office, and afterwards continued their journey to St. Petersburg. The German press is discussing everything connected with the unexpected appearance of the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The St. Petersburg *Grashdanin* attributes Lord Randolph's approaching visit to the Russian capital to a serious divergence of views between the ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer and Lord Salisbury as to the advisableness of pledging England to co-operation with Prince Bismarck's league of peace. Prince Mestchersky learns "from a very good source" that Lord Randolph desires to enter into relations with Russian statesmen, and to obtain an audience of the Czar, the results of which may, in the Prince's opinion, very seriously influence the future foreign policy of Great Britain.

THE FUNERAL OF LINNELL.

THE attempt of the Law and Liberty Defence League to make a political demonstration on Sunday, December 18, in Trafalgar-square under the guise of a public funeral of the body of the man Linnell was completely defeated. Sir Charles Warren compelled the procession, which started from Lexington-street, to adopt a line of route which brought it into the Strand at Wellington-street, about half a mile distant from the square. The hearse, which was an open one, bore a shield in front, with the words, "Killed in Trafalgar-square ;" and it was also surmounted with three little flags—one in red, representing the colour of the Socialists ; the second in green, representative of the Irish democracy ; and the third, which was of red, yellow, and green, being the colours of the Law and Liberty Defence League. When the coffin was brought out it was covered with the usual black pall, but when it was deposited in the hearse a red cloth was spread over the black one. On the coffin-lid there was a brass plate inscribed, "Alfred Linnell, forty-one, died December 3, 1887, from injuries inflicted by the police in Trafalgar-square November 20. Buried at the public expense December 18, 1887." The followers or attendants included Mr. Cunninghame Graham, M.P., Mr. John Burns, the Socialist, Mr. William Morris, the Reverend Stewart Headlam, and Mrs. Besant. A couple of undertakers, broughams, a cab, and a brake, labelled "Choir," followed. At the bottom of Wellington-street an immense number of people joined, including a very large number of Bermondsey and Southwark roughs. These strove to block up the whole of the Strand traffic, and the police at once set to work to force them to maintain a passage for advancing traffic. Then, with shouting and howling, the procession marched eastward. In Fleet-street a mischievous mob had gathered. The roughest of the rough were amongst those near to Chancery-lane, and they showed their mood for mischief by trying to overturn cabs which had been overtaken by the van of the procession. At Ludgate-circus other south Londoners joined, and on the westward steps of St. Paul's throngs of people had gathered. Thus the funeral, which, as a procession, was without form, made its way down Cheapside, across Cornhill, up Leadenhall-street through Aldgate, into the broadway of Whitechapel.

Darkness had set in by the time the procession reached the gates of Bow Cemetery, and with the darkness rain. The organizers had arranged that only a certain number of followers should be admitted ; but those who had accompanied the procession did not assent, and an unseemly strife was carried on outside, so that the processional march of the funeral party was to the accompaniment of shrill whistlings, hootings, and other discordant cries. An attempt was made to show some reverent feeling. A cry was raised of "hats off," and many of those nearest to the hearse showed this sign of respect to the dead ; but the crowd, which sprawled over tombs, and graves, and monuments, made no sign of being animated by any feeling of respect. In the darkness the Burial Service of the Church of England was hurriedly read, being delivered in a constant succession by the friendly shelter of an onlooker's hat ; but the service was heard by few outside the immediate crowd around the grave, for the others were talking more or less loudly. Then the rain, which had been slight before, began to fall more heavily. Speeches were delivered by two persons, one of them being Mr. William Morris, and the sentiment of the two was that the police must be ruled by the people, their masters, and Mr. Morris added that the police made London one huge prison. The speeches were rendered almost inaudible by the retreating feet of many who were not inclined to stop in the drenching rain, and in a few minutes the cemetery was deserted by all except a few, who chanted the "death song" composed by Mr. William Morris. When those who had stayed thus long left the cemetery they found that the large host outside had disappeared before the downpouring rain.

LORD SALISBURY ON FAIR TRADE.

THE Marquis of Salisbury visited Derby on December 19 and opened the Beaconsfield Club in that town. In the evening he addressed a large meeting in the theatre. On the subject of fair trade, he said :—

There is another matter, so separate from all others which has arisen lately, that perhaps I may be excused for dealing with it separately. It is a matter of very different moment. I cannot use with respect to it terms of deep seriousness, but am anxious to observe the most respectful language. I refer to the question of Fair Trade—(cheers)—and I introduce it only for the purpose—which perhaps you will think irrelevant—of saying that I am not going to express any opinion about it. I abstain from expressing any opinion about it for a reason which may seem to you inadequate and inapplicable—for the reason that I do not know exactly what it means. I have the greatest respect for many of those by whom the word is used. I have a deep sympathy for the undoubted and real and most cruel sufferings out of which the desire for some such remedy has sprung ; but I wait with respectful attention until the demands of those who ask for Fair Trade are embodied in the only form in which my unimaginative intelligence is capable of comprehending them—namely, as clauses of a Bill presented to Parliament. I have listened to and read carefully all that has been said about Fair Trade. I have observed this—that there are many points on which they are agreed, and on many points they are precise ; but upon those points on which they are precise they are not agreed, and upon those points on which they are agreed they are not precise. (Laughter and cheers.) I therefore wait till I see in the clauses of a Bill what are the precise propositions that they desire to make, and whether these propositions shall be criticised hostilely or favourably. I prefer to defer my opinion until I have real materials to form it on. But I must protest most energetically—because my hon. friend on this platform has passed a motion in favour of Fair Trade—I must protest most energetically against the impression that it is to follow that her Majesty's Government are pledged to the doctrines of Protection. We have always and on all occasions frankly expressed our opinion that protection of corn, that the advocacy of such a doctrine is very unwise, and that the prospect of such a measure being carried into effect—even if it were expedient, which I do not think it is—is absolutely out of the bounds of political possibility. (Cheers.) We are, and we always have been, opposed to the proposal of any Protectionist doctrine. (Cheers.) But allow me, in saying that, to take note that the extreme advocates of Free Trade are apt to use the undoubted position which the doctrine of Free Trade has obtained in order to gather under its broad mantle many things which really have nothing to do with Free Trade. (Hear, hear.) I decline—though repudiating both in respect of corn and all other matters the doctrines of Protection—I decline to make any other fiscal pledge. I decline to say how far and to what extent our fiscal system may be modified, for such questions must be dealt with simply on the merits of each individual case, and cannot be included in any general formula. (Cheers.) I can quite imagine that many modifications of our fiscal system may be very desirable. I am by no means an enthusiast for that extreme simplicity of fiscal arrangement which is due to Mr. Gladstone's introduction, but I energetically protest against being considered a Protectionist, because I will not accept all the illegitimate consequences which he has adduced from Protection and Free Trade. (Cheers.)

DEFENCE AND DEFIANCE.—Phenyle defends from Disease and defies its inroads. It is an unrivalled and agreeable Disinfectant. As. 8 and Re. 1. Avoid imitations. Sole Agents, PHILLIPS & Co. Ld. Bombay and Poona.

MARRIAGE OF LORD CAIRNS.

LORD CAIRNS' matrimonial tribulations are over at last, for he was happily married on Monday afternoon Dec. 19, to Miss Olive Berens, in the presence of the heir-apparent (who to his evident displeasure, was cheered by a portion of the crowd inside the church) and one of the largest and smartest congregations which ever assembled in St. Mary's, Bryanston Square. The bride looked very beautiful in a robe of white satin with a full Court train, a bodice trimmed with pearl passementerie, a tulle veil, and diamond ornaments. Her bridesmaids and pages (one of the latter being a little son of the late Sir Herbert Stewart, Mrs Berens's brother, who is already a Royal page in petto) were dressed in four graduated shades of pink, beginning with the pale satin and point lace of the pages, and ending in the deep coral-colour worn by the bride's sisters, the younger of whom made her first appearance at the wedding. Lord Cairns presented the bridesmaids with Earl's coronets in diamonds over the initials O. C. in enamel as brooches ; Mrs. Berens wore dark heliotrope velvet and gold ; the dowager Lady Cairns put aside her widow's weeds and came in a thick soft black silk ; and Lady Lilias Sherbrooke was in grey and black. Mrs Lawson, in dark grey poult de soie, brought her daughter in Niagara-blue cloth ; and Mrs Harry Lawson was dressed in emerald-green velvet trimmed with golden beads. The presents included a bracelet of beaten gold, set with sapphires and diamonds, from the Prince of Wales, and a diamond and ruby aigrette brooch from Mrs Mackay. The effect of the "study in pink" was both novel and picturesque ; and, after the reception in Great Cumberland Place was over, Lord and Lady Cairns very wisely avoided the possibility of mobbing and missing trains by posting in old style to Gatton Cottage, Reigate, which Mrs Crawford has lent her nephew for the honeymoon."

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

THE half-yearly meeting of this company was held at the Cannon-street Hotel, Major General Trevor presiding.—The directors recommended the distribution of 107,591*l.* in payment of a dividend in January next of 1*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* per 100*l.* Consolidated Stock, making with the guaranteed interest, a total distribution for the half-year on the capital stock of the company of 3*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.* per cent., as against 4*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* per cent. in January last, and 3*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per cent. in January 1886. In moving the adoption of the report and accounts, the Chairman said they could have paid a little more dividend, but the traffic of the current half-year had turned out so bad that it was thought better to keep little back than divide at once up to the hilt. The causes of the disappointing returns of the current half-year resulted from failure of crops in the Punjab, and from low prices in Europe for wheat and seeds. These causes had affected not them alone, but the other two railways serving the district affected viz., the East Indian Railway, and the North Western State Railway that runs from Delhi to Kurrachee. However, they had one consolation—the depression was only transient ; better harvests would, he hoped, soon be garnered and, be prices high or low, export would recommence and traffic revive. Two or three good seasons found all bins overflowing. Under these circumstances all they had to do was to bide their time. The traffic would come to them, and though this might not happen quite as soon as they could wish, still they knew it was there, and that in due time it would be enjoyed. The line was admirably managed by the staff in India. No point where advantage could be gained was neglected, and no saving, however small, lost sight of. As would be seen from the accounts their own line had been worked at 36½ per cent. of the gross receipts and the Rajputana Railway at 46 per cent., which were both very satisfactory figures. He regretted to have to state that they could not clear the guaranteed interest this half year, but they would get about 1*s.* 6*d.* per cent. over and above the guaranteed 2*l.* 10*s.*—The Chairman's motion was unanimously agreed to.

The fifth ordinary general meeting of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways Company (Limited) was held at Winchester-house, Old Broad-street. Lieutenant-General Sir Richard J. Meade presided, and in moving the adoption of the report stated that the completion of the Warangal-Dornakul section and mineral branch had been retarded by difficulties, which, however, he was glad to state had been overcome, and the line would be opened on the 1st prox. That must largely increase their traffic. Progress on the Dornakul frontier section had been interrupted by the want of labour and by sickness among the gangs employed. The British section (from the frontier to Bezwada) was making satisfactory progress. The revenue of the half-year to June of the lines opened for traffic had been 802,107 rupees, and the working expenses had been 59 per cent. The net revenue to the Nizam was 328,516 rupees, compared with 240,199 rupees for the corresponding period of last year. With regard to the current half-not been as large as those for the same period of last but that had also been the experience of other Indian railways. Referring to certain statements made in Parliament last August, he said that there was not a particle of reason for asserting that there had been any underhand dealings in connexion with the undertaking. Mr. O. C. Waterfield seconded the motion which was agreed to, as was also the payment of interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum for the half-year ending the 31st instant.

REVIVAL OF SHIPBUILDING.

ACCOUNTS are already published showing the amount of business done during the year in the chief centres of shipbuilding and marine engineering throughout the United Kingdom. It is interesting to note that in this department of national industry, as well as in others, business shows a very satisfactory tendency to improvement. Looking first to the Clyde as the greatest of all shipbuilding centres, statistics show that the tonnage constructed during 1887 reached a total of 185,362 tons,—not a very brilliant result perhaps when it is contrasted with the enormous volume of shipping produced in years like 1882 and 1883, but still comparing favourably with the returns made during the later periods of depression. The increase over last year amounts to 12,922 tons, but as compared with 1885 there is a decrease of about 8,000 tons. Of the vessels 194, aggregating 148,569 tons, were constructed of steel ; 46, representing 36,286 tons, of iron ; and 86, with a tonnage of 507, of wood. The vessels built of steel are about 80 per cent. of the total, whereas last year steel was only represented to the extent of 68½ per cent., and the year previous 48 per cent. Marine engines were constructed during the year to the number of 159, both by shipbuilders and marine engineers, representing an indicated horse-power of 198,992. Of these 63, and a tonnage of 134,120, were on the triple-expansion principle, several were quadruple-expansion engines, and a large number, especially for paddle-boats, on the compound principle. There is at the present time shipbuilding work on hand aggregating 206,041 tons. This is 75,765 tons more than in July 1887, and 88,366 more than in December 1886. So much for the Clyde. In other parts of Scotland the upward movement is equally marked, more especially in the case of Dundee, where the output has jumped from 3547 tons in 1886 to 14,245 tons in 1887. Turning to the principle shipbuilding ports of England, it will be seen that those on the Tyne have launched 103,646 tons during the present year—an increase of rather over 20,000 tons. The Wear has produced 84,483 tons as compared with 56,700, and the Tees 35,346 tons as compared with 20,476. From the Hartlepools a still more remarkable advance is reported, for while only 15,193 tons of shipping were put into the water in 1886 as many as 53,451 tons are on the list for the year just drawing to a close—an increase of more than three-fold. The returns for the Humber indicate little change, while those fort he Mersey stand almost alone in indicating a considerable decrease. Altogether the advance in the production at the principal Scotch and English shipbuilding yards cannot fall very much short of 150,000 tons, so that the total tonnage for the whole kingdom, which in 1886 amounted to close on 400,000 tons, may this year be reckoned at something like 550,000 tons.

THE SERVICES AT HOME.

ARRIVALS REPORTED.

Mr C M Jerdon, B.
Mr C F Tuffnell, B.
Mr W B Campbell, B.
Mr C Hughes-Hallett, B.
Lt A E Whistler, BSC.
Lt G B Unwin, BSC.
Lt W F M I Fraser, BSC.
Sub-Cond T R Mundy, S.
Mr F D'A Vincent, M.
Col H P Hawkes, CB, MSC
Lt-Col A W Foord, MSC.
Lt-Col C Beadon, M Cav.
Capt A Hatton, MSC.
Hon Capt W Jackson, M.
Lt D G L Shaw, MSC.
Surg I Scott, M.
Lt-Col F D Mander, Bo Inf.
Lt C H C Heymsn, Bo SC.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Mr J F Bradbury, BCS, 3 mo.
Capt W F C C Plowden, BSC, 2 mo.
Lt W H Lowery, MSC, 6 mo.
Mr W H Segrave, B, 2 mo.
Mr F A Dashwood, Bo, 6 mo.
Mr C H Brereton Bo, mo.
Lt-Col C F Hughes, Bo, SC, 183 days.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

Mr F Baker, BCS.
Lt-Col L H E Tucker, B Inf.
Major J R Brereton-Benner, BSC.
Capt A de V Alexander, BSC.
Col D M Strong, B Inf.
Capt E C M Lushington, BSC.
Capt C E Brownlow, BSC.
Lt W P Anderson, BSC.
Lt A C Baldwin, MSC.
Sub-Cond E Newby, B.

THE DUKE OF NORFOLK'S RECEPTION BY THE POPE.

GREAT importance (the *

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOW STREETS.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, 1888, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Joao Feliciano Vaz, Esq., the Executor of the last Will and Testament of Luis Maria De Souza, late of Bombay, Portuguese inhabitant, deceased, the following valuable landed property :—

PARTICULARS.—All the estate and interest of the late Luis Maria De Souza and of his Executor, Mr. Joao Feliciano Vaz, the vendor, in all that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, with the appurtenances situate, lying and being on the east side of Girgaum Back Road, in the sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 451 6-9 square yards or thereabout, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 204, new No. 1,583, old survey No. 516, new survey No. 7841, and by the Collector of Municipal taxes under No. 41, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the north by the property of Crustnarao Bhawoo, on or towards the south by the property of the late Damodher Mahadowjee, on or towards the east by the property of the late Crustna Mucoond Sett, and on or towards the west by the property of the Fabrica of the Cathedral of Nossa Senhora de Esperanca, and which said land and premises are now and for some time past have been in the occupation of Pascoal Philip de Souza and others.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made to Messrs. Tobin and Roughton, attorneys to the Executor or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 11th January, 1888.

BENNETT AND COMPANY
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BHOWNUGGER COTTON.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, on account of the concerned—

39 full pressed bales (brown) nugger cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong grey Arab pony under 13·3, has played, is quiet to ride and drive.

1 second-hand strong glass-fronted miniature brougham in good order.

1 second-hand strong boat shaped landau, in very good order.

1 strong bay Arab horse, 14·2½, 7 years old, quiet to ride and drive.

On SUNDAY, the 15th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 296, Parel Bhoiwaon Road, Nargaum, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated-ware, rich crockery and glass-ware, first-rate marble clocks, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures, Brussels and Persian carpets, &c., &c., the property of CURSETJEE COWASJEE, Watchmaker

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Norman Villa," Mazagon, opposite the Hamilton Hotel, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French polished household furniture, best plated-ware, rich crockery and glass-ware, a first-rate ebony wood grand square piano by Richard Lipp (very little used) handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich Brussels carpets, Hinks's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps a choice collection of flower pots, consisting of Poona roses of all kinds, sweet briar, ferns, crotons &c., the property of ALEXANDER MENESSES, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

MESSRS. BENNETT and Co. have been favoured with instructions from HORMUSJI N. VAKEEL, Esq., Solicitor (leaving Bombay), to sell by Public Auction at his residence, "Village View," at the bottom of Dongersey Road, Malabar Hill, at 1-30 p.m., on SATURDAY, the 21st, at 1-30 p.m., WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 28th instant, the whole of his superb household furniture and effects, including a large valuable library. The furniture, with few exceptions, was designed and executed to order by Mr. Wimbridge, and consists of complete suite for drawing-room, boudoir, library, and bed-room of the most massive workmanship, covered in the latest Art fabrics of the finest quality. The billiard-table and fittings including a telescope chandelier of six kerosine storm and punkha proof, Hinks's duplex patent lamps, and mahogany combination cabinet, made to special order, are by John Roberts and Co., and used for two months only. The dining-room furniture is partly by Wimbridge, partly by John Roberts and Co., and partly by Jamshedjee Nowrojee, and consists of handsome side-board in choice wood, dinner-waggons, large telescopic dining-table to seat sixteen persons, chairs, &c., &c., to match, superb electro-plated ware of exquisite design (specially ordered from first-rate firm), and which has been only recently unpacked, and in many instances never used), consisting of epergnes, centre-pieces, &c., &c. Very handsome porcelain dinner and dessert services of the finest quality, hand painted. Numerous table and cabinet ornaments in fine Satsuma, Kanga, Doultan, Limoges, Dresden and crown Derby ware. Very rich fine quality Brussels, Wilton, Persian, Warangal and other carpets, a first-rate rich-toned cottage piano, specially ordered from Europe and made for the Indian climate. A few choice oleographs and other pictures. Valuable clocks in bronze, very handsome glass gilt bronzed table, hanging and wall lamps by Ostler & Co., and other well known makers. A strong English-built mail-phaeton by "Lewis of Salisbury." This auction is *bona fide*, and the property will be

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Will be sold on WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p. m. It contains hundreds of volumes of valuable Standard Works, in all classics of Literature, comprising History, Biography, Travel, Poetry, Science, and Fiction by the best standard authors. The Classics, works of reference and general works of English Literature. Some scarce and out of print, especially rich in HISTORY many of the best LIBRARY EDITIONS in HANDSOME LEATHER BINDINGS.

Catalogues are ready, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable landed properties at Jail Road, Mazagon, and at Marine Street, Fort, opposite the Government Opium Godown.

Under instructions from the Mortgagee, Bai Cooverbai, widow, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mahomed Nobee Khan bin Mahomed Bauker Khan Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on the undermentioned dates, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following very valuable landed properties :—

LOT NO. 1.—TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th inst., at 4 p.m.—

All that piece or parcel of ground, containing by admeasurement four thousand one hundred and thirty-three square yards or thereabouts, and situate, lying and being without the Fort walls at Mazagon, formerly in the registration sub-district of Mazagon, but now in the registration sub-district of Mandvie, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2,409, and bounded on the East formerly by the Musjid Bunder Road and now by the Jail Road East Side, on the West by property formerly belonging to Muncherjee Cursetjee, but now by the property of the Sisters of All Saints, on the North, formerly by the road leading by the side of the Baboola Tank, from the Bhendy Bazar Road into the Musjid Bunder Road, now called the Baboola Tank Road, and on the South, formerly by property belonging to Mrs. Jadwan, but now by property known as Bealli's Dhuramsalla, and by property belonging to Dawoodbhoy Rusoojee together with the messuage, tenement, dwelling house, bungalows and premises standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 40, with all compound out-houses, stables, buildings, wells, and all which premises are surrounded by a wall and are now in the occupation of the said Mahomed Nabikhan.

LOT No. 2—On SATURDAY, the 14th instant, 1888, at 4 p.m. on the premises.—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement nine hundred and thirty-two square yards, be the same little more or less, together with the house, stable and erections standing thereon, with their appurtenances, situate on the west side of Marine Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Fort and Colaba, assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes, formerly under No. 20, but now under No 18, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under No 20, bounded as follows, that is to say on the North by the property, formerly belonging to the late Cowasjee Manockjee Ashburner, and known, as the Prince of Wales Hotel, and now belonging to Nusserwanjee Aspundiarjee Pochkhanawalla, on the East by the said Marine Street, and on the West by the property, formerly belonging to the said Cowasjee Manockjee Ashburner and now belonging to Burjorjee Rustomjee Battliwalla and which said premises are now in the occupation of Messrs. John Roberts and Co. and Framjee Ardaseer Davur.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani, solicitors, or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE.

On MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Freelands," Parel, adjoining Elphinstone College, opposite the Victoria Gardens, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, a sweet-toned rosewood grand square pianoforte by Richard Lipp in first-rate order, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a handsome English-built single-seated office brougham, in very good order, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of Professor J. T. HATHORNTHWAITE.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 11th January, 1888.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

INDESPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill-sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight Postage Free published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF SUPERIOR 1st AND 2nd CLASS TEAK SQUARES.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Frere Bunder, by order of Mr. Jainarrayen Sitaram.

109 tons superior, 1st and 2nd Class Teak Squares.

In lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF VALUABLE MACHINERY.

On FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 13th and 14th January, at 2 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Machine Depot at Byculla, Mazagon and Carnac Bunder, by order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mr. P. D. Framjee, the undermentioned valuable machinery—

Bullock gears for separating machines, corn thrashing machines, 12 and 20-ton screw jacks, centrifugal pumps, safety valves patent couplings, patent Cengine, cast-iron fan (blast), lift force pump, bean-splitting machine, set of bilge pump, special pulsometer, hydraulic and hand pumps, duplex punch, steam valves, planing machine, hydraulic ramp and dog, hydraulic sealing lift, stocks, taps and dies, patent alaram for boilers, ropes, blocks crab, winches, centrifugal portable pumps, lead-melting pan, wrought-iron drum and a 10-ton travelling crane.

On SATURDAY next, the 14th inst. at, p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 35, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome carved and plain blackwood and teakwood and inlaid satinwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned rosewood sympathetic square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Suehne, a handsome strong built victoria, a handsome bay Arab gelding, 7 years old, height about 14·3, ridden on parade by General Carnegy, and is broken to harness, set of brass-mounted single harness, lady and gentleman's saddles, with bridles, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, handsome Hink's patent kerosine oil hanging and table lamps, Brussels and Persian carpets, pictures, &c., the property of Captain H. FITZGERALD.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF EAU-DE-COLOGNE.

On MONDAY next, the 16th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Port Trust, Apollo Bonded Warehouse, on account of the concerned.

Ex s. s. Coromandel.

WAN 1095-1077—2 cases, each 50 dozen bottles, Eau-de Cologne.

The purchaser shall pay custom's duty.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 16th inst., at 2 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms.—

10 bales grey dhoties.
4 cases prints.
5 " white checks.
4 " mulls.
1 " handkerchieves.
5 " superfine colored cloth.
5 " colored lady's cloth.
7 " cotton shawls.
10 " scarlet color in ½ lb. tins.
10 " majenta color
2 " colored copper foils.

A Collard and Collard mahogany grand piano with iron bars.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome English built brougham.
1 " light victoria.
1 strong office shigram.
1 light buggy.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

FIRST CLASS MUSICAL BOXES, CUCKOO CLOCKS, ENGLISH GOLD JEWELLERY, &c., FOR SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 16th inst., at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

JUST LANDED.

17 first class musical boxes, playing 6 to 10 airs, with harp, flute, picolo, bells, &c.

6 fancy cuckoo clocks.

Also sets of handsome jugs and basins, glassware table ornaments, snuff boxes, beautiful earthen vases, and a small assortment of first class English jewellery 18 carat gold, and set with precious stones and pearls, well worth the attention of gentlemen.

A few silver watches without hands and other novelty watches.

The above will be on view three days before sale.

On TUESDAY the 17th January, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Warden Road, Breach Candy, the very valuable and handsome richly carved and plain French-polished, blackwood, teakwood, and satinwood household furniture, best electroplated ware, by Elkington, rich crockery and glassware, handsome English made chiffoniers and pier glasses, a handsome fish bowl on stand with gold fishes, a mahogany slate bagatelle table an iron safe on stand by Davies, a handsome English-built light double seated brougham in excellent order by Silk and Sons, a handsome light victoria, a handsome English built double seated brougham and a handsome grey Arab horse (goes also in double harness) set of double and single harness, rich table ornaments, real China and Japanese flower vase's and jars, handsome oil-painting, Hink's patent table and hanging lamps, Persian carpets a large collection of books, &c., the property of the late MANEKJEE CURSETJEE, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

HANDSOME ENGLISH BUILT CARRIAGES AND HORSES FOR SALE.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant 2-30 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at their rooms—

1 open buggy, painted green, trimmed with green cloth, complete with lamps.

1 lee-up ing buggy, with hood painted and lined blue, patent axles and lamps complete.

1 Albany phaeton, painted green, trimmed with cloth, seats can be changed to carry 4 or 6 persons, lamps, silver mountings, &c., lined with blue morocco, silver mountings, complete with pole bar and shafts.

1 lee and under spring victoria, painted brown and yellow, trimmed with morocco, brass mountings, hand-some lamp complete, the finest in Bombay.

1 capital victoria, on elliptic springs, painted and lined green, complete with lamps, pole and bar and three leading bars, a splendid carriage.

1 London dog-cart, paint d and lined blue, with patent mail axles, lamps, &c., and bay waler, gelding, 15 hands, high and very strong, to ride and drive.

1 elegant polo cart, varnished wood, with lamps, and dark bay C. B mare, very fast, and a fine saddle horse and capital jumper.

SALE OF HANDSOME CARRIAGES.

On TUESDAY, the 24th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at the Carriage Show Rooms of Mr. Sorabjee Nowrojee, behind Scott and Co.'s stables at Girgaum, the undermentioned carriages, viz :—

1 handsome landau by Morgan and Co., of Long Acre.
1 handsome light buggy by Silk and Sons.
1 light dog-cart.
1 handsome light landau by Kesterton.
1 do. do.
1 Madras-built door shigram by Simpson.
1 handsome English-built mail phaeton, with sliding and folding steps.

The above carriages are now on view.

THE BOMBAY LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

Important sale of part of the Pali Park Estate, near Bandora, consisting of well-built and prettily-situated bungalows and highly desirable building sites.

Part payment of purchase money can be deferred, if desired, upon building society principles so as to enable a small capitalist to become his own landlord.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, have been favoured by the directors of the above Company with instructions to offer to public competition on the ground on SATURDAY, the 28th day of January, 1888, at 3 o'clock, p.m., precisely.

Five bungalows and compounds and six building lots.

All situate on Pali Hill, the most beautiful spot, near Bombay. There is a good road from Bandora Station and Vehar water is about to be brought to the Hill.

The Auctioneers would draw particular attention to this sale as being the first house and land sale which has been held in the suburbs of Bombay upon such favourable terms.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Chalk, Walker and Smetham, Solicitors, Bombay, and from the auctioneers.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A very fine prize-dog, "Nellie." A good setter, 6 year's old.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 11th January, 1888.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO.,
PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE received a Consignment of very best Ivory-Handled Sheffield Cutlery, with through Tang. These have been made specially to our order by one of the best Manufacturers and are offered at exceptionally low prices.

18, Marine Street, Bombay.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.
BOMBAY.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA OR RINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY
BY
TODAR MAL.

Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 10.

THERE was a further advance in Consols in London yesterday, making the high quotation 103½, which shows a rise of 1½ per cent. within the last fortnight. In Paris, Rentes were steady at 107¾. Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged, so were Rupee Securities, though Silver is quoted ½d. higher by Reuter, at 44 7-16d. per oz.

The Mincing Lane markets have been without change, and in Wheat no further movement is reported.

The quiet feeling with which the Liverpool Market opened yesterday had developed into dullness at the close, though the estimate of 10,000 bales sales was realized, including 1,000 bales Surats. Mid-Uplands were still quoted at 5⅝d., but American arrival prices were 1-64d. lower in all positions. In Surats, "Good Fair" Oomras, "Good," and "Fine" Broach, and "Good Fair," "Good," and "Fine" Dhollera were all down 1-16d., and in other East Indian Cotton "Fully Good" Bengal comes ⅛ lower, making it again the same price as "Good." This morning's opening telegram reports the market quiet, probable sales 8,000, bales only, Imports 28,000 bales.

The Manchester Market had been quiet; but, judging from the quotations wired, previous prices were maintained.

The Receipts at the U. S. Ports at 27,000 bales, though higher than last year's on the same day (which was a comparatively heavy one), are considerably heavier than those of the year before, and Futures for May declined 13 points, say to 10·58 cents. the spot price still remaining steady at 10½ cents. The figures for the Receipts for the three years now give the following comparison :—

	1888	1887	1886
Monday's Receipts	27,000	35,000	14,000
Two days' do.	50,000	55,000	35,000
Since 1st Sept	4,174,000	3,959,000	3,772 000

Our local market opened weak in tone this morning in view of the discouraging advices from the governing markets, and dealers were open to entertain somewhat lower offers, except for Bengals, for which there have been native buyers at a rupee below the quoted rates. Broach has probably been weaker than any other growth, and has been offered for March by European sellers at Rs. 232, and by dealers at Rs. 231, without business resulting. The market has continued quiet throughout the day, and if we call rates generally unchanged at closing, it is probaly owing in a great measure to the absence of enquiry, not to speak of actual business, to test them. The few transactions reported comprise 500 bales Bengal, at Rs. 168 to Rs. 175½; 150 bales Ojein, at Rs. 185½; and 100 Julgaum, at Rs. 207½. Of old stuff 100 bales of Untni, at Rs. 160; and 200 Compta, at Rs. 163-5 were taken for local consumption.

WHEAT.—Beyond an advance of 3 pies per cwt. in Delhi No. 1, of the new crop, at Rs. 4-6-6, there is no change to notice in this export, which continues without life, and neglected alike by exporters and dealers

SEEDS.—A moderate business is reported to be passing in the Bazaar in *Linseed*; but exporting firms are not in the market at current rates. Of *Rapeseed* there is no stock of old to work upon; and the rates asked for contracts in the new crop are at least half-an-anna per cwt. above buyers' ideas. *Gingelly* is quiet at our last quotations.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	5,069 bales.
Wheat	16,918 cwt.
Linseed	9,267 "
Gingelly	14,745 "
Groundnuts	2,801 "

FREIGHTS are very quiet: previous rates are quoted for ready business, but there is hardly anything doing, and in forward engagements nothing fresh is reported.

EXCHANGE.—The Indian Council made an extra Sale of 4½ lakhs Bills on Bombay yesterday at Is. 5 1-32d., which shows an improvement of 1-32d. on the rate obtained last Wednesday. Our market has been steady to-day, and a further advance of 1-32d. in demand Bank Bills and Wire Transfers, and of 1-16 in three months' sight Credits has been established. The market, however, has been very quiet as to business, the demand for Bank Paper having been very slack, while sellers of Mercantile Bills have not come out to any extent. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 1-32d. per rupee.
Telegraphic Transfers	1s. 5 1-32d. "
Credits do.	1s. 5¼d. "
Francs do.	1·82½d. "

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Four per cents. opened this morning at an advance of 5-16 upon last evening's closing rate for cash; and after some business had been done at 98 1-16 the price further moved up to 98⅝, at which it remained steady. A good deal was booked forward for the February account, some of the Banks being reported to be buyers for future delivery as well as of ready Paper. 97 13-16 is the closing quotation for February, and 97½ for the 2nd March account, for which also some business is reported.

SHARES have been quiet to-day, but upon the whole prices of Mill Scrip have been steady, and in some cases higher prices have been obtained for the shares of favourite concerns. Connaught and Empress are both Rs. 5 higher, and Manockji Petit have advanced Rs. 2½. Ripon, on the other hand, are Rs. 2½ down; as also are Mofussil Press shares. The shares of the Clydesdale Dyeing and Manufacturing Company have further advanced Rs. 5, business having been done in them to-day at Rs. 530.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily
" " " Overland Summary.
" " " Weekly Budget
" " " Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co.
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

*** AGENTS WANTED.

AUTHORISED
BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stand, &c.
Complete and easy referen
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.

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NOW READY.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1888.

Printed and published at the
"BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

MARRIAGES.

DOHERTY—DOHERTY—Dec 14, at St. Leonards on Sea, John Canning Doherty, Esq. J P, to Beatrice Katharine Louisa, widow of the late Gen Henry Edward Doherty, C B, formerly commanding the 11th Light Dragoons.

NORTHCOTT—MARTIN—Dec 15, at Aberdeen, John B Northcott, of Alderley Edge, Cheshire, to Joanna Dewar Martin, widow of the late Richard Martin, of Bombay, and daughter of the late David Peter, of Perth.

PHAYRE—BAYLY—Dec 20, at Cranley-gardens, R Phayre, Princess of Wales's Own Regt, son of Lieut-Gen Sir Robert Phayre, KCB, to Anne Bayly, daughter of the late John J L Bayly, Esq, of Alderley, Gloucestershire.

DEATHS.

ALGAR—Nov 17, at Kimberley, South Africa, John Edward Algar, son of the late John Reynolds Algar, of the Post and Tel Office Service

BIALK—Dec 17, at Kensington, Alicia Carew, wife of Nicholas Charles Biale, of Calcutta, 47.

CAVAN—Dec 16, at The Lodge, Weston-super-Mare, the Earl of Cavan, 71.

CORMACK—Dec 12, at Cheltenham, Sophia Bashford, wife of Lieut-Col W F Cormack, late of H M Bombay Army, and relict of the late J W Martin. J P and D L of Tewkesbury, 78.

FARRE—Dec 17, at Albert-mansions, Victoria-street, Arthur Farre, MD, F R S, 76.

GARDEN—Dec 17, at Merrow, near Guildford, Archibald MacDonald Garden, Esq, Deputy Surgeon-Gen, Bengal Medical Service, retired, and late Superintendent-General Vaccination, Punjab, 55.

BOMBAY.

DESILVA—January 8, at Nusserabad, the wife of James DeSilva, Apothecary, Bombay Medical Department, of a daughter.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1888.

IT would be interesting to know what a Hindu religious teacher would think of six rupees a year as a stipend on which to live while fulfilling his mission. Major Tucker, of the Salvation Army, maintains in his calendar what he had already stated in our columns that a shilling a month suffices for the maintenance of a Hindu missionary. We doubt whether even the most abstemious of ascetics could subsist on such a pittance—if he had to buy his food. Of course, if he gets his food for the asking, the case is different. In the matter of clothes some of the indigenous religious leave the Salvation Army nowhere in the competitive economy which the enthusiastic Major desires to encourage. But if it were possible to vie in the matter of "cheap religious teaching" with the Hindu propagandist it is open to doubt whether the Salvation Army could carry on the war with success by dint of a parsimony attaining to the point of extreme self-sacrifice short of absolute nudity. Something more is required—the power of working miracles, and to that the officers of the Salvation Army do not lay claim. When fifteen years ago Professor Max Müller declared that Brahmanism was dead, as it was not a missionary religion, Sir Alfred Lyall pointed out that it was the one religion which did not throw its miracles back into the past, but deemed them part of its armoury for present use, and used them freely to the edification of the Hindu millions. Even so long ago he anticipated Canon Taylor in his doubts as to whether salaried preachers, however earnest and conscientious, can convert India, and he did not believe that a good middle-class education, such as is given in Scottish Mission Schools, could qualify men to persuade the heathen to embrace Christianity. On this point Major Tucker is at one with Sir Alfred Lyall and Canon Taylor, but when Sir Alfred adduces, as one of the necessities of a propaganda in India, a reputation for the power of working miracles, probably the Salvation Army will decline to concur with him. We are inclined to believe with Sir Alfred that "a religion which is continually and copiously sustained by perpetual miraculous intervention, and which still keeps its gates open for any quantity of new prodigies and new deities, must necessarily prevail for a long time against more spiritual faiths." We are even prepared on good grounds to say with the same authority that it is impossible to make converts in India on any considerable scale without miraculous gifts "which are never claimed by, but are readily imputed to a new teacher or saint," who must be discreet enough to submit as passively as he can to the imputation in question.

As an illustration of this marvellous facility of belief possessed by Hindus untainted by the European scepticism we may refer to a case recently tried in the High Court before Mr. Justice Farran, in which a certain Swami or religious teacher was sued for the restitution of a house which had been lent him, but which he had made his own, taking the loan as a gift. With a view to test the validity of his pretensions to holiness when he claimed that his word should be taken in preference to that of the plaintiff, the Swami was asked by Mr. Kirkpatrick, the plaintiff's counsel, how he could be a real Swami, seeing that he had a wife alive? He answered that when his predecessor died eight years ago, and he succeeded to that high and holy eminence, he had put away his wife and had not seen her since. But, said the counsel, you have a daughter four years old? Quite unabashed, the Swami said, "Yes; the daughter was born to me four years ago, but she was conceived four years before, just before my predecessor died, as I said, eight years ago. I have been a Swami ever since, and have not seen her who was my wife till then." The learned Judge could not credit the possibility of such a statement being made as a matter of course. The question was repeated in various forms, but the answer was given readily that the child was his, and was born four years after his total separation from the mother. No one of the followers of the Swami was in the least degree troubled; why might not such a thing happen? The Swami was a holy man and could work a miracle. Asked whether he worked miracles, the Swami said that he laid no claim to a power which was exercised by God alone; his followers believed God manifested his power through him, but he could form no opinion on such a matter; every thing is possible to God. To make the trustworthiness of the Swami's evidence clear to one of the counsels engaged, a Hindu solicitor pointed to a man in court who had been born two years after his father's death. To this testimony might be added that which was adduced before a British Political Officer in Kattyawar to prove that the son of a Chief born eighteen months after his reputed father's death, was indeed his son, for such things happened often and were the custom in Kattyawar! Why not, when miracles are as it were in the very air of India, and can be worked at will, if only the needs or the prayers of the devout require them at the hands of an indulgent and omnipotent Providence?

We see that a religious paper published in London—the *Methodist Times* to hand by yesterday's mail—pronounces Major Tucker's letter, which we published with so much pleasure, deserving of universal attention. That letter, after allowing a deduction from the population of India of 130,000,000 of children too young to be preached to as yet, speaks of one hundred and thirty millions of people the majority of whom cannot read and who must be addressed *viva voce* so that they may be brought to a knowledge of the truths of Christianity. This would give us a moderate computation of one million and three hundred thousand evangelists, and it is out of the question that the £10,000,000 a year which would be necessary to maintain such a proselyting force at the present rate of pay could be found either in India or elsewhere. The writer in London agrees with Major Tucker that it is absolutely necessary to have a cheap evangelising agency, at least as cheap as the agency employed by Hinduism and as willing to be paid in kind as the Hindu teachers. Acting on this principle the Salvation Army promises to have in another year or two the largest staff of any missionary society in the world. This is as it should be, "if the work is to advance on a large scale, we must have less costly agents and agents who will identify themselves fully with the natives." But how far will that identification extend? Not to the point in which the new missionaries will share the generous illusion that work miracles and show prodigies. Short of that there can be a certain amount of identification in regard to matters of clothing and diet, and sitting on the ground instead of on chairs and the like; but when all these more or less mechanical approximations are realised where will be that spiritual affinity which brings the European evangelists into complete intellectual harmony with men whose [illegible] point of view as different from their own as history and tradition and mental bias could make them? It is very doubtful whether the preaching of even one or two millions of missionaries could achieve the conversion of the population of India to a new faith. It would be more philosophical to expect that the indigenous faith should evolve new forms in the course of centuries under the pressure of changing circumstances. The millions of Hindu teachers, living on a shilling a month, would not attain the measure of success which Major Tucker envies them if they did not find the spiritual and intellectual conditions which are favourable to the reception of such teaching, prepared for them, and ready to their hands. They are the product of Hinduism and not its *causa causans*. They would find it quite beyond their powers to preach the English population into the adoption of Hindu conceptions of religious truth, were an Indian General Booth to commission them to invade England as the Salvation Army has invaded India.

THE Prime Minister of Indore, Mr. R. Ragunath Rao, has lately presented the Maharajah with a report on the administration of the State since his Highness ascended the gadi which for candour, at all events, leaves nothing to be desired. An outsider, reporting upon the characteristics of the administration, could not have spoken more plainly than the Dewan has done. In the Police Department he finds, as evinced by the fact that more than twice as many people were acquitted as convicted, that there were reckless prosecutions and that it is high time for both magistrates and police to be of a better stamp than they are. In the sick rate in the gaols, which is as much as eleven-and-a-half per cent., he finds a state of things "not creditable to the authorities." In reporting upon the Municipality of Indore he draws attention to the curious fact that the registration returns showed only 122 births against nearly ten times the number of deaths, a looseness in registration which far and away beats anything of the kind that we have found even in the Bombay Presidency sanitary reports. But it is in reviewing the land revenue administration that the Dewan has most fault to find. "The truth is," he tells the Maharajah, "that the demand is excessive by more than a fifth." More than a fifth is in arrears, and the Dewan, who has not included wholesale eviction in his view of the resources of civilization, plainly says that he entertains no hopes of its collection. Not having so exalted a conception of the rights of the State in the soil as, for instance, Lord Clanricarde has of the rights of a landlord, he does not get beyond the modest suggestion that, the demand being one-fifth in excess of what the ryots can pay, equity and good policy require that it should be reduced by one-fifth. Great things may be done for Indore if the policy thus indicated is carried out. It would not have been of much use in the late Maharajah's time for even an angel from heaven, much less a Dewan, to put it officially on record that permanency and moderation are a *sine qua non* of a good revenue settlement in any country," for Holkar had his own notions about revenue, and they were the notions of a Marwaree. With a new ruler there ought to be better chance of the old Indore way of getting the most out of the ryots being departed from. But Dewan Ragunath has learnt long ago that in Indore it is easier to condemn a good policy than to give effect to it. Yet if plain speaking before the Sovereign of India's State, Indore should soon see better days. He seems anxious to bring about a reorganisation of some of the Departments. His suggestion that a European engineer should be appointed for the State is recommended by the experience of all the leading native states, and almost the same may be said of his recommendation of the appointment of a European superintendent for the Educational Department. The condition of the roads and public buildings of the State, and the backwardness of its educational work offer warrant for both proposals. There is, indeed, abundant room for the energies of a reforming Minister in a state which, while spending over seven lakhs of rupees on the palace and twenty lakhs on military and an ineffecient police, spares less than half-a-lakh on education and even less on hospitals.

THE connection between the E. I. R. and the G. I. P. Railway mail trains yesterday was missed owing to detention of the former. The Calcutta mail therefore did not arrive until last evening.

WHO are "the Gaelic Club, Poona, India," from whom the National League at Dublin lately received a subscription of £10?

BALANCES held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

PRECARIOUS POSITION OF PRINCE FERDINAND.

BERLIN, JAN. 10.

The *National Zeitung* states that steps will shortly be taken by the Powers to remove Prince Ferdinand from the Throne of Bulgaria.

THE RUSSIAN BUDGET.

ST PETERSBURG, JAN. 10.

The Russian Budget for 1888 has just been published. The Finance Minister proposes to effect reductions in expenditure to the extent of eight millions of Roubles, chiefly in the War and Marine Departments.

SENTENCE ON ANOTHER MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, JAN. 10.

Mr. Timothy Harrington, member for the Harbour Division, Dublin and Secretary to the Irish National League, who, with his brother Edward, was arrested on 2nd December, on a charge of publishing reports of meetings of the League, has been sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment, but has been released on bail, pending the result of an appeal against the sentence.

COLLISION BETWEEN CROFTERS AND THE POLICE.

Serious rioting has taken place near Stornoway, the Crofters having come into collision with the Police. It was found necessary to send a body of Marines and sailors to the assistance of the constabulary. Several persons received severe injuries. Seven of the rioters were arrested.

PATRIOTIC DEMONSTRATION AT ROME.

ROME, JAN. 9.

To-day being the tenth anniversary of the death of King Victor Emmanuel, the people commemorated the occasion by attending at the Pantheon, where the remains of the King were interred, when a most imposing ceremony took place.

This is construed as the reply of the Italians to the recent display made in connection with the Jubilee of the Pope.

THE FISHERIES COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 9.

The Anglo-American Fisheries Commission has resumed its sittings.

THE INDIA COUNCIL.

LONDON, JAN. 10.

The Hon'ble Sir Alfred Comyns Lyall, K.C.B., C.I.E., late Lieutenant-Governor, North-West Provinces, has been appointed to the seat at the Council of the Secretary of State for India rendered vacant by the death of Sir Robert Montgomery.

THE TROOPING SEASON.

PORTSMOUTH, JAN. 9.

H. M. S. Indian Troopship Serapis, with the eighth batch of reliefs for India, left to-day and is due in Bombay on 7th February.

STEAMER ASHORE.

SUEZ, JAN. 10.

The s.s. Lancaster, outward bound, Liverpool to Bombay, has gone ashore on Shabaly Reef, and is reported as leaking badly.

ADDRESS TO SIR DINSHAW M. PETIT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BHUSAWAL, JAN. 10.

This morning the Parsee community gave Sir Dinshaw, who is on his way to Calcutta, an address of welcome and congratulation in a handsome case. Sir Dinshaw made a suitable reply.

HONOUR REFUSED.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 10.

Mr. Ney Elias is reported to have declined the C.I.E. granted to him in the *New Year's Gazette*.

AFFAIRS AT NEPAUL.

The only fresh news from Nepaul is that fighting is said to have taken place in Sindbulia, a hill district within a short distance of Mozufferpore. The wounded men have been taken into Khatmandu in some numbers.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE INCOMING MAILS.

ADEN, JAN. 10.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Clyde, with the English mails of 30th December, left here for Bombay, at 4 p.m., this afternoon.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, JAN. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Navarino, outward bound for Kurrachee and Bombay, left here this afternoon.

SUEZ, JAN. 10.

The Italian Mail steamer Singapore left here for Bombay at midnight yesterday.

PENANG, JAN. 10.

The Italian steamer Bormida left here for Bombay yesterday evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 9.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅛

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	69⅛
4½ per cent. do.	73⅞
3 per cent. Consols for account	103½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	104¼
Bar Silver	44 7-16
4½ per cent. French Rentes	107½

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, Jan. 9.

10 p.m.	73·4

TUESDAY, Jan. 10.

6 a.m.	69·0
10 a.m.	75·1
2 p.m.	81·4
4 p.m.	80·5

MR. P. A. MUNTZ, M.P., while hunting with the Warwickshire hounds near Rugby, suddenly saw, a few yards in front of him, a wide pit. Unable to pull up in time, he endeavoured to jump it, but the distance was too far, and horse and rider were precipitated head first down the cavity, which was an old gravel pit 40 feet deep. Mr. Muntz was saved from certain death by falling on a projecting ledge, which broke the descent. He was stunned for a time, but speedily recovered. His injuries were, however, somewhat serious.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, DEC. 23.

SUCH of your readers as are interested in historical parallels may find not unprofitable occupation in noting the features in common possessed by the visit now being paid by Lord Randolph Churchill and that made to the same city by certain Quakers, representing the Peace Society, prior to the outbreak of the Crimean war. The parallel of to-day is not exactly on all fours with that of more than a generation ago. Few parallels so exactly coincide. In the present instance, however, the points of difference are those only which arise out of the differing circumstances of the respective periods. I do not say that Lord Randolph Churchill will, like his peace-loving prototypes, seek an audience of the Czar, and endeavour to persuade him to conflict by assuring him England will take no part in a Continental war. But his lordship is almost certain, designedly or undesignedly, to adopt a *role* not unlike this. He distrusts Lord Salisbury's foreign policy, while in office he kicked in a very unministerial way against Battenbergism, and threatened to resign, at whatever risk to the Tory Party, if the policy were not altered. It was altered for a time, but has now been resumed. Lord Randolph likes Battenbergism (if I may continue to use the word to represent the thing which has been altered) as little as ever, and is certain, notwithstanding certain unpleasantries of speech about Russian finance, to be popular in St. Petersburg. One remarkable feature in Lord Randolph Churchill's career is worth notice. He is a stronger man, and counts for far more in public life, as a private member than he was or than he did, as a Minister. His sublime self-confidence has led people to believe in him. He is in English politics what M. Clemenceau is in French, and is as little determined as is his Gallic compeer to use himself up in office too speedily. Last night, by a strange coincidence, his erratic lordship formed the subject of their most weighty utterances in the two leading evening papers. These journals so seldom agree on any one topic; then when they are in unison their agreement is wonderful. Both the *St. James's Gazette* and the *Pall Mall Gazette* burn incense before the Tory lordling. Neither likes him, neither trusts him; each believes him capable of the greatest political crimes if only his purposes be served and his ambitions gratified. The man who did not feel his self-importance increased and his pride sustained after a perusal of the two articles I have named is either too good or too bad for such a world as ours. For better or for worse Lord Randolph, if only he can preserve decent health, will count for a great deal in future English politics.

[I wrote the foregoing paragraph at a late hour last night, and am interested in finding that the *Times*, in its first leader this morning, takes very much the view of Lord Randolph Churchill's visit to St. Petersburg that I have expressed. The great journal even uses and applies, though in a slightly different manner, the same illustration that I employ of the Peace Society's deputation to the Czar Nicholas prior to the Crimean war.]

You will have gathered from the special telegram I sent you on Monday last that the Continental war prospects are, from the soldier's point of view, decidedly promising. For a few months there will be peace. I do not assert that at the end of a few months there will be war. But such a direful consummation is exceedingly probable. In spite of Lord Salisbury's well meaning but "obfuscating" references, in his speech at Derby, to Continental affairs, there is an uneasiness and alarm in men's minds such as I saw no trace of in the worst period of the Franco-German scare of last spring. The criticisms from Berlin of the article in the *Invalide Russe*—which article, by the way, has become an "event" of contemporary history—all tend in a similar direction. A correspondent in the Prussian city bids us to mark the overwhelming nature of German criticism, the unpatriotically hopes Russian soldiers can fight more stoutly than Russian diplomatists can argue. There may be reasons for such a pious wish, but certainly the evidence vouchsafed leads an unprejudiced observer to quite another conclusion. Russia is undeniably strong in the near neighbourhood of Galicia; Austria is as undeniably not. I say the recent scare was got up to afford the Emperor Francis Joseph an opportunity of strengthening his frontier, and, further, that Prince Bismarck set the ball a-rolling. All this only goes to show that the condition of affairs in Central Europe is very ticklish, and but little is required to set huge armaments in motion. I fear a great war is imminent and, though next year may not witness the impending struggle, we shall not enter upon the Nineties without a reconstruction of the map of Europe. When that takes peace I shall be surprised if Russia does not gain instead of lose territory. Although Germany, Austria, and perhaps Italy would be engaged against Russia, those Powers would not be able to concentrate their force against the Muscovite. France would strike in; the Balkan and South-Eastern nationalities generally would each look after its own interests, while Greece would get near to Constantinople. I should not wonder if General Boulanger's surprising quietude recently in France arose from the fact that he sees his opportunity near at hand. For the present condition of European politics Italy certainly need not go perilously near bankruptcy to double her income-tax, continue to absorb "sacred" Famine Insurance Fund, and yet remain in a constant state of financial insecurity—all because of the Cossack beyond the Hindoo Koosh. Russia has too much to face in Europe to become a terror in Central Asia.

Although we are within two days of Christmas there is for us, unfortunately, no *trève des confises*, such as that which seems to have had such beneficial effect on the political rivalries of our neighbours across the channel—I mean, of course, the English not the Irish channel. The cartoon in *Punch* this week is undoubtedly clever, but as a description of the situation it is not particularly happy. It is true that Mr. Gladstone is about to pay a visit to Italy, and Lord Randolph Churchill has gone to St. Petersburg, but the tone of words, with which we have been afflicted since Parliament was prorogued, proceeds as fiercely as ever. One journal, referring to the encounter that has just taken place between the Prime Minister and Sir William Harcourt, observes very truly that "these gladiatorial shows are becoming tiresome." During the past week fighting has been confined for the most part to Conservatives and Gladstonians, but it must not be supposed that the Liberal Unionists exhaust themselves at the Westminster baths. Lord Salisbury's speech at Derby had been awaited with some curiosity, as it was understood that his lordship would have something important to say on two subjects of more than ordinary interest, namely, the threatened European war and the condescence of the Fair Trade agitation. The alarm as to the nation was not unfounded. The Prime Minister made declarations on both questions, but I cannot say that he has added very much to the information we already possessed respecting the state of affairs on the Continent, and as to the other topic I fear his lordship's assurances will not be considered altogether satisfactory by Free Traders. The secession of Sir Thomas Grove, Bart., M.P., for one of the divisions of Wiltshire from the Liberal Unionists, is made much of by Gladstonians. But the most interesting phase of the Irish Question at the present moment is the attempt which is undoubtedly being made to nobble (if I may be pardoned the word) the Pope in the interests of what is called the Castle. Your former Viceroy has made the section of the English Catholics who follow the lead in politics of the Duke of Norfolk very angry. I am told, by signing the address to Mgr. Persico. It appears to be assumed that he has signed, but promoted even if he did not sign the memorial to the Papal delegate. I say it is a position to say whether the assumption is true, but it is not unreasonable. Lord Ripon is a son of the Roman Catholic Church, and is sincerely believed that the Pope was in danger of being led into committing himself, but would not hesitate to incur a certain amount of odium to prevent what he might consider an evil. One of the best reasons for saying that Lord Salisbury is most anxious to procure the intervention of the Sovereign Pontiff, though whether he is willing to recommend the establishment of regular diplomatic intercourse between this country and the Holy See I am not at present in a position to say. I believe that, personally at all events, Lord Salisbury is favourable to an envoy from England being accredited to the Court of St. James's; whether he would think it prudent to press such a course is, I think, extremely doubtful. Except from a small and somewhat influential [illegible] in England, the establishment of relations with the Vatican would probably meet with much opposition, but the case would be different. The Orange party is, are not perfectly satisfied with Her Majesty's present advisers, and one of them [illegible] to think what would happen if Rome should decide to concede all that Ireland has been asking for so long. The attitude of the Nationalists is clear and unmistakable. Mr. Parnell has not yet spoken out—possibly from his position as a Protestant he may have some delicacy in expressing in a public manner what he thinks about the rumours to which I have alluded, but some of his principal lieutenants have spoken out on the subject. When a Roman Catholic, devout Catholic, like Mr. Dillon, says that while his fellow-countrymen will obey the Pope in matters of religion they would as soon think of taking their politics from the Sultan of Turkey as from his Holiness, it will be seen that Leo XIII., who is a statesman as well as an ecclesiastic, will think twice before he allows himself to be made use of in such a manner as to bring him in antagonism, not only with the great majority of the people of Ireland, but with the Greater Ireland beyond the seas.

You will remember that some weeks ago I referred to the not utter improbability of Sir Henry Maine resigning his seat in the Council of the Secretary of State for India. A rumour reaches me late this afternoon that Sir Henry will resign almost immediately, but there is no time this week to verify the information. The report, however, reaches me from a good source, and I should not be surprised if it proves to be true. Sir Henry Maine's academical and other engagements are, I believe, so heavy that it seems impossible that he can devote very much attention to his duties at the India Office.

A resurrection of heroes has recently been one of the chief features of English experience. The archangel, whose trump has revived the heroes, is the Prince of Wales. His Royal Highness's fraternisation with J. L. Sullivan, the great Yankee, and John Smith, the Greater Briton, has done wonders for certain of our noble dead. Tom Sayers and John C. Heenan, with their contemporaries, have hovered about us of late, inspiring the talk wherever a few men have been gathered together and compelling the recollection of their mighty deeds. It is true, the talk has sometimes been contemptuous, but more often it has been admiring, and if those distinguished members of George Eliot's "choir invisible" have been able to re-visit this bit of the world, they have heard much that is good of themselves. I am not going to re-tell the story of the fight between Jem Smith and Jake Kilrain on an island in the Seine; my taste does not run in the direction of two strong men pounding at each other for two hundred minutes. But, I must say, that pugilism is just now very fashionable, and that the Prince of Wales is largely responsible for this. I must, further, say that the Prince has made a very great mistake in patronising the pugilists. There is much more disgust in private circles than the newspapers give any hint of. I don't suppose it is true that the Queen is greatly annoyed at her son's action, and has written indignantly to him, but if it were true, it would do her Majesty as much good in the eyes of the majority of her subjects as did the Jubilee procession. If prize-fighting were not illegal, the [illegible] not be so great. But, while it is not into prison because of their Saviour, it is felt to be most [illegible] Heir Apparent should so strongly patronise an illegal brutality. [illegible] has not developed a sudden [illegible] encounters. He has always [illegible] of the "noble" art. A journal[illegible] the fight for the championship [illegible] ago, in which King was one of [illegible] me, the other day, that he was [illegible] nearest telegraph station with [illegible] ber of the Prince's suite was [illegible] favour begged that the account [illegible] to his Royal Highness, who [illegible] ting details. Journalists are [illegible] Prince took precedence of the [illegible] iculars were wired.

[illegible] made this week in Southampton [illegible] submarine torpedo boat is worthy [illegible] of your authorities. Beyond [illegible] established that [illegible]

[illegible] in India could be made the [illegible] pair, however, of such means of [illegible] your service for, say, ten years [illegible] before the end of this century, [illegible] expect to have all your troops [illegible] of modern manufacture?

[illegible] urnal has appeared almost un[illegible] s called the *Evening Post*, and, [illegible] ting, is three evenings old. No. 1 [illegible] at either of two great stations [illegible] business on Wednesday evening. [illegible] not see the start. I have, however, [illegible] re me as I write. I should say, [illegible] y, it is not going to be a success. [illegible] very great change takes place in [illegible] of it; then, there may be a chance [illegible] e. But, for the moment, the odds [illegible] nst it, and I was not suprised to [illegible] of copies on the book stalls and [illegible] r one. It costs a penny, and is not [illegible] oney—that is, comparing it with [illegible] any "evenings." A mere repetition [illegible] *Financial News*, with no general [illegible] whatever and only a column of [illegible] and a company prospectus, there [illegible] gns about this infant born out of [illegible] e the year is waning. The lack [illegible] nful. Of enterprise there is no sign [illegible] yet the journal has money be[illegible]

[illegible] O'Connor, M.P., seems as if he [illegible] make a great success with his [illegible] "twinkle"—no, it will blaze—on [illegible] all goes well. Its beginning and [illegible] en as carefully thought out and [illegible] s possible. Unlike the *Evening* [illegible] evidently come prematurely into [illegible] *tar* will be thorn with the silver [illegible] nce and energy in its mouth. The [illegible] is preparing it has determined to [illegible] ghly alive. A friend of mine, whose [illegible] dia is well-known if not always [illegible] owing T. P. O'Connor very well, and [illegible] ed some capital in the *Star's* favour, [illegible] suggesting that one of the features [illegible] ould be a weekly column—on Monday [illegible] to counteract the *Times'* Calcutta [illegible] prightly-written Indian notes. My [illegible] far in his suggestion to promise [illegible] ver be a dull paragraph in the [illegible] you ever hear of so courageous, so [illegible] impudent a statement? Indian [illegible] ll? Why, to Englishmen there is [illegible] leathly dull as Indian matters. [illegible] or is a wise man. He knows [illegible] English folk care for India. "I [illegible] replied he, "have a line about [illegible] *Star* for three months!" He went on [illegible] t he meant to make his paper very [illegible] e knows well enough that unless [illegible] rible famine, a big war, a Lytonian [illegible] Prince's visit to India, or an Indian [illegible] tisfaction with his treatment in Eng[illegible] in England cares anything about [illegible]

[illegible] India is not to be always left out in [illegible] hear that, in the course of a few [illegible] ekly paper at a low price and popular [illegible] be started in London, or an existing [illegible] t and its policy controlled in the [illegible] ded, such paper to be devoted almost [illegible] o the promulgation of Indian facts and [illegible] an enterprise will not require a large [illegible] ther enough money will be forth[illegible] the venture remains to be seen.

[illegible] ganization of the Egyptian police force [illegible] pointment of a successor to Valentine [illegible] a are the two questions of the day in [illegible] ong the candidates for the post are [illegible] sha and Coles Pasha. Both speak Arabic [illegible] fact, the former is a polished scholar [illegible] guage, and both understand the native [illegible] nd how to deal with it. Should the [illegible] t of Inspector-General of Police go to [illegible] ege gentlemen, or any of the favourites [illegible] sha, the salary attached thereto, which [illegible] er annum, will be considerably reduced. [illegible] her hand, Sir Charles Warren's name is [illegible] in connection with the matter; and in [illegible] iscussion on the police question it was [illegible] rged that he should be offered the appoint[illegible] full powers to act as to improving the [illegible] of the force.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE 67th (Hampshire) Regiment, *en route* from Rangoon to England, arrived in Poona by two special trains on Monday morning. The first detachment consisted of the band and four companies under Major Braddon, and arrived about 9-30 a.m. They were played up to the Rest Camp by the Band and Bugles of the Durham Light Infantry, the Buglers falling out when well past the Council Hall, and returning to the Station for the remainder of the regiment. These arrived shortly afterwards under Colonel Baker (Commanding the battalion), and were in like manner played up to camp. The regiment, which has recently taken an honorable part in the Burma campaign, halts here for three days, proceeding to England by the next troopship.

THE remainder of the 9th Bombay Infantry left Poona for Sattara by S. M. Railway at 10-30 a.m., yesterday. They were played down to the Ghoreporie station by the Band of the 12th Bombay Infantry.

THE largest gun that has ever been mounted on a disappearing carriage has been tested within the last few days over the "Armstrong" proof range at Silloth. The gun and its carriage have been manufactured at Elswick for the Government of Victoria, and form part of a considerable order given to Sir W. Armstrong, Mitchell and Co., by the Australian colonies, the disappearing system having been adopted by their Governments for coast defence. The gun is in ordinary circumstances hidden entirely from view in a pit, and is raised into the firing position by the action of compressed air, working in a cylinder, thus remaining exposed to the enemy's fire for only a few seconds. The force of recoil on firing is utilized for compressing the air, so that the gun itself supplies the energy for raising it. An arrangement of mirrors enables it to be accurately sighted in the pit before it is raised to the firing position. The projectile weighed 500 lb., and the velocity obtained was 1,960 ft. per second. The gun rose steadily into the firing position in from eighteen to twenty seconds.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

THE "Bayley Shield" was fired for by "D" Company, at Coorla, yesterday. The following were the scores:—

	150 Yds.	300 Yds.	500 Yds.	Total.
Vol C E Major	24	24	22	70
Qr-Mr Sergt W Watkins	22	23	23	68
Vol W Stephens	23	21	22	66
Sergt H Black	23	20	22	65
Vol H Graveston	23	20	18	61
Vol J F Major	22	20	19	61
Sergt E Boylett	24	17	18	59
Vol J W Gordon	21	21	17	59
Vol C Engle	24	18	11	53
Lce-Corpl J A Dolton	24	7	19	50

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE CONCERT.

THE annual concert on behalf of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage, which has so many claims upon our sympathy and support, takes place this evening. The promoters are to be congratulated upon having been able to put forward a programme of unusual attractiveness, and it is only necessary to mention the names of such well-known vocalists as Mrs. Macmillan, Mrs. Walker, Miss Johnston, Miss Flower, and Messrs. Chisholm, Dixon, Wyer, Johnson, and Mant, to show that the concert will be one of the best ever given in Bombay. The programme is in great part constructed of some of the best known melodies from the rich store of Scottish national songs. An interesting innovation, and one that will afford gratification to all true Scotsmen, will be the bagpipe solo by Mr. F. H. Tod. But as the programme has already been laid before the public it is not necessary to enlarge upon its many attractions.

BREECHES OF ETIQUETTE.

[illegible] My trousers, as you may have heard, are [illegible] coloured but collared, and I take it very kindly of [illegible] your local utahorities that they have brought [illegible] the sartorial rules of the Presidency down to the [illegible] level of a poor *sans culotte* like myself.

Yours, by telegraph,
WILLIAM O'BRIEN.

Tullamore, Jan. 10.

DISCIPLINE AND MORAL TRAINING IN SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—It is perhaps premature to express an opinion on the practical bearings of the important Resolution of the Government of India as regards discipline and moral training in schools and colleges, a telegraphic summary of which you published in your paper of this morning. We may wait till the full text of the Resolution and the correspondence which has led to it, is published for general information. Meanwhile permit me to point out a misstatement into which you have been led in your article on the subject this morning, on what appears to be either insufficient or incorrect information. Towards the end of the article you say "as to the monitorial system, by which a disciplinary influence may be exercised on pupils in school and out of school, although it is an essential part of the public school life of England, it will bear adaptation to the necessities of Indian schools. It was introduced into the Elphinstone High School some years ago, and it was abandoned, not because it failed, but because of a change in the mastership." Now as regards "the monitorial system" above referred to, it has never been a peculiar feature of the Elphinstone High School, since, as far as I know, the system prevails in almost every school in the Presidency, whether Government or private. But what is perhaps meant by "the monitorial system" is the Prefect System, which undoubtedly is peculiar to the Elphinstone High School. But instead of its being "abandoned," as you say, because "of a change in the mastership," it has only been made more effective by selecting only such of the senior students to be prefects, as have been recommended by their masters for steadinesss of character and other qualifications necessary for the exercise of power over junior students, instead of nominating all senior boys indiscriminately to be prefects, as was the case at one time. Moreover, the system has been further improved by the appointment of some of the senior masters as master-prefects, to supervise and control the work of the prefects.—Yours, &c.,

V. A. MODAK.

Elphinstone H. School, Jan. 9.

[The information upon which our observations were based is contained in the following passage in the 17th paragraph of the Government Minute:—"The appointment of selected boys from the higher class of school to be monitors for the purpose of maintaining proper discipline during, and as far as possible out of, school hours, for reporting breaches of rules, and generally for maintaining a high standard of conduct and manners is commended to careful consideration. It is believed the system has been tried with success in some Indian schools, notably in the Elphinstone High School in Bombay, so that it seems needless to enter upon the details of the scheme here."—ED., *B. G.*]

A SOCIAL EVIL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I was glad to see in your columns the letter of your correspondent "Maritus." I myself have had cards, similar to those alluded to by "Maritus," thrust upon me at such public resorts as the Bander and the Bandstand, and I concur with him that this distribution of cards is doubtless due to the desire on the part of the late lady inhabitants of a certain street in or around Kamatipura to notify to their constituents and others their enforced changes of residence. It is about time this nuisance was put a stop to. As there is no legal prevention against the distribution of professional cards, the only means to obviate the necessity of these females thus advertising their abodes would be segregation, and if a once famous street, of which up to lately they were in sole possession, were gracefully handed back to them, no doubt, the nuisance would cease.—Yours, &c.,

Jan. 10. APOLLO BUNDER.

BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA OF BHOWNUGGUR, G.C.S.I.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNUGGUR, JAN. 7.

LAST Thursday was an auspicious day, full of merriment and interest to the subjects of the Chief of Bhownuggur, as it was the thirty-first anniversary of his Highness's birthday. The day was ushered in by the firing of guns at sunrise, and later on, about 9 a.m., was held a grand Durbar, which was numerously attended, although there were bidden to it only State officials, and the Moolgrassias and Bhayads of the territory. At this assemblage, the customary ceremonies of a Durbar were observed, and there was also provided music to while away the intervals between the several functions that had to be gone through. His Highness, after receiving the felicitations of all present, presented a pair of shawls to each of the heads of the chief departments of the State, and before the Durbar broke up every one present received as a gift of good omen a packet of home-made sugar-candy and *pan-sooparie*.

In the afternoon a children's *fete* on an extensive scale was given in the Public Gardens, no less than six thousand girls and boys of all nationalities being present. The gardens were beautifully ornamented for the occasion, and the children were regaled to a feast of sweetmeats and other dainty eatables, suitable provision having been made for their convenience and enjoyment adapted to their different nationalities and castes. There were provided, also for their enjoyment and that of the large number of spectators who had gathered on spot, various sports, such as races, tugs-of-war, and the like. These pastimes, it is needless to add, were heartily enjoyed by the young folk, and the winners among them were awarded prizes at the end of the sports.

But the most important of the day's proceedings was the announcement to the subjects of the State of certain valuable rights accorded and concessions made for the benefit of several classes, notably farmers and cultivators. The concessions made by his Highness show considerable liberality on his part, which, let it be hoped, will have the effect of being appreciated by the people in the spirit of their conception. There is just this risk in an affair of this nature, that people are apt to get so accustomed to frequent reductions of their liabilities, that instead of profiting by the advantages thus held out they learn to look upon them as matters of right. And consequently, instead of regarding such acts as an incentive to enhanced activity, they are liable to get slack in their pursuit after work. But against this risk we may safely believe the intelligent Chief of Bhownuggur has made due provision. That measure, however, which is most interesting and notable among those promulgated by his Highness last Thursday, is the one by which he accords the initial benefit of municipal self-government to his subjects—it is Act I of the present Hindu year 1944, and appears to be an elaborate measure, as may be judged from the fact of its taking up no less than eight pages of small print of the *Durbar Gazette*. It is of course an experimental act of considerable interest, which in spite of its imperfections, let us earnestly hope, may work smoothly, for on its success depends the proof as to whether the subject of his Highness are yet fit to exercise those privileges which in common with all Indians they are so anxious to possess. Perhaps before they proceed much further in their enjoyment of these rights they will have to learn that it is a luxury which, like all other luxuries, is best enjoyed when paid for—a condition which they have not insisted on, observing since they have obtained this act without experiencing the pleasure of paying any direct municipal taxes. If his Highness of Bhownuggur has devised the act as a first lesson to his subjects in the art of recognizing their obligations to the State for enjoying the benefits of a well-organized municipality, one cannot too highly eulogize the sagacity and ingenuity of a chief who possesses the rare art of teaching such unsavoury duties to his people by means that are so delectable and smooth.

The following is a *resume* of the several notifications issued by his Highness in an "extraordinary" of the *Durbar Gazette* bearing his own signature and the date of his birthday, in which he promulgates the measures which have been alluded to above:—

On the occasion of the celebration of my thirty-first birthday, and in commemoration thereof, I have thought it right to confer on my subjects and other people certain rights and advantages which are notified below:—

The Act I. of Samvat 1944 for entrusting the Municipality of the city of Bhownuggur with self-government, which has obtained my assent, is published to-day.

A free dispensary is to be opened, for the inhabi[illegible]

[illegible] State from the cultivators of the land in the towns and villages under Durbar Vahivat up to the end of Samvat 1943, and also the statements of Takavi (balances of loans due to the State from the cultivators,) up to the same time, it is found that there is a balance of Rs. 2,23,696 due to this State—a sum which I have determined to remit on the consideration of the poverty of the cultivators. I desire the Revenue Commissioner of my State to give credit for the amount due by every one of such cultivators.

Revenue Department.—Resolution—(Vero.) In all district towns of this State farm is given annually with permission to assess cotton carding at the rate of annas 2 (two) per every five pucca seer. This is reduced to half from Samvat 1944.

Revenue Department.—Resolution—(Vero.) The grazing tax levied on cattle and other animals in this State is reduced at half the rates, because the people who deal in this trade are mostly poor. This order is to have effect from the current year.

THE RATES TO BE CHARGED TO THE RESIDENT OWNERS OF A VILLAGE FOR THEIR ANIMALS.

	Annual Levy. Rs. a. p.
From 5 heads to 25 heads	0 12 0
„ 25 „ „ 50 „	1 8 0
„ 50 „ „ 100 „	2 4 0
„ 75 „ „ 100 „	3 0 0
„ 100 to any number	4 0 0
Sheep and goats—	
From 5 heads to 25 heads	0 6 0
„ 25 „ „ 50 „	0 12 0
„ 50 „ „ 100 „	1 8 0
„ 100 to any number	2 8 0
Grazing tax from outsiders—	
Per one cattle head	0 0 6
Per sheep and goat head	0 0 3

Revenue Department.—Resolution—(Vero). As a mark of favour the following items of revenue are to be foregone from towns and villages in the State from this current year:—

(1) Levy of Rs. 5 per kosh when sugar canes are produced by the Durbaree cultivators in the land in the occupation of service or religious holders or in the land solely belonging to Moolgrasias.

(2) Fee levied on a new house building constructed in the open yard land adjoining the houses in possession of tenants.

(3) Re. 1 (one) levied as permission fee from "Dakhla" players in the district towns.

(4) The police charge levied from the State villagers in some villages.

Revenue Department.—Resolution.—(Vero.) In all the villages in this State a tax is levied from all persons belonging to labouring classes at the rate of annas 8 (eight) per head per year; as a mark of favour the rate is reduced from Samvat 1944 to annas four leviable only from male adults.

Revenue Department.—Resolution.—Land Excise. Conformably to the order issued in Samvat 1927-28 in respect of the levy of land-excise duty in the villages and towns of this State, and to the subsequent orders passed in respect of the same, impost have been hitherto levied. This system requiring modification, it is resolved that henceforth the article of country production, except cotton, will be submitted to the levy of the duty only for once, provided the article changes neither its originality nor its owner. On the production of a certificate of such a duty being once paid for, which arrangement will be made, no duty either on import or export of the same article be levied in any other place in this State.

A copy of the resolution to be forwarded to the Revenue Commissioner of this State to carry this order into effect.

But this order will have no place in respect to the articles, imported into the parts of this State by sea, passing into the interior villages and towns in this State.

Revenue Department.—Resolution.—Agreeably to order No. 7 of Samvat 1931 rent is assessed and collected from the occupants of those houses, which are situated in the city of Bhownuggur and its surrounding suburbs, being in the possession of several military people and khanas servants, also of Jogi, and Koli, &c., (agricultural people excepted) and the record of which is kept in the books of Samvat 1903 and 1926, and also in a book wherein the acknowledgments of several such occupants are obtained. The rent is foregone from such occupants as a mark of favour to them. From the current year the rent as well as the arrears due in respect thereto is remitted, and the occupants are made the proprietors of the houses and land under them. Title-deeds will be supplied to them on payment of fee at certain rates specified in the *Gazette*.

In connection with the birthday ceremonies a levee was held this afternoon in the Palace, at which all the prominent inhabitants of Bhownuggur, and especially merchants, both European and native, were present.

GREAT INTERNATIONAL PRIZE-FIGHT

YESTERDAY'S mail has brought detailed accounts of a great pugilistic encounter, which was brought off between Jem Smith (English) and Kilrain (Irish American) on an island in the Seine, on Monday, December 19. The meeting was well arranged and no interference was offered. The men fought in bitterly cold weather for two hours and a half without victory to either side. When 106 rounds had been fought the men could no longer see each other owing to the darkness, and the encounter was declared a draw; neither man was seriously injured. It is allowed on all hands that the men fought most pluckily. A correspondent, who dates from Paris, December 20, gives the following account of the encounter:—

SECRET PREPARATIONS.

The fight between Jem Smith and Jake Kilrain commenced at two o'clock yesterday afternoon at a quiet spot on the Seine. The whole story is vividly dramatic and full of strange adventure. The proceedings were shrouded in mystery, and it was only bit by bit that the various directions were given to us. "Get to Newhaven," was the first word, and, of course, a number of sportsmen found themselves on board the Normandy. Men met and interchanged friendly greetings, and said, "Going over, old man? Odd, so am I. Nasty night, isn't it?" At Dieppe, after a boisterous passage, that proved many brave men on land were bad sailors, all hang about until told to book for Paris. Then in little confidential groups we asked "Where to?" No one knew, but at Rouen by a secret sympathy we all got out. It was a pitilessly cold morning, and we had hours to wait. Then no cabs; and so we tramped down the picturesque old city in a snowstorm, and, finally, came across another group of English sportsmen in the chief hotel. "Hallo! who would fancy seeing you here? Queer place, Rouen. Let's have some eggs," and so on; no one talks about the fight. Here Smith and Kilrain were discovered, each man carefully wrapped up and guarded by friends. Into another train and away to Bonnieres, which we reach at 11-30. Mr. Fleming and "Charlie" Mitchell soon posted themselves by the gangway of a steamer on the Seine. Some of the crowd had no special cards. However, at the last moment financial matters were settled, and any one who had got to the riverside and was possessed of, or "good for, £25," was let on board where there was much cold-lanching and excellent creature comforts.

BEFORE THE BATTLE.

Kilrain sat abaft the funnel with Mr. "Pony" Moore and Charles Rowell in close attendance. He looked very grave, very stern, and by no means happy. He had shaved the moustache he wore when I met him in London on his arrival, and there was an uncanny look about the piercing brown eyes and yellow clean cut unshaven face. "Jem" Smith held a levee and chewed a tooth-pick. He seemed at that time the more confident man of the two, and laughed and chatted with his brother, on whose back he sat in his corner during the fight, as he had no stool, and the London contingent, who had backed the plucky young Englishman heavily up and down. We steamed for some two hours. A likely-looking spot was tried at the Ile des Vaches, but was voted too muddy and heavy for fighting purposes. This waste of time is in one sense to be regretted, as it also involved a waste of valuable light, and so prevented the fight being fought to a definite conclusion. Anxious eyes watched for the authorities, but bar a stray, harmless sportsman on the left bank of the river—we were on the right—we saw no one. A few of the boatmen and certain trusted men accustomed to such matters were the only Frenchmen present. I saw no recognized French journalist, but the London sporting papers and a leading American journal were represented by men whom most of us knew well, and had met in the stalls of the theatres.

PREPARING THE RING.

Now the ropes and stakes are thrown out; we are told to remain on board, and men walk to a certain spot. The combatants go below to dress, and we cross at last. The plank has a lively action as we go along it one by one. Some young ladies from a chateau on a hill come out and retreat like startled rabbits. We all stand round, many of us, novices, and Mr. Atkinson acts as referee. "Jem" Smith was the first with the castor; "Charlie" Mitchell and Donnelly serve as seconds for Kilrain, with Charles Rowell, the ex-champion pedestrian, as bottle holder; "Jack" Baldock and "Jack" Harper, the seconds for Smith, with Fleming and Harding as timekeepers. There are loud cheers as the men [illegible]

[illegible] Smith is in black trunks and brown socks. The blood-stained handkerchiefs of both men were worn proudly round the necks of two well-known sportsmen on their way back to London when all was over, and will be kept as trophies.

THE FIGHT.

The fight begins at 2-11. Both start cautiously, Smith landing with his left as first blow, and after some sparring the men closed and fell, Smith under. The men are picked up by their seconds and carried to their corners, and there is betting of 2 to 1 on Smith freely offered by prominent "pelicans," who are devoutly loyal to their man, and Harding, the representative of Kilrain, takes £400 to £200. Mr. "Pony" Moore also accepting sundry bets. Up to the 3rd round the chances are equal, and the seconds shout and encourage their principals in the usual fashion—"Never mind, Jem!" "Go on, Jack!". "Ha, how do you like that, you beauty?"

KILRAIN'S WRESTLING TACTICS.

From the 6th to the 9th round the wrestling tactics of Kilrain develop. There are some heavy blows handed on mouth, head, or jaw—sharp, vicious, startling things to see, though each man is smiling—and then the outfighting and w

distinct faith in their man. Every blow on the damaged eye is welcomed with shouts, and in round 64 Smith retorts to a wicked whack by fairly throwing Kilrain with a backheeler, afterwards walking to his corner. From this point up to round 86 the fighting was somewhat monotonous, Kilrain apparently getting the better of the falls, and there is no betting. It is a question of endurance, and "Jem" seems determined to fight on to the bitter end. At round 88 he shows us one of his marvellous efforts in waking up and putting hope in his friends. With a quick rise from his corner where he has had a nip of brandy, a splash of water over his face from the mouth of his second and a sponge, he goes for Kilrain and gets him down in five seconds. This, in my opinion, was one of his best efforts. These sudden bursts of pluck on Smith's part go to show that there is a good deal of life in this young dog yet.

KILRAIN GETTING THE BEST OF IT.

The rival cries from the corners are incessant and occasionally numerous, but the stage directions are given with earnestness and obeyed by both men. One bit of chaff concerning the Queensberry rules is promptly met by Lord Queensberry with the quiet remark that Queensberry rules were not meant for fighting; they were, of course, designed to govern glove competitions, and were not applicable to such real business as we are now watching under the sunset, for we had been over two hours looking at the men, and the end, though it seems a likely thing for the American, is not within measurable distance as yet. The few inquire of the boatmen how far we are from anywhere, for most of us are vague as to our geography, and learn that Vernon is the nearest station, some fifty miles from Paris, and there are anxious journalists about, who have ceased to take professional notes, and are thinking about getting their copy off. It is becoming dull. All this battering, and slogging, and closings, and wrestlings, and falls have even to the initiated no profound interest. One round is so very like another. It is a question of time only, and the twilight is sinking down over the strange scene. The long reach and wrestling powers of Kilrain are telling their tale, and he is fairly having the best of this extraordinary long game; but there may be another startling wake up yet for all we know; only if done at all it should come now or never, for Smith is being forced back into his corner and over the ropes. He recovers over and over again, and fights with splendid pluck; but about the 90th round the darkness begins to tell more than the hitting. The men cannot see each other's eyes fairly which is half the battle, and the time-keepers look anxiously and with difficulty at their watches. Finally, we get to the 105th round, in which Smith shows evidences of a revival, but is grassed at the finish. The referee orders another round, and the 106th is fought with marvellous pluck by both men. It is now physically impossible to go on with the event, and after nearly two hours and a half's splendid work the fight is stopped.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

A proposal is made that it should be continued on the next day, to which both men seem willing to agree. We get back to the boat, and, after an interview between the principals and their backers, it is announced that the result has been determined as a draw. The experts pronounced it a splendid event, and, though I incline strongly to the idea that Kilrain would have won if the battle had gone on, the decision is a final verdict. England and America have fought an even fight. On board the boat both men are warmly congratulated, so much so that Jem Smith is very obviously touched. The men become the best of friends, and will, it is said, give exhibitions of sparring in the country. We steam to Vernon, wait for a time, and get to Paris by 10-30, having witnessed a remarkable feat of human endurance, skill, and courage. Smith returned yesterday morning to London, but Kilrain stopped at the Hotel Athene, and drove about Paris to-day, paying a visit of somewhat gloomy character to the Morgue. The pugilistic wave that has swept over France resulted in an impromptu "set to" at a well-known sporting rendezvous last night between two admirers of the art. They were separated after three rounds, and Paris is more bewildered than ever over the attractions and mysteries of "*La Boxe*." Smith and Kilrain had a friendly chat both on board the boat and at a recognised meeting place in Paris, and have agreed to spend Christmas together in London.

THE ARISTOCRATS PRESENT.

Not to let out too many secrets, says another correspondent, I may say that a select party started from Newhaven, and having found their way to Dieppe, got to Rouen in the early grey of the morning. Here there was a good contingent gathered of well-known English sportsmen and I recognised Lord Churston, Lords Queensberry, Lord de Clifford, Captain Lee-Barber, Sir Arthur Coventry and Mr. Aubrey Coventry, Captain Bailey, Mr. M'Key, Mr. Carew Mr. Hennessy, the Hon. M. Sandys, Sir Hugh Drummond, Mr. Ernest Wells, Mr. E. R. Smith, Major [illegible] and others well-known in the sporting world. Smith and and Kilrain Kilrain had been staying at Rouen for several days, had been to chapel on Sunday. It appears both Smith and Kilrain passed by way Dover for Paris, and were so disguised that of they eluded the vigilance of the detectives who had received particular instructions to watch them. The fact of their crossing was consequently not known until the Scotland Yard authorities received a telegram from Calais, Smith's prostration after the severe sea sickness of the voyage causing him to be recognised.

SMITH AND KILRAIN.

Kilrain commenced his career as an oarsman, and was very successful in that sphere. He was born at Greenpoint, Columbia, New York State, on February 9, 1859. He is 5 feet 10½ inches, and when stripped for his previous fights weighed 12 st. 12 lb. He is 41 inches round the chest, his waist measurement being 34 inches. He gave up boating in 1883, and then took to the ring. Amongst others, he met Bill Goode and Charlie Mitchell, but only managed to make a draw with either, a similiar result being arrived at in his contest with Jack Burke. He managed to beat Jack Ashton, and then challenged Sullivan, but the latter was unable to spar owing to a broken arm. Kilrain then came over to England and entered into an agreement to fight Smith for £1,000 a side. The Englishman was born in Red Lion Market, St. Luke's, London, January 21, 1863. He stands 5 feet 8¼ inches; weight on an average in full training, 12 st. 7 lb. He measures over the chest 40½ inches; waist, 36½ inches; and biceps, 15½ inches. He is a man of enormous muscular development, and is one of the best body fighters seen for many years.

SULLIVAN CHALLENGES BOTH COMBATANTS.

The editor of the *Sportsman* telegraphed to J. L. Sullivan in Glasgow to learn his opinion upon the great international prize-fight between Smith and Kilrain. The American champion replied that the men must have fought in a most determined manner to remain in the ring so long, but that they displayed few effective hitting qualities to have allowed the fight to last so long. Heavy men would have settled the business in thirty minutes at least. He is glad his fellow-countryman has won, but gives Smith credit for bull-dog pluck. Sullivan then requests his chief backer to issue a challenge to either of the men, in order to place beyond a doubt the right to the title of champion. He has mailed £500 to the editor of the *Sportsman* to match himself against Smith and Kilrain on the following terms, viz.:—That he meets one the first week in April, and the other the first week in May, on neutral territory, for £1000 a side each battle; the fight to take place under London prize-ring rules.

SULLIVAN CHALLENGED ON BEHALF OF KILRAIN.

Mr Richard K. Fox, of the New York *Police Gazette*, telegraphs from New York to the *Sporting Life*:—"New York, December 20.—William E. Harding, *Sporting Life*, London. Inform Kilrain that America sends him congratulations, and thinks he is a hero, and well worthy of holding the championship of America. A grand reception awaits him in New York and every city in the United States. Notify me when he will sail. Give Charley Mitchell, his trainer; Charley Rowell, and Professor Ned Donnelly, his second, and all who are interested in the American champion, my thanks. Publish the following in *Sporting Life*:—"I will match Jake Kilrain, the champion of America, to fight John L. Sullivan, the ex-champion pugilist of America, a fair stand-up fight according to the New rules of the London prize-ring, and wager 10,000 dollars to 7,000, for the *Police Gazette* diamond belt Kilrain has so pluckily defended, and the championship of the world, the fight to take place six months from signing articles, and only twenty men on each side to be present. To prove I am in earnest and mean business, as usual, I have forwarded 1,000 dols. (forfeit) to Geo. W. Atkinson, *Sporting Life* Office, London."

SMITH'S RETURN TO LONDON.

Further proof of the widespread interest awakened by the meetings of Smith and Kilrain was (says a correspondent) afforded by the number of people who gathered at Charing Cross Station to meet the Continental train. It had been allowed to transpire that Smith had left Paris in the morning, and although it was desired that anything in the nature of a demonstration might be avoided, the crowd was a pretty large one. Within a few minutes of the specified time (7-20 p.m.) the train steamed into the station. A rush was made for the train by those in waiting, but their hopes of catching a glimpse of the pugilist were doomed to disappointment. The champion and his trainer had alighted at Cannon Street, where a cab was procured and went direct to Smith's residence. News brought to Dover reports Kilrain lying in bed, with his ribs and other parts of his body badly contused.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN EUROPE.

PUBLIC opinion in Vienna has become a little calmer, though everybody feels that the danger of war has not yet been put aside. Meanwhile as the *Novoe Vremya* and the *Novosti* boasted on Tuesday, Dec. 20., that Russia would not desist from her armaments in Poland unless Austria-Hungary and Germany recognized her claim to recover her paramount influence in Bulgaria, it cannot be said that the prospect has become more satisfactory than it was a few days ago. The *Standard's* correspondent writes:—

Competent observers fail to see the slightest improvement in the political outlook. The Galician papers report that Russian military movements are going on without intermission. Cossacks and light artillery are pushed forward to the exterme frontier —for instance, to Miechow, a few kilometres from Cracow—while the construction of huts and the massing of provisions is noticeable along the whole frontier. If this be true we shall not have to wait long for the situation again to become acute. Information which reaches me about the Ministerial Councils of Sunday and Monday last leaves not the slightest doubt as to what would happen if, on the strength of trustworthy information, the Austrian War Office were to gain the conviction that Russia continues to push forward troops to the frontier. Neither the snow in Galicia nor any other of the well-known inconveniences attending a winter campaign would in this case prevent Austria from at once mobilizing her whole army, and that Germany would do the same can be doubtful only to those who shut their eyes to patent facts. My informant, who is in a position to know, says distinctly that with regard to certain details of Monday's deliberations and resolutions the strictest secrecy has been and will be observed towards every one; but that of the determination to strike quickly and sharply if occasion requires—namely, if Russia disregards Austrian moderation and continues arming—there is no need to make any secret. I am at the same time assured from Pesth that in these Councils the Hungarian Premier, M. Tisza, urged that it was necessary to husband as far as possible the financial resources of the monarchy, to spend at present only what was absolutely necessary, to squander no money on half-measures, but to throw all their strength, military and financial, into the scale at the right moment. This according to M. Tisza, will be the day on which the Intelligence Department learns that the displacement of troops from the interior of Russia to the frontier has reached a scale which the military authorities regard as dangerous. This attitude of the Hungarian Premier made, I am told, an excellent impression on the Council.

AUSTRIA DEFIANT.

Another correspondent, writing from Vienna, says:—

It is to be noted that the tone of the Austro-Hungarian Press as regards Russia is growing in boldness, and is even becoming defiant. Thus, the *Pesther Lloyd* published a remarkable article on the relative military strength of Austria-Hungary and Russia. The writer, who is evidently well informed, comes to the conclusion that the Russian army is far inferior to any of the European armies except that of Turkey, and that Austria-Hungary is well able to fight Russia alone. He says:—"if the Russians comfort themselves with the belief that they have nothing to lose either from a military or a political point of view, and if they base this supposition on the history of the campaign of 1812 they are ridiculously mistaken." After pointing to the difference between a Franco-Russian and an Austro-Russian war, and to the total alteration in the conditions of warfare since Napoleon's time, the article concludes with the remark that the next war with Russia will be no child's play, and that defeated Russia will have to submit to a rectification of her western frontier, which will make it very difficult for her to trouble Europe for a long time to come. Great changes have to be made on the map of Europe. A large Poland will be created, including Volhynia and Podolia, up to the Polesian marshes and the right bank of the River Dnieper, with Kieff as frontier fortress, and Odessa as military port. If Germany appears in the field against Russia, the territory which will be incorporated into the German Empire will not only comprise all the Baltic provinces —Lithuania, Courland, Livonia, Esthonia, and Nyland, with St. Petersburg—but also the districts between the Rivers Dnieper and Dwina. In fact, Russia must be thrown back behind the so-called gate of Old Russia between Vitebsk and Smolensk.

AUSTRIAN PREPARATIONS.

A Ministerial Council, under the presidency of the Emperor, lasted from one until three o'clock. There were present Count Kalnoky, Count Taaffe, M. Tisza, Dr. Dunajewski, Finance Minister; Count Wilsersheim, Baron Fejervay Honved, and Baron D'Orczy. The Council decided to grant the Minister of War a credit [illegible] 5,000,000 florins for [illegible] This is thought to be proof that Austria has no intention of taking any aggressive step, and that accordingly the Delegations will not be convoked. Some officers of the regular army at Pesth on furlough have received telegraphic orders to return immediately to their garrisons in Croatia. A number of officers of the reserve have also received orders to settle their affairs, and be ready to join their regiments.

RUSSIAN MOVEMENTS.

Information from Brody, a town near the frontier, announces the arrival in Poland of a large number of Cossack regiments from the South of Russia. It is further stated that enormous quantities of provisions for the use of troops are being collected at Brest and Dubno, both in Poland—the former in the Government of Warsaw, and the latter in the Government of Volhynia. This news will inevitably accentuate the panic existing in Vienna. A report from Cracow states that a great number of flat-bottomed boats have lately made their appearance on the Russian shore of the Vistula. They are alleged to be required for Customhouse service; but the number of them exceeds all possible requirements for this purpose, and it has been noticed that the bows are so constructed that, when placed together, they might easily be converted into pontoon bridges.

THE OPINION OF THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

I learn (says a Nice correspondent) from an authoritative source that during his recent visit to the Villa Zirio, San Remo, the Duke of Edinburgh, referring, in the course of conversation to the present serious aspect of the political situation in Europe, expressed the opinion that war was almost unavoidable at no very distant date. This opinion, coming from the Commander-in-Chief of the British squadron in the Mediterranean and the brother-in-law of the Czar, taken in conjunction with his hurried departure to Malta in the dispatch boat Surprise from San Remo after a visit not extending over twenty-four hours has produced an unfavourable effect.

PROBABLE DATE OF THE WAR.

The war preparations in Austria and Russia (says another writer) are regarded by the Porte as serious. If hostilities were to break out between these two Powers, or if the occupation of Bulgaria were determined on by Russia, probably the month of March would be the date fixed upon for the commencement of active measures. The Porte is alive to the danger, and has already commenced to increase her forces in Macedonia and on the Roumanian frontier.

PRINCE FERDINAND DETERMINED.

Vulcovitch, the Bulgarian representative at the Court of the Sultan, has returned to Constantinople from Sofia. He brings with him to the Porte distinct assurances as to the peaceful situation in the int rior of his country—a situation which he declares to be excellent. The Ministry is strong and acting unanimously in support of Prince Ferdinand, who, Dr. Vulcovitch states, maintains his determination to follow the policy indicated in the words "*Jy suis, j'y reste.*" His Highness assured Dr. Vulcovitch that all the combined Powers of Europe should not move him from the throne of Bulgaria, for which he will fight, dying if need be, at the head of his soldiers. His Highness' mother, Princess Clementine, is proud of her son's determination, and will support him with the utmost means at her disposal.

RUSSIA'S DESIGNS.

The Warsaw correspondent of the *Politische Correspondenz* (Vienna), who was the first to announce the military movements in Russian Poland which caused the recent war scare, now makes certain additions to his previous statement. The Russian reinforcements that have arrived since autumn in the Government of Lublin alone consist, he says, of one division of Cossacks, one division of dragoons, two regiments of infantry, one battalion of reserves, and two brigades of artillery; these troops being located in towns and villages which the correspondent names, so that there shall be no doubt about the precise nature of his information. If this be true, the Vienna correspondent of the *Standard* observes the story of the *Invalide Russe* about the "one division of cavalry and two brigades of artillery" is a deliberate perversions of facts. Under these circumstances, it is useless to attempt to ignore the extreme seriousness of the situation. The best answer to those who imagine that the removal of Prince Ferdinand would settle the difficulty is given by the St. Petersburg papers, which point out to-day that it is not a single person who stands in the way, nor even several persons; but a whole system that is to be changed in other words, that Bulgaria must cease to enjoy its present semi-independence and become a Russian province. Some of the St. Petersburg papers go even further, and demandsthat Bosnia and Herzegovina shall be evacuated whilst, according to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Politische Correspondenz*, a war is spoken of in Russian military circles as an easy promenade to Vienna, and the German army described as a worn-out machine. Such talk would at any other time raise a smile; but just now it is dangerous. In a word (says the correspondent); the whole situation may be summed up in a *mot*, that is attributed to the late Foreign Minister, Count Andrassy. Asked, after the last Vienna Council whether there would be war, he replied "Ask the Czar; he, perhaps, knows."

The general opinion in Berlin is that Russia meditates a new departure in Bulgaria, of which, however, nothing definite is known. As a matter of fact, however, the Bulgarian question, and especially the personality of Prince Ferdinand, are considered of secondary importance; the whole Eastern Question being involved in a complicated dispute. The prevailing feeling continues to be one of depression.

A CLERGYMAN FROZEN TO DEATH.

INFORMATION was received in Edinburgh on Sunday, Dec. 18, that the Rev. Alexander Heriot Mackonochie, formerly vicar of St. Alban's Holborn, while on a visit to the Bishop of Argyle and the Isles at Ballachulish, had wandered away among the hills in the Nether Lochaber district on the previous Thursday, and had lost his way in the mist, and that his body had been recovered on Saturday. A Scotsman by birth, the deceased gentleman was educated at Oxford. In 1849 he was appointed curate of Westbury, and curate of Wantage in 1852. Six years later he was chosen as mission priest in St George's-in-the-East, London, and in 1862 he was appointed vicar of St. Alban's, which charge he resigned in 1882, in connection with a ritualistic prosecution which was threatened against him, and which at the time created a great amount of attention throughout the country. For a year afterwards he officiated as vicar of St. Peter's, London Docks. Since filling the latter appointment Mr. Mackonochie has lived in retirement, mostly with his brother in Wantage. About seven weeks ago he went to Scotland on a visit to the Bishop of Argyle and the Isles, and in the interval had also visited the Rev. T. I. Ball, St Michael's High School Yards, Edinburgh, with whom, as with the Bishop of Argyle, he was on terms of the most intimate friendship. The deceased, whose health had become somewhat impaired recently, was extremely fond of walking. He was rather over sixty years of age, and was unmarried. Fuller information of the tragic affair was received on Monday. Being a good walker and fond of exercise, Mr. Mackonochie started on Thursday week from the Bishop's house on an expedition to the head of Loch Leven. He was accompanied by the Bishop's two dogs—a splendid deerhound and and a little Skye Terrier. As he did not intend to return till late in the afternoon, he took his luncheon with him. Having taken almost the same walk the day before and having returned in perfect safety, no anxiety was felt at his making the expedition on this occasion, accompanied as he was by the dogs. He reached the head of the loch in safety, and was afterwards seen making his way up a glen, from which a river flows down from the great mountains of the Mamore deer forest. This route led him eastward towards trackless wastes, and it is believed Mr. Mackonochie, who was great for "short cuts," had taken it imagining that it would lead him westward, and so conduct him back to Ballachulish. After this he was never again seen in life. As Mr Mackonochie had not returned at dinner time, no slight anxiety was felt in the Bishop's house, and two men were sent with a lantern along the road by which he should have returned. When hours passed and no tidings came, serious distress and anxiety began to be felt as to Mr. Mackonochie's safety, and the Bishop procured a carriage and pair and searched the neighbourhood until 4 a. m., but with no result. The two men who had set off previously had likewise made a fruitless search as far as the head of the loch. On Friday morning, as early as possible, three search parties were organised, one of which was led by the Bishop in person. Each party searched in a different direction, but at the end of the day no discovery had been made. As a last hope, two night searches were planned. It was a fearful night, the howling tempest and the driving hail being almost overpowering. One of the party took the way through the hills to a distant sporting lodge, the Bishop's party explored the Devil's Staircase, which is the name given to the steep pass between the Kinloch hills and the hills of Glencoe. It was pitch dark, except for the light of the lamps carried by the searchers, who stumbled along for hours, over rocks and ice, and sometimes through deep snow. At last they returned to the shooting lodge of Kinlochmore with a third party who had made their way through the hills from the Glencoe side of the Devil's Staircase. On Saturday morning December 17, the Bishop set off again, this time with a crowd of men and dogs who had come in from various quarters to assist in the search. They followed the track up into the forest of Mamore, which had been traversed by one of the parties the night before. The afternoon came on without any search was likewise to be in vain, when a cry was raised that the Bishop's dogs could be seen in the distance. The party pressed on, and there, true enough, the faithful animals were found guarding on either side the lifeless body of Mr. Mackonochie. The corpse was cold and stiff, having evidently been long dead. Indeed, it seemed almost frozen, and the head was half buried in a snow wreath. On the face was a calm and peaceful look. There were no traces of suffering as far as the expression went, but there must have been a distressing struggle amongst the rocks in the darkness and tempest, for the right foot was bare and stained with blood. After all had reverently joined in prayer offered up by the Bishop, a bier was formed of sticks, the body was laid upon it, and the party set off on its return home. The Bishop walked behind, and supported the head with his two hands. Just after the body was discovered, and while it was being removed, the clouds in the west over the Glencoe mountains divided, and a glorious flood of evening light illuminated the whole landscape. The return was very difficult, as the bearers of the bier had to pass through mountain torrents much swollen and through deep snow. At Kinloch the corpse was placed in a carriage, and the Bishop's house was not reached till after dark. The body was placed in the private chapel, and robed in Eucharistic vestments after the last offices of the dead had been performed.

THE CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY.

THE *Berliner Tageblatt* published on Thursday, December 22 an account of the condition of the Crown Prince communicated by Dr. Telschow, the Court physician, who has just returned from San Remo where he has been attending to the Prince's teeth. Dr. Telschow declares that the appearance and general condition of the Crown Prince are extraordinarily favourable, and do not afford the slightest ground for any apprehension. His Imperial Highness's voice, although requiring to be spared, has gained remarkably in strength and clearness. The doctor states that the Prince himself earnestly requested him after his return to Berlin to take care that this news about his (the Prince's) favourable condition should be as widely circulated as possible in order to counteract the effect of all other reports of a disquieting nature.

Prince William of Prussia, in addressing at Potsdam on Monday the men of his hussar regiment on the occasion of their annual Christmas entertainment, said:—"Hussars, since last year, when we celebrated the Christmas festival here together, the times have changed, and have become serious. We are standing before a perhaps uncertain future, and so it behoves us to think of the old device inscribed on our busbies —'Mit Gott fur Konig und Vaterland;' but, above all things, 'Mit Gott;' and may He be our stay in this grievous time, when one of our greatest captains and generals, who has led our armies in several wars, is subject to a heavy trial. At such a time as this, why should not the heart of every Prussian and German soldier pray for the return to health of this august Prince?"

COUNT PERPONCHER has tendered his resignation of the post of Chief Court Marshal. His retirement is believed to be connected with the fact that at the State banquet given in honour of the Czar on his Majesty's recent visit to Berlin, Prince Bismarck was not allotted the place, corresponding with his rank, opposite the imperial guest. Count Perponcher afterwards went to Friedrichsruh to offer an explanation, but was not received by Prince Bismarck. Count Perponcher is also stated to feel mortified at a semi-official communication which he has received on the subject. Count Stolberg-Wernigerode, the Grand Chamberlain, is taking steps with the object of enabling Count Perponcher to retain his post.

WITH reference to a report of Mr. Stanley's arrival at Wadelai, it appears that the messenger who brought the news did not come from the shores of the Albert Nyanza. He did not even enter M'Wanga's territory, and the information which he brings was furnished to him by Arab runners. The latter manifested increasing exasperation against Tippoo Tib, accusing him of betraying his own people. It is believed in Zanzibar that direct intelligence would certainly have been received from Tippoo Tib unless the Arabs had intercepted it. The messenger added that one of the runners despatched some time back by the Consuls at Zanzibar to inform Emin Pasha of Mr. Stanley's arrival left Wadelai for Zanzibar early in September, and is reported to be now detained in Uganda. It is possible that this runner was the bearer of news from Emin Pasha and Mr. Stanley of a date posterior to Mr. Stanley's arrival at Wadelai. Fresh agitation is reported to prevail in Uganda.

THE SALVATION ARMY IN INDIA.

COMMISSIONER TUCKER, of the Salvation Army, has, says the *Methodist Times*, addressed to the *Bombay Gazette* a letter worthy of universal attention. Apropos of Canon Taylor's attack on foreign missions, he discusses the comparative failure of our attempt to evangelise India. He says that the great majority of the 250,000,000 inhabitants of India can neither read nor write. They must, therefore, be evangelised by the living voice. As St. Paul said, they cannot hear without a preacher. But how many preachers would they need? Let us suppose that one-half are children too young to need teachers at present. The rest, 120,000,000, would need 1,200,000 evangelists. If these evangelists were Europeans, paid at the present rate, they would cost £1200,000,000 a year! That is out of the question. Suppose we tried native agents? At the present rate of payment they would cost £10,000,000 a year. They also are too dear. Mr. Tucker has found out, however, that the Hindas contribute about that amount for the support of Hinduism. But they give food and land, not money.

It is absolutely necessary to have a cheap evangelising agency, at least, as cheap as the agency employed by Hinduism, and an agency willing to be paid in kind like the Hindoo teachers. The Salvation Army in India is worked upon this principle. The officers of that Army being content to eat native food, they have as much of it as they require. That Army already employs more than 300 evangelists. These receive no pay, and are supported by the people. At the present rate of increase, the Salvation Army will before this time, twelve months, have by far the largest staff of any Missionary Society in India. This solution of the great missionary difficulty deserves the careful consideration of all missionary societies. Mr. Champness has hit upon precisely the same policy in Africa. If the work is to advance on a large scale, we must have less costly agents, and agents, who will identify themselves fully with the natives. Neither Commissioner Tucker nor Mr. Champness wishes any existing agency to be abolished. But they say that existing agencies must be supplemented if Asia and Africa are to be evangelised. We would go one step further, and urge that ladies and gentlemen of private means and leisure should leave their luxurious homes and go all over the world preaching the Gospel, just as Lord Radstock went to Russia and Mr. M'Aulay has now gone to the West Indies. For what purpose does God entrust Christians with money except to enable them to spread the kingdom of Christ?

REMARKABLE SUICIDE OF A MAJOR.

MAJOR J. F. GREEN, 8th Dragoon Guards, Assistant of the Warwickshire Yeomanry, died on Tuesday morning, December 20, from gun-shot wound which he inflicted upon himself on Monday, at a Leamington hotel. A Leamington telegram gives some particulars of what led to Major Green's death. It appears that he had been engaged to a young lady belonging to Leamington, an heiress, and was to have been married some time ago, but the betrothal was broken off. After some time the engagement was renewed, and the marriage was to take place a month hence; but a widowed lady came to Leamington on Sunday and wrote to Major Green, who was visiting his betrothed, appointing to meet him at the Clarendon Hotel. He kept the appointment, and the interview took place in a private room. It is understood that the widow's fortune would leave her, according to her husband's will, on her re-marriage, but she pressed the major to make her his wife. The major declined, and in a frenzy took up a shot-gun and threatened to commit suicide. He suited the action to the word and placed the muzzle of the weapon in his mouth. His hand trembled, the discharge blew away the side of his face, and he fell bleeding at the lady's feet. The report of the gun and the lady's screams attracted the attention of the servants, and the wounded man was removed to bed. The major was thirty-five years of age and had passed through two campaigns. At the inquest the principal witness was Mrs. A. S. Rayner, a widow, who stated that she had known for the deceased the last nine years, and considered herself engaged to him. Her evidence tended to show that he committed suicide, and the medical testimony confirms this. The jury returned a verdict accordingly.

A CATHOLIC BISHOP ON IRISH TROUBLES.

DR. O'DWYER, Bishop of Limerick, in a letter to the *Freeman's Journal* repudiates the imputation that he is in favour of the alleged intrigues of the Government with Monsignor Persico as being a very offensive charge, and accuses both the *Freeman's Journal* and the *Pall Mall Gazette* of gross impropriety to the Pope and his representative's report and [illegible] Pope's decision, but by a series of thinly threats endeavoring to coerce them. "I am an English Protestant paper," he says, "we have no right to expect better, but for a paper professing to be the organ of one of the most Catholic nations the Church to treat the Pope and his representative simply because he has mere moral power at his as you dare not treat the pettiest court in the which had a case before it, seems to be as gross outrage on religion as I have ever witnessed." He repels the charge of being a "Unionist" or a "land Bishop," and says he has never wavered in conviction and assertion of the right of Ireland to self-government, but when the Home question was thrust aside in the early days of Land League, he wrote a letter of protest; but he is put to it he will say what he said to his people at the last October conference:—"While I gave approval to the land agitation I told them that there were certain methods connected with it that considered irreligious. I mentioned boycotting, held that with an excitable people like ours cannot mark a man out to be boycotted without terrible risk of crime—even the crime of murder and therefore that, however defensible theoretically in practice it was always sinful. I am convinced although I had no need then to refer to it, that Plan of Campaign is unjust, and that in the resource its only sanction is violent resistance to law. I observe, too, that, arising out of the Plan Campaign, there has been developed a system violent agitation, in which the people being gradually drawn into circumstances in which a collision between them and the armed forces of the Government would be inevitable, although there might be some difficulty in fixing responsibility for the immediate outbreak of violence. I came to the conviction that boycotting, the Plan of Campaign and violent resistance to the law were bad and sinful. What was I to do? I to stifle my conscience for popularity? Is the applause of the people the highest object in life? I, a Catholic Bishop, to be allowed to form my own opinions or must I suppress my own judgment as I were the paid creature of a political organization?

ACCORDING to the *World*, the Maharajah Gaekwar's "at home" was even more magnificent than the ball of the previous week. The pavilion was transformed into an Oriental palace; a throne in the saloon was draped in blue and gold (the Gaekwar's colours), and the company, received by Mr. and Mrs. Elliot, defiled slowly before the dusky potentates into the ball-rooms, where the musicians platforms, hung with cream-coloured Indian muslin, were connected by electric bells. The programmes were emblazoned in heraldic colours, tiny golden scimitars replaced the prosaic pencil, and the cotillon, led by Mrs. Elliot and M. De [illegible] was the signal for a distribution of crowned satchels as souvenirs. Lady Isabella Stewart, Lady Lilian Fitzclarence, Lord Howth, Sir Arthur Otway, Mr. Lionel and Lady Darell, and Mr. Marriott were amongst the guests; Mrs. Howe-Browne wore pink brocade with trimmings of light moss-green velvet; Lady Fitzwarrine Chichester came in white satin; Lady Malet in electric blue poult de soie, and Mrs. Thorold in coral pink silk; Mrs. Hitchins was in ruby velvet; and Miss Cleeve, in daffodil [illegible] carried an enormous bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums. It was not till late on the following morning that the scene of Eastern splendour suddenly vanished.

"RUFFLES," of *Vanity Fair*, has received the following from a correspondent at Zanzibar:—

Admiral Sir Frederick Richards, with the East Indian Squadron, has paid his annual visit; and, as ever proved, it would have been far better had he stayed away altogether. The Sultan gave the usual reception, which in due course would have been followed by a grand dinner the same evening, had not the Admiral given it to be distinctly understood that he did not wish it to take place. Now, in his private capacity, one can well understand his desire to escape a four hours' dinner with nothing better to drink than sherbet; but as Admiral of the Fleet in port, he represented the material power of England, and the dinner has always been looked upon as a political event of the most significant importance. When therefore the refusal to dine became known to the Arabs and Indians there was a tremendous commotion among the They have their way of putting two and two together and the conclusion drawn from the fact of Sir John Kirk's continued absence, from the reduction of the British establishment, and, finally, from the Admiral's refusal of the dinner, is that England has thrown up the sponge in favour of Germany. These facts have had such an effect upon the people that mere [illegible] nations are of no avail, so it is apparent that Colonel Euan Smith's position will be a difficult one for some time at least.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s.s. Avlona, 1,279, tons, Captain J A Tait, which [illegible] in harbour yesterday brought in 59,085 cases [illegible] oil from Batoum.

The [illegible] which arrived in port from [illegible] afternoon, had a general cargo [illegible] gers on board.

[illegible] cleared out yesterday for [illegible] for which port she is laden [illegible] as thirty passengers on deck.

[illegible] oas, Captain J C Main, sailed early [illegible] Genoa and Marseilles. She is laden [illegible] F Dalrymple, a passenger on board.

THE s.s. Nevasa Company's steamer Nevasa Captain W Personage, from the Coast ports and Calcutta, arrived in Bombay the same afternoon. She had one passenger on her deck, besides general cargo.

THE BISN steamer Kerbella, 1452 tons, Captain D Stewart, arrived in Bombay yesterday from London (Nov 25) via Karachi, laden with a general cargo and thirteen deck passengers.

EXTRA CHINA MAILS.—The P. and O. boat Venetia, 1,609 tons, Captain F. Cole, arrived in port last evening, from Hongkong (Dec. 24), with extra mails from China, a general cargo and one second class, passenger.

The BISN steamer Commilla, Captain T P Nailor, arrived in Bombay yesterday afternoon from the Coast ports and Karachi. She had the following passengers on board:—Lt Col Twenlow, Lt Hodgson, Colonel and Mrs Jacobs, Mr R H Macaulay, Mrs M L Conoccio, Mr R K Greaves, Brother M De Cruz, Band Master Legrome (for England) wife and two children and 240 deck, including a few military details.

THE s.s. Brakelow, 1,660 tons, from Liverpool, (Nov. 11.) arrived in Bombay harbour, yesterday afternoon, laden with a general cargo and Mrs. Conroy and two children, passengers on board. The Brankelow has been late in arriving on account of her crank-shaft having given way during her voyage out. She called *en route* at Port Said and Aden, at which latter port she stayed for some time for temporary repairs, making Bombay with one engine in thirteen days. Her passage otherwise was a pleasant one.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

9TH JANUARY, 1888.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S.R. Rubattino	3044	G. Merello	A	F. Bozzoni.
,, Persia	2317	R. Hutchinson	B	W.&A. Graham & Co.
,, Assam	1611	G. W. F. Brown	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Lepanto	1500	R. Roach	E	F. Muir & Co.
,, Dracona	1215	W. Sangster	F	Rodgers & Co.
,, C. Graham	1911	C. Alexanderson	G	F. Muir & Co.
,, Perim	866	W. Cass-Smith	H J	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Accomac	1629	J. Windsor	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Kirby Hall	1759	G. Pearse	M	E. Bates & Co.
,, Algoma	1866	J. C. Murray	N	Captain.
,, Etolia	2035	W. Gill	O	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Akaba	2170	J. Main	P	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Avoca	900	C. Clyhoe	Ibis	Visram Ebrahim & Co.
,, C. Tower	1450	Hinge	Ibis	B. Craigie & Co.
,, Aston Hall	2333	J. Hill	...	E. Bates & Co.
,, Kerbella	1452	D. Stewart	...	M. Mackenzie & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
10	Assam (s)	Brown	London.
	Kerbella (s)	Stewart	London, Nov. 25 via Karachi.
	Avlona (s)	Tait	Batoum, Dec. 11,
	Bhownagar (s)	Nakoda	Bhownagar.
	Commilla (s)	Nailer	Karachi, Jan. 7.
	Nevasa (s)	Parsonage	Calcutta, Dec. 21.
	Brakelow (s)	Stewart	Liverpool, Nov. 11.
	Venetia (s)	Cole	Hongkong, Dec. [illegible]

[illegible] Bhownagar, for Bhownagar.
Brig K. Roodrein, for Trevendrum.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 9.

Westropp, 2nd Lt., Bombay, Gloster Regt, off leave from Savant Wadi.

JANUARY 10.

Hart, Major, Bengal, Leinster Regt, from leave, from Europe.
Hawes, Lt Col, Bengal, 4th Panjaub Infantry, from furlough, from Europe.
Weston, Captain, Bombay, 6th Dragoon Guards, on leave to England, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 9.

Nathan, Lt, Bombay, R E, on duty, to Calcutta.
Watling, Lt, Bengal, Rl Lancaster Regt, on duty, to Quetta.
Bouden, Smith, 2nd Lt. Bengal, Royal Lanc Regt, on duty, to Quetta.

JANUARY 10.

Fullerton, Captain, Bombay, R E, on furlough, to England.
Westropp, 2nd Lt, Bo, Gloucestershire Regt, to join, to Ahmednagar.
Cates, Dy Surg Genl, Bombay, I M S, on inspection duty, to Deolali.
Western, Major, Bombay, R A, on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 11th January, 1888

1. There will be commanding officer's parade at the Town Hall, on Saturday the 14th inst., at 4-15. p.m. Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road, Girgaum and Prince's Dock at 4-15. p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid, and members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors. The following movements will be practiced on parade viz:—Sections 17,18,19, 21, (1,2,3), Sections 22,23, (1,23,4,5). and the bayonet exercise.

2. "C." Company Wyer Cup competition will take place on the 13th and not the 15th as stated.

3. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date, and posted to "F" Company.

No. 2606 Vol. C. Rodricks, No 2607 Vol, M. T. Frederick.

By Order,

(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATION

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.
For list of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
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NOTICE.

THE LARGEST VINEYARD PROPRIETORS AND BEST SCOTCH AND IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly *THREE-QUARTERS OF A CENTURY* been represented by us. We quote MESS and CLUB rates *FIVE PER CENT.* LOWER than those of other Shippers, so obviating the necessity of DIRECT IMPORTATION. Our experience and ENORMOUS PURCHASES enable us to offer special advantages.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Rampart Row, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—

	Per case of 1 doz. Qts. Rs.	Per case of 2 doz. Pts. Rs.
SPARKLING HOCK	33	36
STILL HOCKS.—		
1 Leubsheimer	14	17
2 Deidesheimer	16	19
3 Geisenheimer	17	20
4 Rudesheimer	25	28
Moselblumchen	16	..
Graacher (Mosel)	15	..
CLARETS.—		
1 St. Julien	10	..
2 Pauillac Medoc	10	..
3 St. Julien Medoc	12	..
4 St. Christoly	..	13
6 St. Estephe	14	..
6 St. Emilion	15	..
7 St. Estephe (Old)	18	..
BEER.—		
Pilsener, per case of 4 doz. Quarts, Rs. 22		
" " " 8 doz. Pints " 31		

TERMS—NETT CASH.
Apply to
BREUL & Co.,
Bombay, 28, Meadow Street.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 dos. quarts.	Per 2 dos. pints.
Eugene Cliquot Extra	Rs. 54 0	...
Ernest Leroy a Carte d'Or	" 53 0	66 0
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	" 52 0	Rs. 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	" 60 0	" 63 0

STILL HOCKS.
From J. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.
SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Laubenheimer	R. 15 0	Rs. 15 0
Deidesheimer	" 16 0	" 19 0
Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" ..
Niersteiner	" 19 0	" ..
Leibfrauenmilch	" 21 0	" 24
Steinwein	" ..	" ..
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 0	" 28
Rudesheimer	" ..	" 28
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Chatuisberger	" 35 0	" ..

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 20 0

PORT WINES.
From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0
Fine "	" 22 0
Very Superior "	" 26 0
Most Superior Old Red Port	" 30 0
Most Particular Reserved Old Red Port	" 36 0
Extra Old Pale Invalid	" 44 0

CLARETS.
From Messrs. H. & C. BALANESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	..
Les Canons	" 16 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	..
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	..
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	" 21 0	..
Chateau Lafitte	" 23 0	..
Chateau Mauvesin	" 27 0	..
From MUNZER & FILS.		
St. Estephe	Rs. 12 0	14 0
Haut Canon	" 15 0	..
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	..
Chateau Larose	" 28 0	..
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.		
Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Cru de Barreyre	" 16 0	..
From J. ROEMER & SOHN, WIEN.		
Hungarian Claret	Rs. 15 0	..
Chateau Roemer	" 14 0	..
From FRANZ SCARVASY.		
Carlowitz	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0
From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.		
St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0

BRANDY.

F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 21 0
A. Dolignon Fils & Co.	" 2 0
Cognac, gold mark, Blue capsule	" 29 0
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 35 0
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy **	" 37 0

BURGUNDY.
From A. DUPUILS, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay	Rs. 21 0
Chambertin	" 28 0

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 24 8
" " *	" 22 8
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	" 19 0

BEER.

	Per doz. qts.	Per doz. pts.
Bavarian Export Beer	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	" 5 4	" 3 4
Grimm's "	" 5 ..	" ..

ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Grignolino	Rs. 14 0
" Barbera	" 14 0

SUNDRIES.

French Vermouth	Rs. 15 0
Italian do.	" 16 0
Italian do.	" 18 0
Finest Kaiu ani	" 30 0
Chartreuse, Yellow	" 63 0
Swiss Cheese in tins from lbs. 20 to 34, Rs. 0 11	per lb

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

Danish Butter, finest	per 1 lb. tin Rs. 1
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality	1 lb. tin at " 0 5
" do.	1 do. " 1 0
" do.	2 do. " 1 12

FROM BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus	Rs. 2	Rs. 1 8
Celery	..	" 0 10
French Beans	..	" 0 10
Peas for Soup	..	" 0 10
Young Carrots	..	" 0 10
Spinage in Water	..	" 0 10
Mshrooms	..	" 0 12
White Cabbage	..	" 0 12
Small Sausages	..	" 1 6
Smoked Sausages	..	" 1 6

TERMS—
Net cash, no discount.
No order for less than one original package of Wine Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.
Quotation orders should be accompanied by a reference or reference for payment in Bombay.
Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Bombay, Dec. 2, 1887. Managers.

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NO. 18—VETERINERY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moore's Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Gutta-percha, and all other requisites suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115
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GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

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ESPLANADE ROAD.

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HAVE always on hand a select and splendid collection of Jewellery in Gold, Gem, Diamond, and Silver. Fine Rampore Chudders, Muslins, Purdahs, Palangposh, Moradabad, and Mooltan Pottery; Poona and Surat Toys, Ivory Toys, Work Boxes, Silver Cutch Work, Foolkaries, Trays, and Indian Curios, and many other things too numerous to mention. Inspection invited. Price lists free by post. Address—HURJIMULL & Co., Indian Jewellers, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

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TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
ORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS
IN GUJARAT,
BEING
A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
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Having a large staff of experienced Dress-makers and Milliners from first-class West End Houses, Ladies entrusting us with their orders can confidently rely on having them executed in the Latest Fashion of very Superior Workmanship and Perfect Fit, at the same time Moderate in Price.

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GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,
FORT BOMBAY.

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A FINE SPACIOUS VERANDAH is under construction with the usual kindness of the Landlord, and will be placed all around the building, and this addition has been so planned as to give privacy so inadequately attained in most hotels, with added comfort to visitors and residents.

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Every Bedrooom has a Bathroom, with constant and full supply of water secured by costly steam power.

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ARE prepared to give liberal terms to large dealers.
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Their Original and everlasting Ca[se]	Keyless lever	35
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Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4; and the only trade Mark—'PHOSPHODYNE'—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

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For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

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Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eye brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Blood acquires strength showing the importance of its action on the Organs of Nutrition.

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Advantages:
PERFECT SAFETY from disastrous explosions.
DRY STEAM produced very quickly.
HIGH PRESSURES up to 300 lbs. per square inch safely obtained.
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PERFECT CIRCULATION of the Water in Tubes, preventing the Accumulation of Scale.
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They have a PERFECT JOINT—NO MORE PERISHABLE PACKINGS, with their constant leakage and frequent need of replenishment.

FOR EXPORT TO THE COLONIES they are especially serviceable by reason of the small cubical contents of packages.

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KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS admit of the unequal expansion of the Tubes, and thereby prevent any leakage of the Joints. We have the sole use of this Patent.

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REGISTERED MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL TRADE MARK.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsuled bottles.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant odour.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected in one operation; consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

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To the Trade, and for Export.
A Speciality for Hot Climates.

THE PATENT RUSTIC CAR,

which combines all the latest improvements, together with the introduction of the advantages of a Wood Body Bassinette without disadvantages. It is light in construction, elegant style, thoroughly well got up, combining strength and durability; acknowledged to be the best ever introduced to the public. A special advantage is its convenience for export purposes, being so constructed as to take in parts, and will pack in cases with the greatest economy of space, and so simple that any individual with ordinary care may easily put them together, each several part being marked so as to prevent any possible mistake, thus affording merchants the opportunity of shipping the most perfect of perambulators at a minimum cost.

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Illustrated Price List Free on Application.

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HAS NOW ACQUIRED A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.
Read the Reports of the Leading Medical Journals.
The "LANCET" of March 1877 says:—"*Colloid hydrate of iron in aqueous solution.*" "*Neutral and tasteless.*" "*A beautiful and interesting preparation.*"
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INVALUABLE AS A GENERAL RECONSTITUENT IN HOT CLIMATES.
Taken on a piece of sugar or in a glass of wine.
Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c., in bottles conveniently packed in portable card cases, each supplied with an atmospheric drop measure, and full directions for use.
PRICES { SMALL SIZE, 3s. each (sufficient for three weeks' treatment). LARGE SIZE, 4s. 6d. each (sufficient for six weeks' treatment).
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W. G. BAGNALL is the ACTUAL MANUFACTURER of LIGHT RAILWAYS to H.M. GOVERNMENT.

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THE BECK-REECE PATENT
ICE MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES.

For the Manufacture of Transparent Block Ice or for all Refrigerating Purposes on the Anhydrous Ammonia Absorption System.

ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF LIQUID AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT 900 UNITS OF HEAT.
ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF ETHER WILL ABSTRACT ONLY 163 UNITS OF HEAT.
MADE BY THIS SYSTEM, AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT NEARLY SIX TIMES AS MUCH HEAT AS ETHER UNDER SIMILAR CONDITIONS.

NO AIR PUMPS! NO VAPOR PUMPS!! NO BRINE PUMPS!!!

A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine will make	10 lbs.	of Ice with an expenditure of	One Pound of Coal.
A 20 " " " "	15 lbs.	" " "	One Pound of Coal.
A 10 Ton Size ETHER Machine makes	5 lbs.	" " "	One Pound of Coal.
A 20 " " " "	6 lbs.	" " "	One Pound of Coal.

A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine requires a steam engine of 2 horse power.
A 10 " ETHER " " " 30 "

In selecting a Freezing Machine these advantages undeniably point to the great superiority of Anhydrous Ammonia by the BECK-REECE *Patent System over Ether or other Refrigerants.*

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RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

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CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
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Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, December 12, 1885.

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PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 548,900.
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DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
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INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.
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Bombay Branch.

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CONTAINS RECIPES for making favorite INDIAN DISHES, the directions being worded plainly and simply so that the merest novice in the art of Cookery may prepare the Dishes. Amongst many others will be found receipts for making Christmas Sweets, such as Cuticals, Coloured Almond Sweets, Christmas Sweets called Mossapow, delicious Christmas Cake, called Boul de Portugal, Christmas Honey Comb Cake, Christmas Puddings and Plum Cakes, Mango Preserve, Guava Jelly and Cheese, Halwas, Tamarind Fish, Balchow, Mango Chutney, Curries. Price Re. 1.—Apply to
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VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double gears in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every case of shoeing done.

OUR LADIES' POPULAR GOLD WATCH.
A VERY pretty little Watch, well finished, Jewelled movements, accurate and reliable.
GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Gold Crystal-faced Keyless	Rs. 50
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All uniformly priced. May be had in PLAIN, ENGINE-TURNED or ENGRAVED CASE.
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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and sickness, to calm and assuage the weary aching of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
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CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
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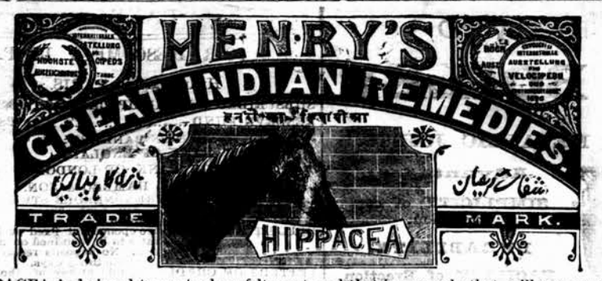

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RHEUMATISM	STIFFNESS	SWELLINGS GENERALLY
WIND-STROKE	CUTS AND WOUNDS	SORE SHOULDERS AND BACKS
STRAINS OF ALL SORTS	BROKEN KNEES	SPAVINS
SPRUNG TENDONS	CRACKED HEELS	HEAT LUMPS
SORE THROAT	OVER REACHES	BITES AND STINGS OF FLIES AND NOXIOUS INSECTS
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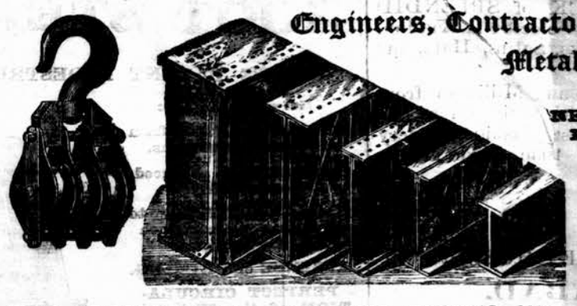

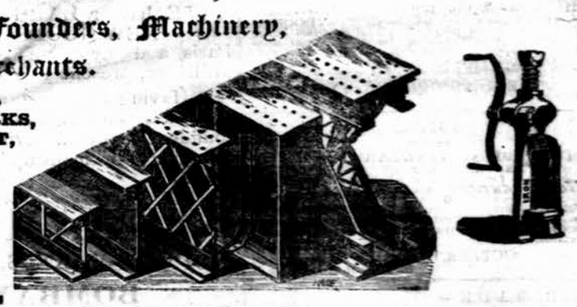

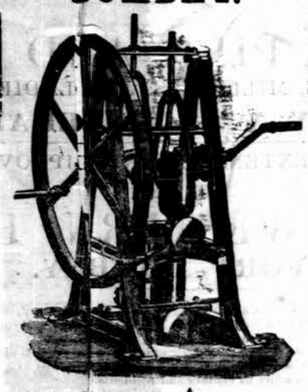

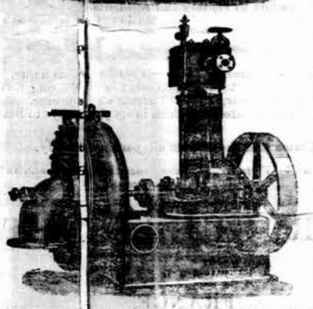

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